

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.9618, 79.9067, 34.4648)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.9618, 79.9067, 34.4648)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.8738, 79.8613,  
34.4578)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	98FF84
RGB	152, 255, 132
RGB Percent	60%, 100%, 52%
CMY	0.4039, 0.0000, 0.4823
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.48, 0.00
HSL	110°, 100%, 76%
HSV	110°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578
YIQ	210.1810, -21.9050, -60.0890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

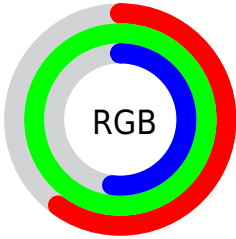
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">132, 255, 235</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10026884</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.62, -52.67, 49.26</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 72.121, 136.916</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">79.8613, 0.3162, 0.4777</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288216964 (0xFF98FF84)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">210.1810, -38.5432, -51.0247</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.3651, -50.7777, 39.6943</a>

# Details

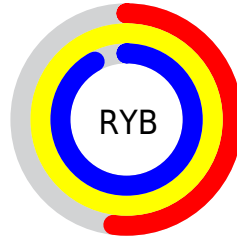
The XYZ color **52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **60.5634, 41.3860, 99.4040**, and the grayscale version is **61.6330, 64.8427, 70.6137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.3080, 88.8095, 60.3973**, and **25.9936, 42.8767, 14.3032** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.6933, 77.3683, 26.1932**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.2011, 82.8963, 45.0044**.

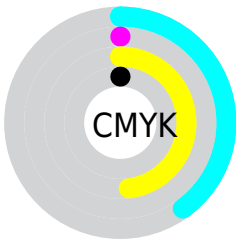
# Distribution



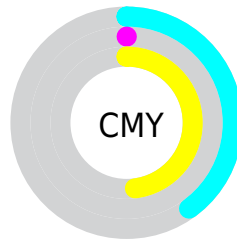
- Red (60%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.8738, 79.8613,  
34.4578

■ 52.8738, 79.8613,  
34.4578

388.0695,  
494.4653, 336.9998

■ 37.9291, 59.6042,  
22.9653

■ 93.5853, 133.1707,  
67.7870

■ 26.1046, 43.0997,  
14.3628

■ 120.0827,  
166.9918, 90.4607

■ 17.0350, 29.9634,  
8.2318

■ 151.1619,  
206.1031, 117.6987

■ 10.3549, 19.8108,  
4.1538

187.1880,  
250.8889, 149.9193

■ 5.6990, 12.2576,  
1.7101

228.5265,  
301.7336, 187.5412

■ 2.7018, 6.9193,  
0.3676

275.5426,

■ 0.9981, 3.4117,

359.0217, 230.9829

0.0000

328.6019,  
423.1374, 280.6629

0.0000, 1.3503,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.1796,  
0.0000

52.8738, 79.8613,  
34.4578

52.8738, 79.8613,  
34.4578

47.6933, 77.3683,  
26.1932

59.2011, 82.8963,  
45.0044

43.5881, 75.3840,  
20.0385

66.7382, 86.5024,  
57.9807

40.4805, 73.8724,  
15.8033

75.5448, 90.7074,  
73.5263

38.2808, 72.7924,  
13.2613

85.6763, 95.5371,  
91.7693

■ 36.8771, 72.0930, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
12.1010 108.9000

■ 36.6929, 72.0009,  
11.9637

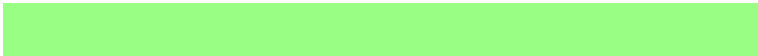
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.0635, 79.8613, 21.5512



52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578



46.3802, 79.8613, 65.9628

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578



68.1701, 79.8613, 227.8223



115.0650, 79.8613, 60.6640

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578



60.5634, 41.3860, 99.4040

# Split Complementary

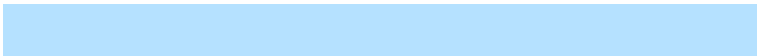
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.8755, 79.8613, 111.9870



52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578



86.6801, 79.8613, 224.5034

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578



54.2002, 79.8613, 184.0177



104.8097, 79.8613, 176.2275



102.7476, 79.8613, 31.9354



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578



45.9055, 79.8613, 99.7449



104.8097, 79.8613, 176.2275



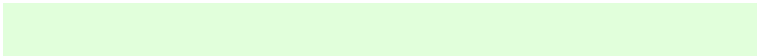
116.7547, 79.8613, 75.3087

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.8742, 79.8615, 34.4590



79.6696, 92.6746, 80.9140



74.9706, 82.0571, 33.7182



16.5962, 19.6186, 16.5001



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.8742, 79.8615, 34.4590



47.8019, 77.4207, 26.3618



52.8193, 79.4430, 52.0865



18.0466, 20.3099, 19.1134



19.2533, 37.6635, 6.2550



1.9491, 3.7055, 0.6125



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.5634, 41.3860, 99.4040



56.2580, 34.7374, 98.3476



61.6295, 42.6185, 68.5970



18.4856, 18.1421, 22.7774



23.9597, 11.2622, 50.3456

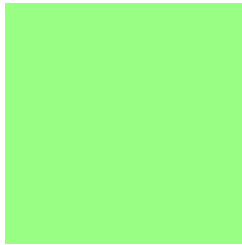


2.4068, 1.1347, 4.9054



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

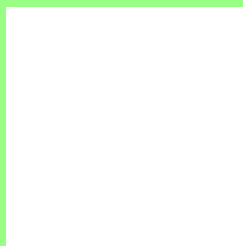
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578.



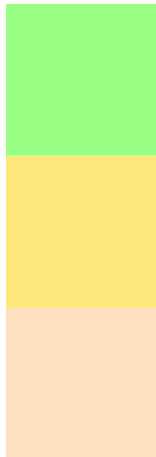
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.8738, 79.8613,

34.4578.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578

### Protanopia

72.3800, 78.9063, 30.1545

### Deuteranopia

77.6796, 78.9162, 61.0074



## Tritanopia

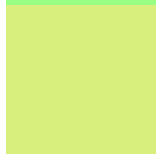
69.1662, 79.3921, 106.2865

# Trichromacy



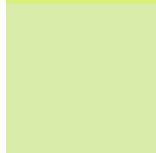
## Original Color

52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578



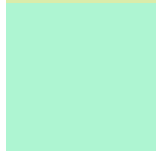
## Protanomaly

62.9513, 77.8383, 31.4451



## Deuteranomaly

66.1646, 77.7986, 49.5596



## Tritanomaly

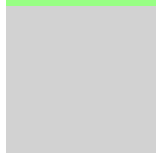
61.7408, 78.9566, 72.9588

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578



## Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838



## Achromatomaly

56.6261, 68.5889, 54.5104

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 255, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 255, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 255, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 255, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 255, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 255, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 255, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 255, 132); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 255, 132); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 255, 132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.8738, 79.8613, 34.4578 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 255, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
255, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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