

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>XYZ(52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217)</b> .....    | 3  |
| <i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....                | 4  |
| <i><b>Details</b></i> .....                    | 6  |
| <i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....                  | 12 |
| <i><b>Previews</b></i> .....                   | 24 |
| <i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> ..... | 28 |
| <i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....               | 31 |

# Color

**XYZ(52.6612, 78.5173,  
90.2217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                         |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Hex         | 3FFFEA                        |
| RGB         | 63, 255, 234                  |
| RGB Percent | 25%, 100%, 92%                |
| CMY         | 0.7529, 0.0000, 0.0823        |
| CMYK        | 0.75, 0.00, 0.08, 0.00        |
| HSL         | 173°, 100%, 62%               |
| HSV         | 173°, 75%, 100%               |
| XYZ         | 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217     |
| YIQ         | 195.1980, -107.6910, -47.2350 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

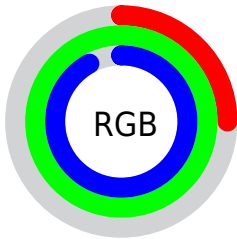
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                                 |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">63, 165, 255</a>                 |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">4194282</a>                      |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">91.02, -50.61, -3.34</a>         |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">91, 50.719, 183.778</a>          |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">78.5173, 0.2379, 0.3546</a>      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4282384362<br/>(0xFF3FFFEA)</a>  |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">195.1980, 19.1294, -115.9376</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">88.6100, -48.9844, 1.6586</a>    |

# Details

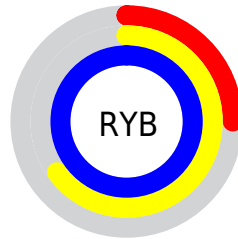
The XYZ color **52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **44.6188, 25.4566, 10.9516**, and the grayscale version is **51.9270, 54.6313, 59.4935**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.4575, 84.2290, 107.4683**, and **28.0021, 43.1469, 48.9718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.9954, 77.7044, 88.0697**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.0887, 79.7220, 92.4450**.

# Distribution



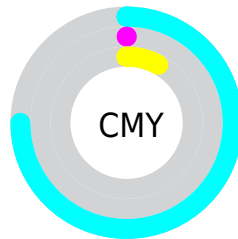
- Red (25%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.6612, 78.5173,  
90.2217


 52.6612, 78.5173,  
90.2217


387.2661,  
489.9219, 549.3405


 37.7588, 58.4990,  
67.5898


 93.2741, 131.2791,  
149.5845


 25.9719, 42.2100,  
49.0995


 119.7153,  
164.7914, 187.1525

 16.9352, 29.2657,  
34.3322


 150.7334,  
203.5705, 230.5363

 10.2833, 19.2819,  
22.8695

 186.6939,  
248.0008, 280.1543

 5.6509, 11.8742,  
14.2928

227.9621,  
298.4667, 336.4252

 2.6726, 6.6581,  
8.1835

274.9032,

 0.9831, 3.2492,

355.3526, 399.7675

4.1232

327.8828,  
419.0428, 470.5998

■ 0.0000, 1.2632,  
1.6931

■ 0.0000, 0.1124,  
0.3560

■ 52.6612, 78.5173,  
90.2217

■ 52.6612, 78.5173,  
90.2217

■ 50.9954, 77.7044,  
88.0697

■ 55.0887, 79.7220,  
92.4450

■ 49.9743, 77.2233,  
85.9793

■ 58.3668, 81.3646,  
94.7399

■ 49.6403, 77.0721,  
85.0128

■ 62.5757, 83.4862,  
97.1115

■ 67.7851, 86.1229,  
99.5633

■ 74.0584, 89.3072,  
102.0984

■ 81.4535, 93.0692,  
104.7197

■ 90.0241, 97.4364,  
107.4298

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.6514, 78.5173, 57.9711



52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



55.9797, 78.5173, 130.9844

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



89.1685, 78.5173, 158.5020



86.0425, 78.5173, 36.5603

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



44.6188, 25.4566, 10.9516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.0171, 78.5173, 51.9804



52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



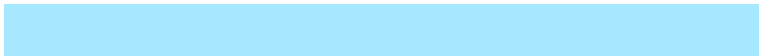
98.9619, 78.5173, 120.5802

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



76.2620, 78.5173, 176.9001



101.9855, 78.5173, 80.9305



73.0181, 78.5173, 32.6752



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



61.0063, 78.5173, 155.9126



101.9855, 78.5173, 80.9305



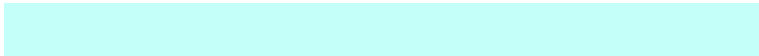
90.1407, 78.5173, 40.2967

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.6622, 78.5178, 90.2231



75.6504, 90.1165, 102.6908



40.4413, 73.8296, 16.8235



15.6603, 19.0183, 21.7804



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.6622, 78.5178, 90.2231



50.4421, 77.4406, 87.0775



36.7070, 41.4897, 100.6814



18.4642, 20.4452, 22.7475



25.9726, 40.2856, 44.6024



2.5523, 3.9318, 4.4663



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6188, 25.4566, 10.9516



42.1872, 22.2123, 5.1499



51.0275, 39.3990, 9.6197



18.0901, 18.0194, 19.0917



21.6834, 11.1626, 1.7172

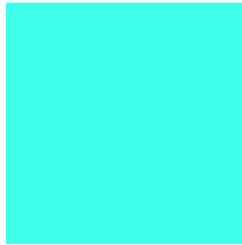


2.1363, 1.0969, 0.2993



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

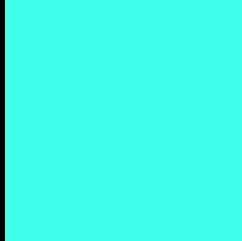
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

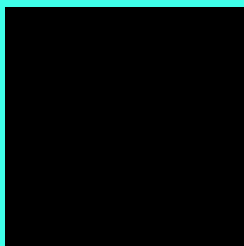
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

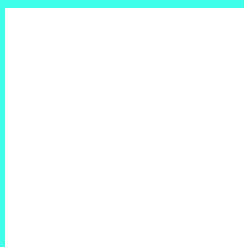
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217.



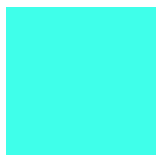
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6612, 78.5173,



# Color Blindness Simulation

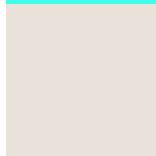
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



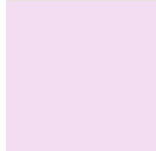
### Original Color

52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



### Protanopia

73.4555, 76.7783, 77.2778



### Deuteranopia

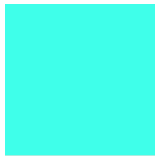
78.8456, 77.1784, 94.7457



## Tritanopia

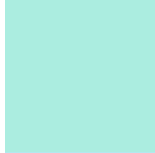
63.9027, 77.9934, 106.2939

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



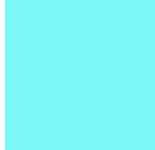
## Protanomaly

60.5333, 74.6081, 81.7314



## Deuteranomaly

63.0790, 73.9748, 92.6153



## Tritanomaly

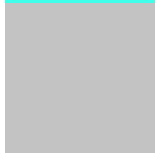
58.2176, 77.4479, 99.8762

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217



## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



## Achromatomaly

48.3541, 60.4322, 69.4377

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 255, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 255, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 255, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 255, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 255, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 255, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 255, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 255, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 255, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 255,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.6612, 78.5173, 90.2217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 255, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 255,  
234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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