

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.7949, 59.0706, 38.2070)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.7949, 59.0706, 38.2070)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.6757, 58.9088,  
38.3000)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDCD98
RGB	205, 205, 152
RGB Percent	80%, 80%, 60%
CMY	0.1961, 0.1961, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.26, 0.20
HSL	60°, 35%, 70%
HSV	60°, 26%, 80%
XYZ	52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000
YIQ	198.9580, 17.0130, -16.4830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

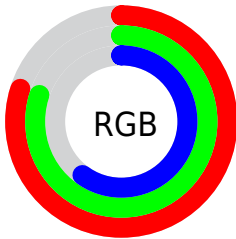
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	152, 205, 152
Decimal	13487512
CIELab	81.24, -8.44, 26.48
CIELCh	81, 27.790, 107.684
Yxy	58.9088, 0.3514, 0.3930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291677592 (0xFFCDCD98)
YUV	198.9580, -23.1503, 5.2988
Hunter-Lab	76.7521, -11.8098, 24.1402

# Details

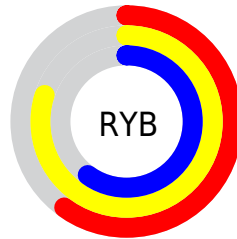
The XYZ color **52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **35.1988, 33.5412, 62.3799**, and the grayscale version is **54.3916, 57.2242, 62.3171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.2625, 97.2850, 73.1574**, and **25.9932, 29.5568, 16.6470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.1399, 58.2964, 30.2083**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.5048, 59.6425, 47.9227**.

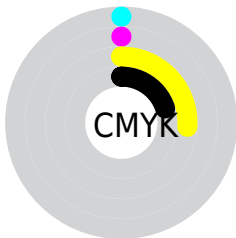
# Distribution



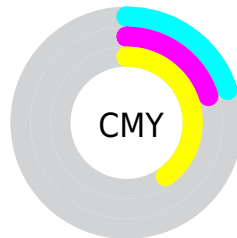
- Red (80%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.6757, 58.9088,  
38.3000


 52.6757, 58.9088,  
38.3000


387.3209,  
420.5639, 354.2418

 37.7704, 42.5397,  
25.9120


 93.2953, 103.2451,  
73.7762

 25.9809, 29.5241,  
16.5326


 119.7404,  
131.9811, 97.7015

 16.9420, 19.4777,  
9.7434


150.7627,  
165.6082, 126.3097

 10.2882, 12.0159,  
5.1258

186.7276,  
204.5108, 160.0192

 5.6542, 6.7545,  
2.2612

228.0006,  
249.0732, 199.2486

 2.6746, 3.3091,  
0.7094

274.9469,

 0.9841, 1.2951,

299.6800, 244.4165

0.0000

327.9319,  
356.7154, 295.9414

■ 0.0000, 0.1374,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.6757, 58.9088,  
38.3000

■ 52.6757, 58.9088,  
38.3000

■ 51.1399, 58.2964,  
30.2083

■ 54.5048, 59.6425,  
47.9227

■ 49.8778, 57.7916,  
23.5652

■ 56.6366, 60.4953,  
59.1455

■ 48.8749, 57.3903,  
18.2864

■ 59.0854, 61.4749,  
72.0381

■ 48.1130, 57.0855,  
14.2771

■ 61.8635, 62.5862,  
86.6647

■ 47.5720, 56.8690,  
11.4308

■ 64.9824, 63.8338,  
103.0863

■ 47.2282, 56.7315,  
9.6234

■ 65.0626, 63.8660,  
103.5059

■ 47.0525, 56.6612,  
8.7008

■ 65.0631, 63.8662,  
103.5060

■ 47.0058, 56.6424,  
8.4556

■ 65.0636, 63.8665,  
103.5060

■ 65.0642, 63.8667,  
103.5060

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.4003, 58.9088, 37.7544



52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000



48.1531, 58.9088, 44.9762

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000



48.8232, 58.9088, 90.7351



67.5916, 58.9088, 71.1883

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000



35.1988, 33.5412, 62.3799

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.6365, 58.9088, 88.0992



52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000



53.6490, 58.9088, 100.6214

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000



46.0366, 58.9088, 74.3264



59.4427, 58.9088, 99.5811



67.2860, 58.9088, 54.9326



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000



46.3073, 58.9088, 52.7769



59.4427, 58.9088, 99.5811



66.9386, 58.9088, 77.0309

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.6772, 58.9114, 38.3012



91.9370, 98.7547, 92.5106



42.0745, 37.7040, 34.7666



19.5611, 21.0907, 19.1843



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.6772, 58.9114, 38.3012



84.8289, 95.9113, 55.0901



45.9761, 55.4569, 37.9876



12.1538, 13.0967, 11.9668



29.2612, 35.2600, 5.2636



1.5096, 1.8190, 0.2715



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.1988, 33.5412, 62.3799



51.4603, 47.4762, 101.0593



40.7245, 36.3898, 62.6385



10.6019, 10.8441, 14.1047



6.8602, 2.7441, 36.1244



0.3539, 0.1416, 1.8636



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

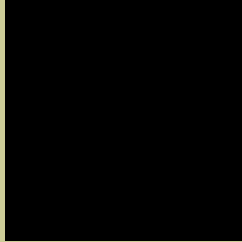
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

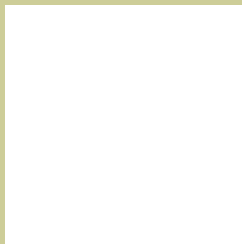
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.6757, 58.9088,

38.3000.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000

### Protanopia

54.7106, 58.5742, 37.2766

### Deuteranopia

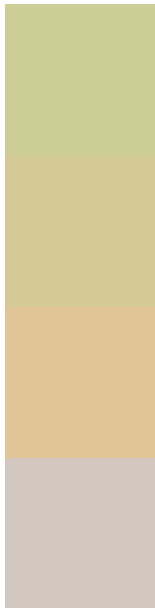
59.8278, 58.4775, 38.7059



## Tritanopia

59.4171, 58.8827, 71.1847

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000

## Protanomaly

53.8578, 58.4725, 37.7259

## Deuteranomaly

56.7674, 58.2400, 38.3865

## Tritanomaly

56.6366, 58.7718, 57.6492

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000

## Achromatopsia

54.2854, 57.1125, 62.1955

## Achromatomaly

53.4175, 57.5682, 52.5523

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 205, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 205, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 205, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 205, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 205, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 205, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 205, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 205, 152); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 205, 152); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 205, 152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.6757, 58.9088, 38.3000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 205, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
205, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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