

Converting Colors

XYZ(53.0799, 50.4982, 55.4578)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(53.0799, 50.4982, 55.4578)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(53.0561, 50.5064,
55.6675)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | D5B4BE |
| RGB | 213, 180, 190 |
| RGB Percent | 84%, 71%, 75% |
| CMY | 0.1647, 0.2941, 0.2549 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.15, 0.11, 0.16 |
| HSL | 342°, 28%, 77% |
| HSV | 342°, 15%, 84% |
| XYZ | 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675 |
| YIQ | 191.0070, 16.4580, 10.1060 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

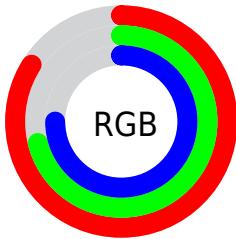
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 213, 180, 190 |
| Decimal | 14005438 |
| CIELab | 76.38, 13.50, -0.65 |
| CIELCh | 76, 13.519, 357.250 |
| Yxy | 50.5064, 0.3332, 0.3172 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292195518 (0xFFD5B4BE) |
| YUV | 191.0070, -0.4965, 19.2879 |
| Hunter-Lab | 71.0679, 8.8914, 3.3056 |

Details

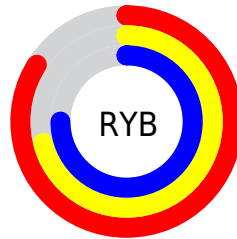
The XYZ color **53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **53.3982, 61.6049, 65.5796**, and the grayscale version is **49.5226, 52.1017, 56.7387**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.8700, 87.9047, 99.5248**, and **26.2053, 24.2540, 26.9672** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.5413, 41.9424, 46.2267**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.3999, 60.4625, 66.2015**.

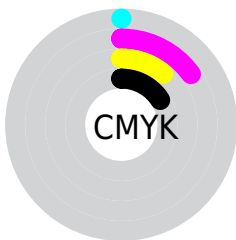
Distribution



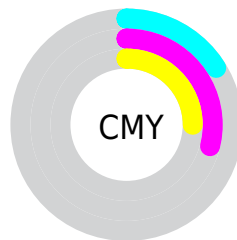
- Red (84%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (16%)





- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53.0561, 50.5064,
55.6675

 53.0561, 50.5064,
55.6675


388.7577,
388.6430, 425.7903

 38.0752, 35.8159,
39.5342


 93.8520, 90.9247,
99.9992

 26.2185, 24.2921,
26.8645


120.3976,
117.4214, 129.0347

 17.1207, 15.5504,
17.2400


151.5290,
148.6222, 163.2079

 10.4165, 9.2066,
10.2420

187.6113,
184.9116, 202.9376

 5.7403, 4.8762,
5.4520

229.0100,
226.6740, 248.6421

 2.7270, 2.1748,
2.4515

276.0903,

 1.0111, 0.7062,

274.2938, 300.7400

0.8143

329.2178,
328.1553, 359.6499

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 53.0561, 50.5064,
55.6675

■ 53.0561, 50.5064,
55.6675

■ 47.5413, 41.9424,
46.2267

■ 59.3999, 60.4625,
66.2015

■ 42.8162, 34.7018,
37.8399

■ 66.6012, 71.8622,
77.8596

■ 38.8447, 28.7198,
30.4703

■ 74.6925, 84.7625,
90.6756

■ 35.5860, 23.9238,
24.0773

■ 80.3607, 92.5302,
103.5667

■ 32.9954, 20.2334,
18.6177

■ 81.2508, 92.8863,
108.2542

■ 31.0229, 17.5585,
14.0448

■ 29.6109, 15.7943,
10.3069

■ 28.6896, 14.8126,
7.3458

■ 28.3813, 14.5225,
6.2369

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.2355, 50.5064, 62.9213



53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675



52.4841, 50.5064, 48.8273

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675



45.8007, 50.5064, 43.4597



45.4080, 50.5064, 67.6306

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675



53.3982, 61.6049, 65.5796

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.7879, 50.5064, 61.6568



53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675



44.0089, 50.5064, 47.7601

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675



48.2398, 50.5064, 42.1584



43.2848, 50.5064, 54.3237



47.7706, 50.5064, 70.1990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675



51.4008, 50.5064, 45.3378



43.2848, 50.5064, 54.3237



44.7618, 50.5064, 65.9297

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0575, 50.5086, 55.6686



89.7184, 91.5739, 100.2263



52.8395, 50.0825, 69.8333



19.0487, 19.3567, 21.1991



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0575, 50.5086, 55.6686



76.5255, 70.9005, 78.2177



53.2500, 52.5825, 50.5257



12.5766, 12.4821, 13.7105



17.3763, 8.8869, 4.0199



1.0845, 0.5506, 0.4344

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.0575, 50.5086, 55.6686



76.5255, 70.9005, 78.2177



53.1351, 59.1103, 71.5603



12.5766, 12.4821, 13.7105



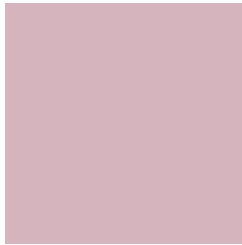
17.3763, 8.8869, 4.0199



1.0845, 0.5506, 0.4344

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

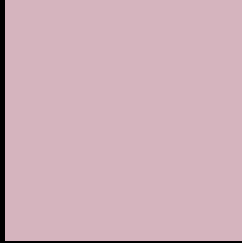
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.0561, 50.5064,

55.6675.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675

Protanopia

48.9560, 50.8086, 58.2657

Deuteranopia

51.6813, 50.7065, 55.7786



Tritanopia

53.1863, 50.2366, 57.3455

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675

Protanomaly

50.2633, 50.5539, 57.5608

Deuteranomaly

52.3167, 50.7289, 55.7495

Tritanomaly

53.0751, 50.1921, 56.7599

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675

Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

Achromatomaly

50.7275, 51.4443, 56.5463

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 180, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 180, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 180, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 180, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 180, 190) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 180, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 180, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 180, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 180, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 180,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.0561, 50.5064, 55.6675 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 180, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
180, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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