

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.6371, 68.1817, 92.5907)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.6371, 68.1817, 92.5907)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.6108, 68.1421,  
92.8179)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AE8F0
RGB	122, 232, 240
RGB Percent	48%, 91%, 94%
CMY	0.5215, 0.0902, 0.0588
CMYK	0.49, 0.03, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	184°, 80%, 71%
HSV	184°, 49%, 94%
XYZ	52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179
YIQ	200.0220, -68.1280, -20.8320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

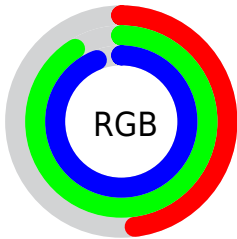
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	122, 179, 240
Decimal	8055024
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.08, -29.46, -13.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	86, 32.460, 204.848
Yxy	68.1421, 0.2463, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286245104 (0xFF7AE8F0)
YUV	200.0220, 19.7092, -68.4253
Hunter-Lab	82.5482, -30.6953, -8.8824

# Details

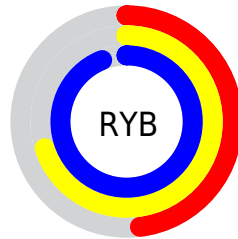
The XYZ color **52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **47.4318, 35.8968, 22.8428**, and the grayscale version is **54.8276, 57.6829, 62.8167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.8661, 88.5638, 107.8618**, and **25.9220, 35.4109, 50.8162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.1678, 65.6921, 92.5277**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.9011, 71.0383, 93.1520**.

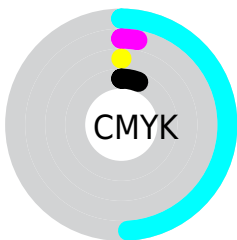
# Distribution



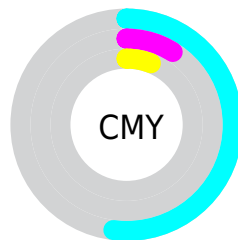
- Red (48%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



52.6108, 68.1421,  
92.8179

52.6108, 68.1421,  
92.8179

387.0755,  
453.9993, 557.9603

37.7184, 50.0133,  
69.7333

93.2003, 116.5554,  
153.2160

25.9404, 35.4240,  
50.8337

119.6282,  
147.6087, 191.3666

16.9115, 23.9897,  
35.7005

150.6318,  
183.7391, 235.3763

10.2663, 15.3260,  
23.9151

186.5767,  
225.3308, 285.6637

5.6395, 9.0485,  
15.0590

227.8282,  
272.7683, 342.6472

2.6657, 4.7728,  
8.7137

274.7515,

0.9796, 2.1146,

326.4359, 406.7454

4.4607

327.7122,  
386.7181, 478.3770

■ 0.0000, 0.6728,  
1.8813

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4808

■ 52.6108, 68.1421,  
92.8179

■ 52.6108, 68.1421,  
92.8179

■ 49.1678, 65.6921,  
92.5277

■ 56.9011, 71.0383,  
93.1520

■ 46.5031, 63.6480,  
92.2736


■ 62.0892, 74.4021,  
93.5278


■ 44.5470, 61.9755,  
92.0538


■ 68.2285, 78.2626,  
93.9494


■ 43.2143, 60.6306,  
91.8645


■ 75.3670, 82.6445,  
94.4190


 42.3743, 59.5460,  
91.6994


 83.5489, 87.5707,  
94.9386

 42.3128, 59.4601,  
91.6861

 88.6503, 90.9153,  
95.3153

 89.1361, 91.8867,  
95.4772

 89.6261, 92.8667,  
95.6405

 90.1204, 93.8554,  
95.8053

# Harmonies

## Analogous

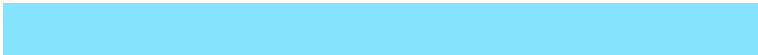
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.5136, 68.1421, 70.5694



52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179



56.8595, 68.1421, 113.0778

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179



77.2086, 68.1421, 100.4302



66.0628, 68.1421, 40.3586

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179



47.4318, 35.8968, 22.8428

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.3756, 68.1421, 45.4363



52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179



80.1184, 68.1421, 77.9430

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179



70.9793, 68.1421, 118.0305



78.6648, 68.1421, 58.2465



58.9282, 68.1421, 42.8293

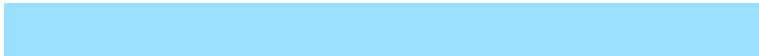


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179



61.0920, 68.1421, 121.2944



78.6648, 68.1421, 58.2465



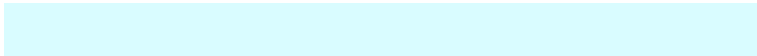
68.5865, 68.1421, 41.2049

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.6129, 68.1447, 92.8195



81.5295, 91.8104, 108.0319



43.2079, 68.0673, 31.9349



17.0902, 19.4290, 23.0994



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.6129, 68.1447, 92.8195



56.4157, 75.3816, 106.1844



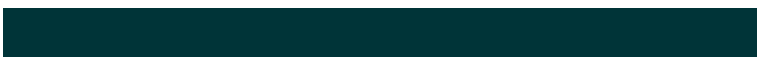
38.7250, 40.3690, 88.1902



16.1503, 17.7347, 20.2935



23.2022, 32.6287, 50.2030



1.9576, 2.7691, 4.1855



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4619, 38.2723, 80.7055



62.6972, 37.8522, 90.2301



57.6184, 56.2700, 26.2384



16.4053, 16.0118, 19.6906



27.0370, 13.0872, 39.7071

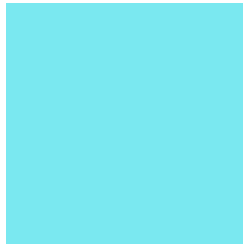


2.2630, 1.0943, 3.3760



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

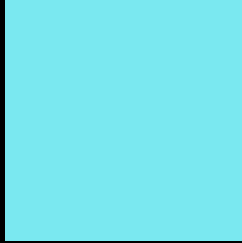
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

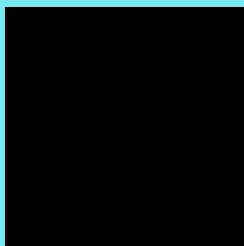
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

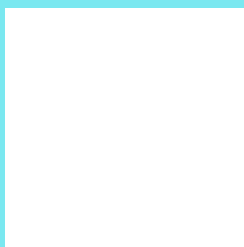
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179.



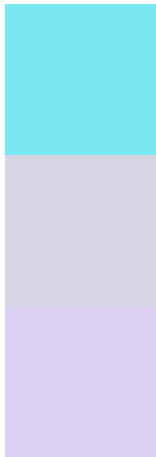
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6108, 68.1421,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179

### Protanopia

65.5294, 67.4861, 82.9711

### Deuteranopia

68.7971, 67.4091, 95.7715



## **Tritanopia**

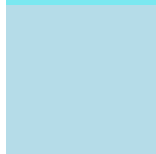
54.1322, 68.3514, 99.9626

# Trichromacy



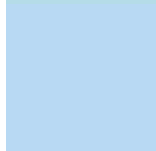
## Original Color

52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179



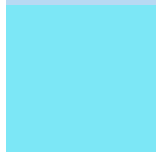
## Protanomaly

59.2147, 66.8364, 86.1237



## Deuteranomaly

60.7577, 66.2871, 94.3864



## Tritanomaly

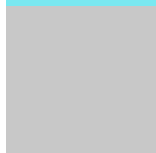
53.5226, 68.0907, 97.5107

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179



## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985



## Achromatomaly

52.8225, 60.7639, 73.2345

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 232, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 232, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 232, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 232, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 232, 240) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 232, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 232, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 232, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 232, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 232,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.6108, 68.1421, 92.8179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 232, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
232, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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