

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.9891, 54.4636, 53.9675)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.9891, 54.4636, 53.9675)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(53.1097, 54.6642,  
54.2064)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDC1BA
RGB	205, 193, 186
RGB Percent	80%, 76%, 73%
CMY	0.1961, 0.2431, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.09, 0.20
HSL	22°, 16%, 77%
HSV	22°, 9%, 80%
XYZ	53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064
YIQ	195.7900, 9.3990, 0.3670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

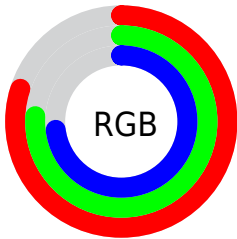
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 197, 186
Decimal	13484474
CIE Lab	78.85, 3.00, 5.02
CIE LCh	79, 5.848, 59.113
Yxy	54.6642, 0.3279, 0.3375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291674554 (0xFFCDC1BA)
YUV	195.7900, -4.8265, 8.0772
Hunter-Lab	73.9352, -1.1653, 8.2856

# Details

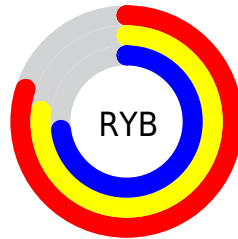
The XYZ color **53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **51.4631, 55.2340, 65.7070**, and the grayscale version is **52.3688, 55.0961, 59.9996**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.1427, 95.4222, 97.6190**, and **26.3742, 27.0289, 26.0173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.3480, 48.3815, 42.6273**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.4376, 61.5776, 67.5181**.

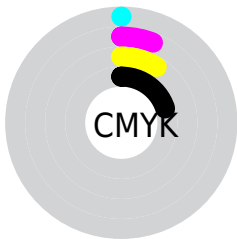
# Distribution



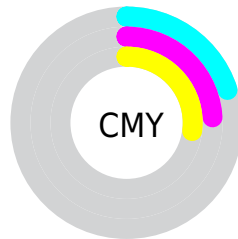
- Red (80%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.1097, 54.6642,  
54.2064

■ 53.1097, 54.6642,  
54.2064

388.9598,  
404.6378, 420.0934

■ 38.1182, 39.1329,  
38.3724

■ 93.9303, 97.0488,  
97.8367

■ 26.2521, 26.8632,  
25.9678

120.4902,  
124.6709, 126.4701

■ 17.1460, 17.4705,  
16.5740

151.6368,  
157.0921, 160.2070

■ 10.4346, 10.5705,  
9.7725

187.7357,  
194.6967, 199.4659

■ 5.7525, 5.7788,  
5.1447

229.1520,  
237.8692, 244.6655

■ 2.7344, 2.7111,  
2.2722

276.2513,

■ 1.0149, 0.9828,

286.9939, 296.2243

0.7156

329.3988,  
342.4553, 354.5607

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.1097, 54.6642,  
54.2064

■ 53.1097, 54.6642,  
54.2064

■ 48.3480, 48.3815,  
42.6273

■ 58.4376, 61.5776,  
67.5181

■ 44.1284, 42.7044,  
32.7055

■ 64.3457, 69.1320,  
82.6266

■ 40.4314, 37.6161,  
24.3650

■ 70.8534, 77.3461,  
99.5970

■ 37.2349, 33.0968,  
17.5228

■ 75.8125, 85.3702,  
107.0901

■ 34.5146, 29.1251,  
12.0880

■ 78.9871, 91.7193,  
108.1483

■ 32.2444, 25.6783,  
7.9597

■ 30.3949, 22.7318,  
5.0235

■ 28.9325, 20.2584,  
3.1444

■ 27.8053, 18.2226,  
2.0949

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.9291, 54.6642, 56.4669



53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064



51.9912, 54.6642, 53.3607

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064



49.7590, 54.6642, 59.4213



53.0491, 54.6642, 65.2750

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064



51.4631, 55.2340, 65.7070

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9222, 54.6642, 66.1360



53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064



50.0329, 54.6642, 62.6813

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064



50.0666, 54.6642, 56.3018



50.8205, 54.6642, 65.1700



53.8938, 54.6642, 62.8586



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064



51.2300, 54.6642, 53.6880



50.8205, 54.6642, 65.1700



52.6902, 54.6642, 65.7598

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.1112, 54.6666, 54.2076



92.3210, 96.4739, 102.0346



52.9333, 52.1765, 60.7281



19.6075, 20.4512, 21.4566



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

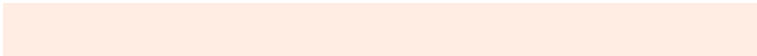


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.1112, 54.6666, 54.2076



85.4664, 87.5396, 85.0291



55.2706, 58.9853, 54.9274



11.5454, 11.8796, 11.7639



17.3475, 11.4280, 1.2915



0.9670, 0.7336, 0.0906

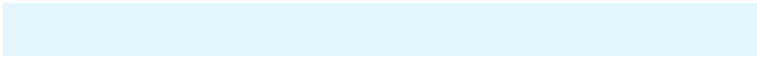


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.4631, 55.2340, 65.7070



82.2625, 88.6422, 107.3817



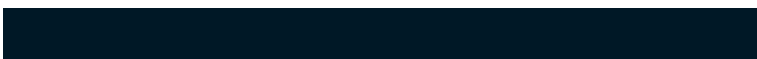
49.3672, 51.0424, 65.0084



11.1821, 12.0047, 14.2981



11.8762, 12.7763, 37.7964



0.6836, 0.8010, 1.9735



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

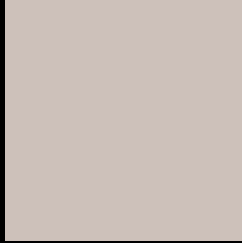
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

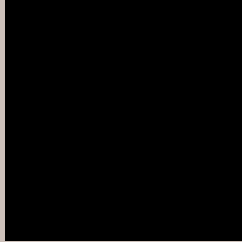
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064.



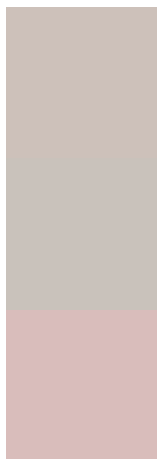
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.1097, 54.6642,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064

### Protanopia

52.3488, 54.5889, 54.7913

### Deuteranopia

55.7825, 54.7348, 54.6385



## Tritanopia

55.4453, 54.6446, 65.3828

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064

## Protanomaly

52.6185, 54.7280, 54.8040

## Deuteranomaly

54.8237, 54.5609, 54.6555

## Tritanomaly

54.5560, 54.6042, 61.0903

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064

## Achromatopsia

52.4687, 55.2011, 60.1140

## Achromatomaly

52.5827, 54.9781, 57.7096

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(205, 193, 186) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 193, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 193, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 193, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

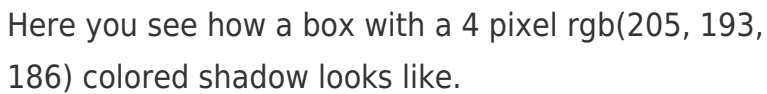
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 193, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 193, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 193, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 193, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 193, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 193,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.1097, 54.6642, 54.2064 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 193, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
193, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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