

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.4405, 59.5515,  
69.0523)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1D1D1
RGB	177, 209, 209
RGB Percent	69%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.3059, 0.1804, 0.1804
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	180°, 26%, 76%
HSV	180°, 15%, 82%
XYZ	52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523
YIQ	199.4320, -19.0720, -6.7840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

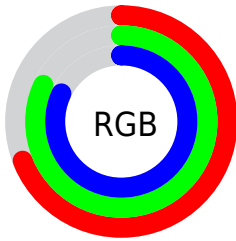
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	177, 193, 209
Decimal	11653585
CIELab	81.59, -10.57, -3.57
CIELCh	82, 11.158, 198.640
Yxy	59.5515, 0.2897, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289843665 (0xFFB1D1D1)
YUV	199.4320, 4.7170, -19.6729
Hunter-Lab	77.1696, -13.7474, 0.9653

# Details

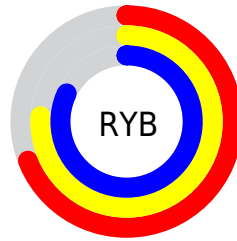
The XYZ color **52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.9545, 48.1754, 48.2633**, and the grayscale version is **54.5324, 57.3723, 62.4785**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.4143, 96.0636, 108.5427**, and **25.9499, 30.0943, 35.4514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.0400, 57.2846, 68.8463**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.5735, 62.1992, 69.2950**.

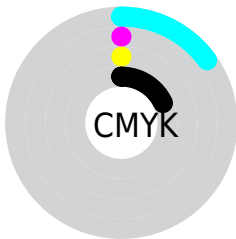
# Distribution



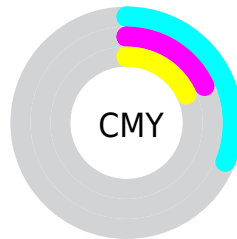
- Red (69%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.4405, 59.5515,  
69.0523

■ 52.4405, 59.5515,  
69.0523

386.4309,  
422.9426, 475.9143

■ 37.5820, 43.0572,  
50.2823

■ 92.9509, 104.1788,  
119.5247

■ 25.8342, 29.9300,  
35.2650

119.3336,  
133.0806, 152.0641

■ 16.8316, 19.7855,  
23.5819

150.2883,  
166.8870, 190.0304

■ 10.2091, 12.2392,  
14.8144

186.1805,  
205.9825, 233.8422

■ 5.6011, 6.9068,  
8.5441

227.3755,  
250.7514, 283.9179

■ 2.6424, 3.4039,  
4.3523

274.2387,

■ 0.9676, 1.3460,

301.5781, 340.6762

1.8205

327.1354,  
358.8471, 404.5355

■ 0.0000, 0.1764,  
0.4414

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.4405, 59.5515,  
69.0523

■ 52.4405, 59.5515,  
69.0523

■ 48.0400, 57.2846,  
68.8463

■ 57.5735, 62.1992,  
69.2950

■ 44.3339, 55.3740,  
68.6716

■ 63.4649, 65.2363,  
69.5720

■ 41.2882, 53.8039,  
68.5278

■ 70.1455, 68.6803,  
69.8859

■ 38.8642, 52.5543,  
68.4131

■ 75.5513, 71.4670,  
70.1402

37.0190, 51.6032,  
68.3255

75.5516, 71.4671,  
70.1415

35.7045, 50.9255,  
68.2627

75.5518, 71.4672,  
70.1428

34.8647, 50.4926,  
68.2221

75.5521, 71.4673,  
70.1440

34.4311, 50.2691,  
68.2006

75.5523, 71.4674,  
70.1453

34.3083, 50.2058,  
68.1942

75.5526, 71.4675,  
70.1466

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.3000, 59.5515, 62.3337



52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523



53.6776, 59.5515, 75.0131

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523



60.0503, 59.5515, 73.7441



57.4937, 59.5515, 52.9993

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523



49.9545, 48.1754, 48.2633

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.6306, 59.5515, 55.6336



52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523



61.1335, 59.5515, 67.4156

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523



58.0537, 59.5515, 77.8481



60.9779, 59.5515, 60.8054



55.1745, 59.5515, 53.3708



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523



54.9772, 59.5515, 77.6118



60.9779, 59.5515, 60.8054



58.2583, 59.5515, 53.5549

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.4422, 59.5540, 69.0536



90.5136, 97.6614, 108.6867



48.9911, 58.1876, 50.2451



19.2424, 20.8359, 23.2573



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.4422, 59.5540, 69.0536



80.1321, 92.3096, 108.1982



48.8298, 52.3285, 67.8513



12.1584, 13.4071, 15.1904



21.1525, 30.9539, 42.0446



1.1827, 1.7308, 2.3510



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.9545, 48.1754, 48.2633



75.5866, 71.5186, 70.2100



53.1847, 54.6362, 49.3386



11.8088, 11.8083, 12.2691



16.2125, 8.3578, 0.7592



0.9065, 0.4673, 0.0425



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

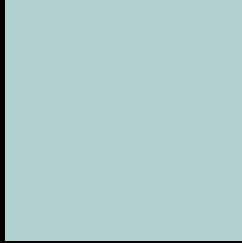
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

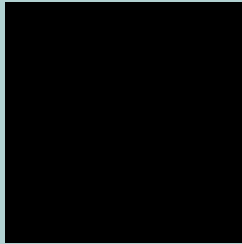
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

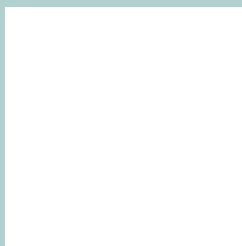
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523.



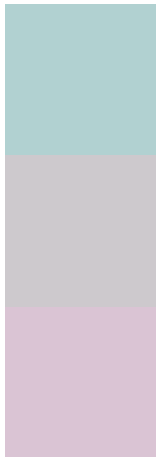
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.4405, 59.5515,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523

### Protanopia

57.0829, 59.1602, 66.1681

### Deuteranopia

60.5370, 59.1387, 70.5116



## Tritanopia

54.4545, 59.6567, 78.4569

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523

## Protanomaly

55.2391, 59.2441, 66.9164

## Deuteranomaly

57.2731, 59.1729, 70.0309

## Tritanomaly

53.8012, 59.7574, 75.0284

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523

## Achromatopsia

54.2854, 57.1125, 62.1955

## Achromatomaly

53.6213, 58.1000, 64.8882

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 209, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 209, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 209, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 209, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 209, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 209, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 209, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 209, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 209, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 209,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.4405, 59.5515, 69.0523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 209, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
209, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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