

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.5028, 48.9885,  
31.4995)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6AE8C
RGB	230, 174, 140
RGB Percent	90%, 68%, 55%
CMY	0.0980, 0.3176, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.39, 0.10
HSL	23°, 64%, 73%
HSV	23°, 39%, 90%
XYZ	52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995
YIQ	186.8680, 44.2900, 1.2980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

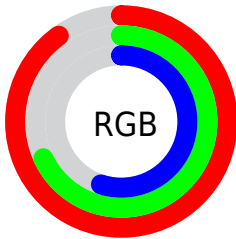
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 195, 140
Decimal	15117964
CIE Lab	75.44, 16.10, 25.39
CIE LCh	75, 30.060, 57.623
Yxy	48.9885, 0.3948, 0.3684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293308044 (0xFFE6AE8C)
YUV	186.8680, -23.1059, 37.8268
Hunter-Lab	69.9918, 11.4122, 22.3110

# Details

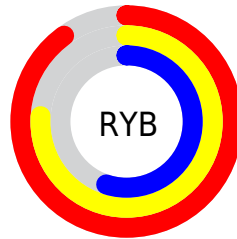
The XYZ color **52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **44.8374, 50.7667, 82.2987**, and the grayscale version is **47.2694, 49.7310, 54.1571**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.2744, 81.7487, 62.6398**, and **25.9164, 23.2972, 12.8037** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.3623, 43.1437, 22.6087**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.2949, 55.5689, 42.3572**.

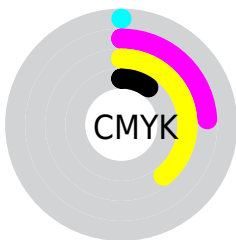
# Distribution



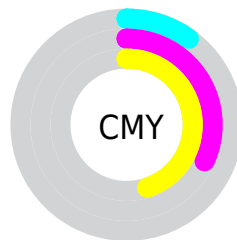
- Red (90%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.5028, 48.9885,  
31.4995

 52.5028, 48.9885,  
31.4995


386.6668,  
382.6970, 323.2551


 37.6319, 34.6104,  
20.7179

 93.0422, 88.6744,  
63.1144

 25.8730, 23.3629,  
12.7287


 119.4414,  
114.7509, 84.7847

 16.8609, 14.8617,  
7.1135


 150.4140,  
145.4957, 110.9217

 10.2300, 8.7224,  
3.4536

186.3255,  
181.2931, 141.9439

 5.6152, 4.5605,  
1.3307

227.5412,  
222.5275, 178.2697

 2.6509, 1.9918,  
0.0867

274.4264,

 0.9720, 0.6027,

269.5834, 220.3179

0.0000

327.3465,  
322.8451, 268.5068

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.5028, 48.9885,  
31.4995

■ 52.5028, 48.9885,  
31.4995

■ 48.3623, 43.1437,  
22.6087

■ 57.2949, 55.5689,  
42.3572

■ 44.8381, 38.0001,  
15.5616

■ 62.7638, 62.9035,  
55.2888

■ 41.8970, 33.5310,  
10.2254

■ 68.9382, 71.0190,  
70.3972

■ 39.5007, 29.7046,  
6.4481

■ 75.8435, 79.9386,  
87.7774

■ 37.6050, 26.4859,  
4.0501

■ 83.5038, 89.6843,  
107.5174

■ 36.1459, 23.8309,  
2.7522

■ 86.4431, 95.5630,  
108.4972

■ 36.0333, 23.6234,  
2.6606

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.6531, 48.9885, 40.4077



52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995



47.0052, 48.9885, 28.2948

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995



36.7086, 48.9885, 52.0850



51.6783, 48.9885, 85.1960

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



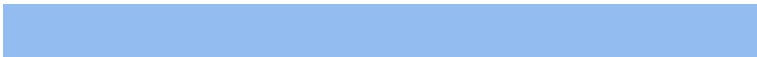
52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995



44.8374, 50.7667, 82.2987

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.1218, 48.9885, 89.9996



52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995



37.7467, 48.9885, 68.7738

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995



38.1320, 48.9885, 38.6139



41.0873, 48.9885, 83.4790



56.1511, 48.9885, 71.4023



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995



43.4106, 48.9885, 29.2260



41.0873, 48.9885, 83.4790



49.8625, 48.9885, 88.0220

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.5040, 48.9908, 31.5005



84.7333, 86.6324, 83.0616



52.0896, 39.6109, 57.7239



17.9134, 18.2506, 17.2307



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.5040, 48.9908, 31.5005



62.0326, 55.8311, 30.4841



62.4383, 68.8594, 34.8119



14.8210, 15.2559, 15.0680



20.5086, 13.5914, 1.5425



1.6027, 1.1787, 0.1430

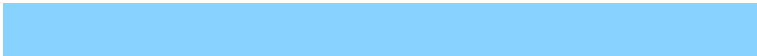


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.8374, 50.7667, 82.2987



51.0426, 58.3369, 103.1777



36.3269, 33.7457, 79.4619



14.3260, 15.3734, 18.3566



13.7769, 14.6158, 44.4782



1.1068, 1.2576, 3.3164



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

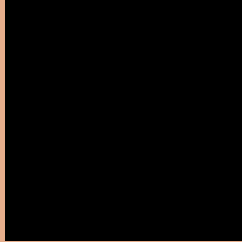
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.5028, 48.9885,

31.4995.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995

### Protanopia

45.9584, 49.1679, 33.8561

### Deuteranopia

50.0958, 48.9205, 31.2284



## Tritanopia

56.2748, 48.8339, 50.1759

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995

## Protanomaly

48.2642, 49.1407, 32.9279

## Deuteranomaly

51.1228, 49.1557, 31.2196

## Tritanomaly

54.8619, 48.8263, 42.6093

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995

## Achromatopsia

47.2335, 49.6933, 54.1160

## Achromatomaly

48.6122, 49.0547, 44.9366

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 174, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 174, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 174, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 174, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 174, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 174, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 174, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 174, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 174, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 174,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.5028, 48.9885, 31.4995 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 174, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
174, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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