

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.0187, 72.1109, 13.3804)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.0187, 72.1109, 13.3804)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.2259, 72.3449,  
13.4442)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3ED2B
RGB	195, 237, 43
RGB Percent	76%, 93%, 17%
CMY	0.2353, 0.0706, 0.8313
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.82, 0.07
HSL	73°, 84%, 55%
HSV	73°, 82%, 93%
XYZ	53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442
YIQ	202.3260, 37.2420, -69.2380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

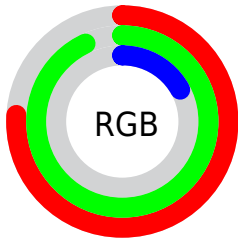
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">43, 237, 85</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12840235</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">88.13, -36.73, 79.95</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 87.983, 114.673</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">72.3449, 0.3829, 0.5204</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291030315 (0xFFC3ED2B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">202.3260, -78.5477, -6.4249</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">85.0558, -37.1466, 50.1675</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF33**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **19.8990, 9.7754, 80.9632**, and the grayscale version is **56.8044, 59.7627, 65.0815**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.7068, 93.8627, 28.1037**, and **26.6772, 38.2820, 5.9831** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.6081, 71.5498, 11.7205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.1448, 73.2709, 16.5011**.

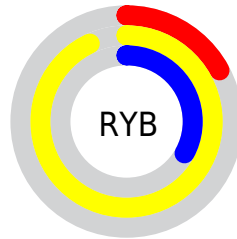
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (93%)

Blue (17%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (33%)

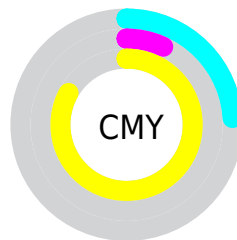


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (7%)


Yellow (83%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.2259, 72.3449,  
13.4442

 53.2259, 72.3449,  
13.4442

389.3979,  
468.7412, 225.0521


 38.2113, 53.4405,  
7.6008


 94.1003, 122.5468,  
32.8023

 26.3247, 38.1545,  
3.7565


 120.6908,  
154.6130, 47.1542


 17.2007, 26.1026,  
1.4927

 151.8707,  
191.8352, 65.1793

 10.4739, 16.9004,  
0.2125

 188.0052,  
234.5980, 87.2961

 5.7789, 10.1635,  
0.0000

 229.4599,  
283.2855, 113.9233

 2.7505, 5.5075,  
0.0000

276.6000,

 1.0232, 2.5480,

338.2823, 145.4793

0.0000

329.7909,  
399.9727, 182.3827

■ 0.0000, 0.9006,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.2259, 72.3449,  
13.4442

■ 53.2259, 72.3449,  
13.4442

■ 51.6081, 71.5498,  
11.7205

■ 55.1448, 73.2709,  
16.5011

■ 50.4593, 70.9715,  
11.0394

■ 57.3984, 74.3335,  
21.0876

■ 60.0205, 75.5488,  
27.3721

■ 63.0391, 76.9282,  
35.4999

66.4793, 78.4817,  
45.6008

70.3640, 80.2185,  
57.7926

74.7140, 82.1470,  
72.1843

79.5492, 84.2752,  
88.8769

84.6753, 86.5254,  
106.8459

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.5844, 72.3449, 10.5772



53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442



40.7665, 72.3449, 28.9912

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442



47.9303, 72.3449, 216.0593



117.3911, 72.3449, 90.0191

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442



19.8990, 9.7754, 80.9632

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107.3084, 72.3449, 166.5008



53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442



65.0755, 72.3449, 259.4843

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442



38.1742, 72.3449, 137.6751



87.0597, 72.3449, 237.8181



112.4388, 72.3449, 39.6449



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442



36.6722, 72.3449, 51.9549



87.0597, 72.3449, 237.8181



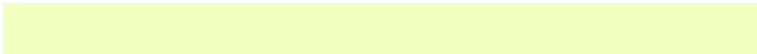
115.5955, 72.3449, 113.5177

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2276, 72.3482, 13.4457



81.5341, 94.0279, 63.2865



38.3661, 24.1859, 4.9327



17.1055, 19.9711, 12.4596



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2276, 72.3482, 13.4457



59.8453, 83.9332, 13.1930



36.1123, 63.5249, 12.6447



16.0142, 17.4529, 16.0434



27.6631, 38.8053, 6.0322



2.2513, 3.0879, 0.4774



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.8990, 9.7754, 80.9632



19.9216, 8.2670, 95.1534



34.6970, 17.4040, 81.6557



14.5361, 14.7061, 18.9947



9.1900, 3.7736, 43.9870

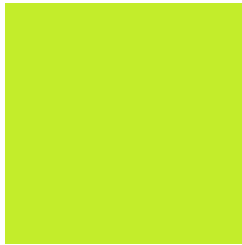


0.8014, 0.3374, 3.4578



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

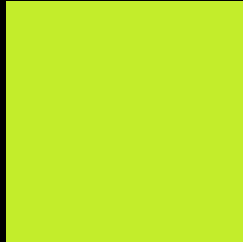
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.2259, 72.3449,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442

### Protanopia

64.9341, 71.8158, 12.3589

### Deuteranopia

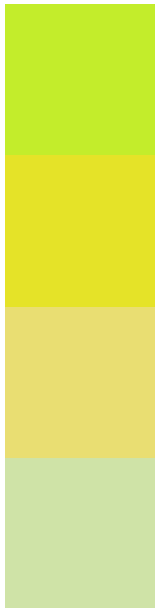
71.1193, 71.6862, 40.6603



## Tritanopia

69.0206, 72.1821, 91.1837

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442

**Protanomaly**

60.1652, 71.7494, 12.6855

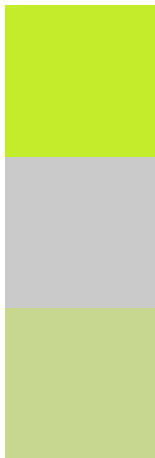
**Deuteranomaly**

62.7628, 70.7811, 26.2738

**Tritanomaly**

60.1763, 70.9936, 47.0907

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442

**Achromatopsia**

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184

**Achromatomaly**

52.8877, 62.7566, 35.7113

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 237, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 237, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 237, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 237, 43) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 237, 43) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 237, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 237, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 237, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 237, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 237,  
43) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.2259, 72.3449, 13.4442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 237, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
237, 43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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