

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.6306, 45.6145, 39.6290)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.6306, 45.6145, 39.6290)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(52.6321, 45.5697,  
39.7400)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8A2A1
RGB	232, 162, 161
RGB Percent	91%, 64%, 63%
CMY	0.0902, 0.3647, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.31, 0.09
HSL	1°, 61%, 77%
HSV	1°, 31%, 91%
XYZ	52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400
YIQ	182.8160, 42.0410, 14.5290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

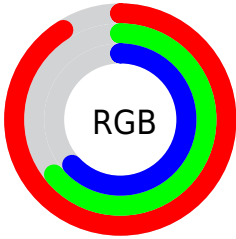
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 162, 161
Decimal	15245985
CIE Lab	73.27, 25.82, 10.98
CIE LCh	73, 28.061, 23.029
Yxy	45.5697, 0.3816, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293436065 (0xFFE8A2A1)
YUV	182.8160, -10.7553, 43.1344
Hunter-Lab	67.5053, 21.0373, 12.3501

# Details

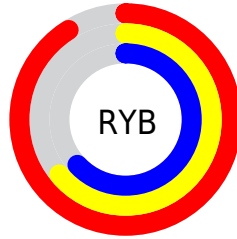
The XYZ color **52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **57.8384, 70.5527, 86.9138**, and the grayscale version is **44.9509, 47.2919, 51.5009**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.4475, 75.8436, 75.4704**, and **26.0696, 21.3916, 17.5068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.1039, 37.4892, 28.7228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.2750, 55.2717, 53.0024**.

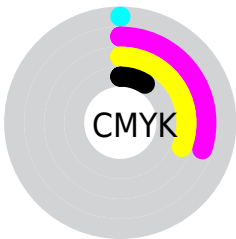
# Distribution



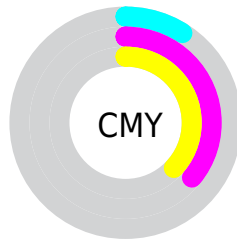
- Red (91%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.6321, 45.5697,  
39.7400


 52.6321, 45.5697,  
39.7400


387.1560,  
369.0760, 360.5459

 37.7355, 31.9064,  
27.0236

 93.2315, 83.5746,  
76.0002

 25.9537, 21.2900,  
17.3584


 119.6650,  
108.6851, 100.3811

 16.9215, 13.3362,  
10.3257

150.6748,  
138.3800, 129.4873

 10.2735, 7.6604,  
5.5070

186.6263,  
173.0438, 163.7372

 5.6443, 3.8784,  
2.4838

227.8848,  
213.0610, 203.5495

 2.6686, 1.6058,  
0.8316

274.8157,

 0.9811, 0.3615,

258.8158, 249.3427

0.0000

327.7843,  
310.6926, 301.5354

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.6321, 45.5697,  
39.7400

■ 52.6321, 45.5697,  
39.7400

■ 47.1039, 37.4892,  
28.7228

■ 59.2750, 55.2717,  
53.0024

■ 42.6261, 30.9359,  
19.8241

■ 67.0852, 66.6701,  
68.6218

■ 39.1332, 25.8156,  
12.9088

■ 76.1163, 79.8428,  
86.7058

■ 36.5511, 22.0212,  
7.8251

■ 86.4174, 94.8610,  
107.3545

■ 34.7951, 19.4305,  
4.3993

■ 87.0888, 95.8959,  
108.5274

■ 33.7646, 17.8987,  
2.4242

■ 33.3145, 17.2271,  
1.5693

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.4162, 45.5697, 52.9848



52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400



49.2653, 45.5697, 30.9400

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400



36.1742, 45.5697, 35.0202



42.1727, 45.5697, 81.7256

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400



57.8384, 70.5527, 86.9138

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.8599, 45.5697, 74.6121



52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400



34.5709, 45.5697, 46.3963

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400



39.7103, 45.5697, 28.5977



35.1638, 45.5697, 61.0098



47.1265, 45.5697, 79.0193



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400



46.1379, 45.5697, 27.9236



35.1638, 45.5697, 61.0098



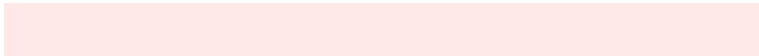
40.6051, 45.5697, 80.3648

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.6333, 45.5719, 39.7409



84.7748, 85.0135, 88.3223



60.5894, 48.4722, 82.5068



17.8151, 17.7146, 18.2437



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.6333, 45.5719, 39.7409



60.5599, 49.6564, 39.9494



59.5650, 59.4352, 42.0515



14.3933, 14.4005, 14.9254



18.5025, 9.5791, 0.8738



1.3731, 0.7195, 0.0665



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.8384, 70.5527, 86.9138



68.0130, 85.4317, 107.5131



49.1168, 53.1095, 84.0066



14.7891, 16.2995, 18.5110



23.6064, 34.2749, 47.7547

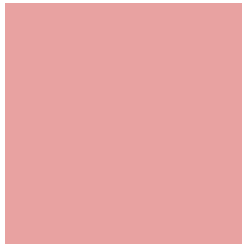


1.7501, 2.5441, 3.5308



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6321, 45.5697,

39.7400.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400

### Protanopia

43.8267, 45.9839, 44.5961

### Deuteranopia

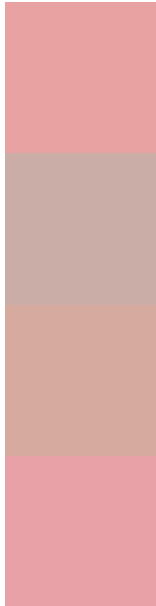
46.5709, 45.7544, 39.1778



## Tritanopia

53.6215, 45.4438, 44.9751

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400

## Protanomaly

46.5472, 45.3737, 42.8639

## Deuteranomaly

48.7442, 45.7346, 39.5163

## Tritanomaly

53.4170, 45.6405, 43.0399

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

47.1552, 46.1726, 46.9843

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 162, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 162, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 162, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 162, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 162, 161) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 162, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 162, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 162, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 162, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 162,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.6321, 45.5697, 39.7400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 162, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
162, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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