

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.8550, 53.3607, 29.7646)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.8550, 53.3607, 29.7646)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.9573, 53.5072,  
29.7271)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0BC85
RGB	224, 188, 133
RGB Percent	88%, 74%, 52%
CMY	0.1216, 0.2627, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.41, 0.12
HSL	36°, 59%, 70%
HSV	36°, 41%, 88%
XYZ	52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271
YIQ	192.4940, 39.1110, -9.4730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

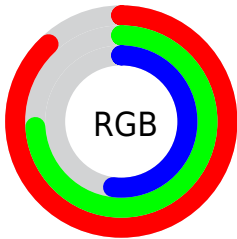
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	193, 224, 133
Decimal	14728325
CIE Lab	78.17, 5.51, 32.62
CIE LCh	78, 33.085, 80.408
Yxy	53.5072, 0.3888, 0.3929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292918405 (0xFFE0BC85)
YUV	192.4940, -29.3305, 27.6308
Hunter-Lab	73.1486, 1.2183, 27.1090

# Details

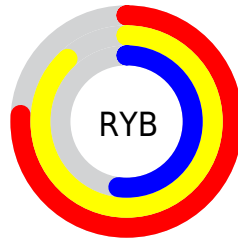
The XYZ color **52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **37.3149, 38.7429, 76.0322**, and the grayscale version is **50.5433, 53.1754, 57.9081**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.5603, 89.5492, 59.9470**, and **26.1617, 26.1680, 11.8557** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.7371, 49.2848, 21.8158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.6265, 58.0991, 39.4173**.

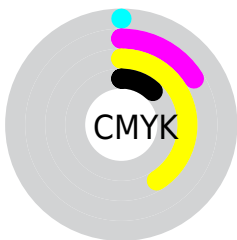
# Distribution



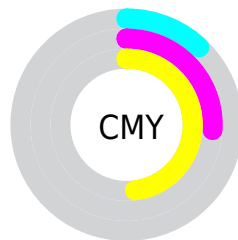
- Red (88%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (48%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.9573, 53.5072,  
29.7271

 52.9573, 53.5072,  
29.7271


388.3848,  
400.2280, 314.7979


 37.9960, 38.2078,  
19.3812


 93.7074, 95.3503,  
60.2862

 26.1568, 26.1440,  
11.7665


 120.2270,  
122.6628, 81.3366

 17.0743, 16.9314,  
6.4643


 151.3300,  
154.7485, 106.7922

 10.3831, 10.1856,  
3.0561

187.3819,  
191.9917, 137.0716

 5.7179, 5.5222,  
1.1233

228.7480,  
234.7768, 172.5933

 2.7133, 2.5568,  
0.0000

275.7936,

 1.0040, 0.9050,

283.4884, 213.7759

0.0000

328.8841,  
338.5106, 261.0380

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.9573, 53.5072,  
29.7271

■ 52.9573, 53.5072,  
29.7271

■ 49.7371, 49.2848,  
21.8158

■ 56.6265, 58.0991,  
39.4173

■ 46.9385, 45.4118,  
15.5679

■ 60.7619, 63.0646,  
50.9855

■ 44.5372, 41.8769,  
10.8594

■ 65.3846, 68.4174,  
64.5271

■ 42.5040, 38.6649,  
7.5472

■ 70.5133, 74.1679,  
80.1303

■ 40.8044, 35.7586,  
5.4610

■ 76.1652, 80.3262,  
97.8778

■ 39.4599, 33.2863,  
4.3451

■ 80.2952, 86.0769,  
106.9902

■ 82.9845, 91.4556,  
107.8867

■ 84.5504, 94.5873,  
108.4086

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.2010, 53.5072, 34.8998



52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271



46.6428, 53.5072, 30.8505

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271



40.0699, 53.5072, 71.5824



61.0542, 53.5072, 84.0324

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271



37.3149, 38.7429, 76.0322

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.3177, 53.5072, 98.4188



52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271



43.3364, 53.5072, 90.2393

# Square

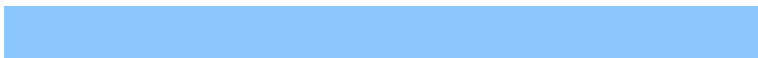
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271



39.5545, 53.5072, 52.5253



48.8130, 53.5072, 100.9040



64.1303, 53.5072, 64.3982



# Rectangle

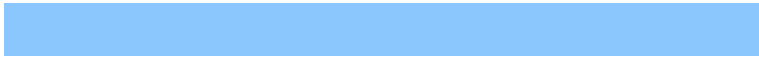
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271



43.2144, 53.5072, 35.1322



48.8130, 53.5072, 100.9040



59.3513, 53.5072, 89.8032

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.9586, 53.5097, 29.7282



86.7684, 90.7027, 83.7399



46.3273, 35.5025, 42.1448



18.3920, 19.2076, 17.3902



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.9586, 53.5097, 29.7282



67.2421, 66.8120, 30.4887



58.8843, 69.4366, 32.4901



14.3930, 15.0721, 14.4574



23.0837, 19.6054, 2.5676



1.6867, 1.5322, 0.2068



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3149, 38.7429, 76.0322



43.4788, 44.4001, 100.8862



33.0151, 27.9172, 74.1693



13.3946, 14.1284, 17.4088



9.9965, 7.4626, 41.9619



0.7785, 0.6885, 2.9371



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

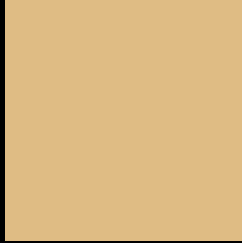
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.9573, 53.5072,

29.7271.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271

### Protanopia

49.7376, 53.4445, 30.6160

### Deuteranopia

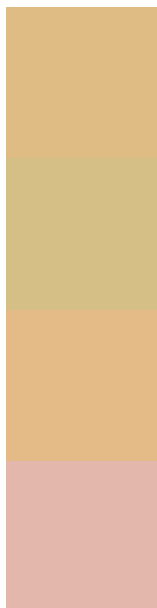
54.6070, 53.4081, 29.9849



## Tritanopia

58.6920, 53.3606, 58.2451

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271

## Protanomaly

50.6654, 53.2790, 30.1678

## Deuteranomaly

53.8569, 53.3330, 30.0100

## Tritanomaly

56.3748, 53.3395, 46.3540

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

50.8833, 53.0392, 46.0838

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 188, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 188, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 188, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 188, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 188, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 188, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 188, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 188, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 188, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 188,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.9573, 53.5072, 29.7271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 188, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
188, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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