

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.6152, 25.8101, 61.8311)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.6152, 25.8101, 61.8311)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.6252, 25.8141,  
61.8835)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF00D0
RGB	255, 0, 208
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	311°, 100%, 50%
HSV	311°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835
YIQ	99.9570, 85.2120, 118.7480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

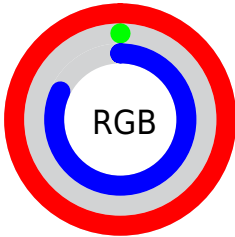
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 0, 208
Decimal	16711888
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.86, 92.21, -38.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 99.854, 337.432
Yxy	25.8141, 0.3750, 0.1840
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901968 (0xFFFF00D0)
YUV	99.9570, 53.2652, 135.9727
Hunter-Lab	50.8076, 95.9725, -36.6498

# Details

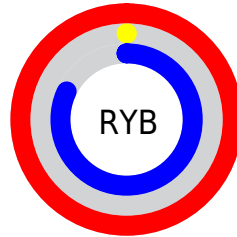
The XYZ color **52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00CC**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **36.2749, 71.7260, 14.6278**, and the grayscale version is **11.9638, 12.5869, 13.7071**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.1402, 38.1805, 98.5967**, and **27.7421, 13.6374, 31.3071** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6240, 25.8136, 61.8771**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.5720, 26.7682, 65.0955**.

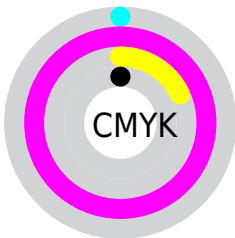
# Distribution



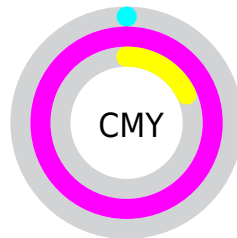
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.6252, 25.8141,  
61.8835


 52.6252, 25.8141,  
61.8835


387.1299,  
281.8683, 449.5019


 37.7299, 16.6846,  
44.5034


 93.2214, 52.9749,  
109.1271


 25.9494, 10.0099,  
30.7264


 119.6531, 71.7750,  
139.8277

 16.9183, 5.4055,  
20.1338


 150.6609, 94.5674,  
175.8055

 10.2712, 2.4871,  
12.3073

 186.6102,  
121.7366, 217.4791

 5.6428, 0.8702,  
6.8283

 227.8664,  
153.6668, 265.2670

 2.6677, 0.0000,  
3.2781

274.7949,

 0.9806, 0.0000,

190.7426, 319.5877

1.2383

327.7609,  
233.3483, 380.8598

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0104

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.6252, 25.8141,  
61.8835

■ 52.6252, 25.8141,  
61.8835

■ 52.6240, 25.8136,  
61.8771

■ 53.5720, 26.7682,  
65.0955

■ 55.0031, 28.6633,  
68.5540

■ 57.0616, 31.7853,  
72.3076

■ 59.8350, 36.3090,  
76.3863

■ 63.3967, 42.3809,  
80.8150

■ 67.8107, 50.1289,  
85.6160

■ 73.1346, 59.6678,  
90.8090

■ 79.4206, 71.1021,  
96.4121

■ 86.7173, 84.5283,  
102.4421

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.4135, 25.8141, 120.0860



52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835



55.2864, 25.8141, 20.3925

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835



21.6686, 25.8141, 0.0520



10.3899, 25.8141, 90.4930

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835



36.2749, 71.7260, 14.6278

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.0246, 25.8141, 37.5569



52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835



13.0081, 25.8141, 1.5102

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835



34.5049, 25.8141, 0.5279



8.7952, 25.8141, 9.6025



16.6992, 25.8141, 144.0426



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835



51.2598, 25.8141, 7.3251



8.7952, 25.8141, 9.6025



9.2197, 25.8141, 70.8971

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.6258, 25.8153, 61.8839



73.1219, 59.6449, 90.7971



19.2135, 7.8207, 95.1046



15.1463, 11.8578, 18.9553



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.6258, 25.8153, 61.8839



52.6240, 25.8136, 61.8771



42.7179, 21.8521, 9.7094



18.6406, 18.2395, 21.9903



27.5489, 13.5089, 32.6047



2.7179, 1.3295, 3.3619



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.6258, 25.8153, 61.8839



52.6240, 25.8136, 61.8771



43.4268, 74.5868, 52.2892



18.6406, 18.2395, 21.9903



27.5489, 13.5089, 32.6047



2.7179, 1.3295, 3.3619



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

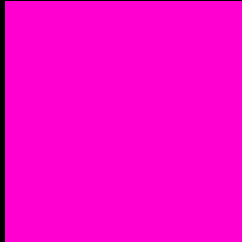
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6252, 25.8141,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835

### Protanopia

30.3039, 26.8168, 98.1867

### Deuteranopia

26.9648, 26.2547, 55.2762



## Tritanopia

42.3532, 26.1189, 11.6133

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835



## Protanomaly

30.3424, 18.9187, 82.9414



## Deuteranomaly

30.4926, 19.6956, 56.8381



## Tritanomaly

44.3242, 24.2074, 23.4554

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835



## Achromatopsia

12.1130, 12.7438, 13.8780



## Achromatomaly

20.2039, 12.5988, 25.7930

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 0, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.6252, 25.8141, 61.8835 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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