

Converting Colors

XYZ(53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(53.0802, 54.2260,
73.3147)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFC1D9
RGB	191, 193, 217
RGB Percent	75%, 76%, 85%
CMY	0.2510, 0.2431, 0.1490
CMYK	0.12, 0.11, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	235°, 25%, 80%
HSV	235°, 12%, 85%
XYZ	53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147
YIQ	195.1380, -8.8960, 7.0400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

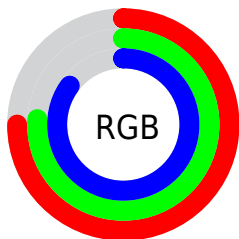
Format	Color
RYB	191, 193, 217
Decimal	12567001
CIELab	78.59, 4.02, -12.20
CIELCh	79, 12.850, 288.236
Yxy	54.2260, 0.2939, 0.3002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290757081 (0xFFBFC1D9)
YUV	195.1380, 10.7780, -3.6290
Hunter-Lab	73.6383, -0.2001, -7.4826

Details

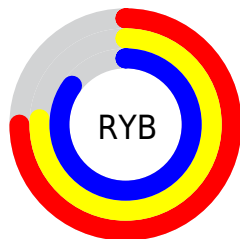
The XYZ color **53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **62.3200, 67.1140, 58.9610**, and the grayscale version is **51.8969, 54.5996, 59.4589**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.2835, 94.7455, 108.1370**, and **26.2162, 26.6832, 37.9510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.8904, 43.3559, 71.7018**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.6814, 66.7167, 75.1677**.

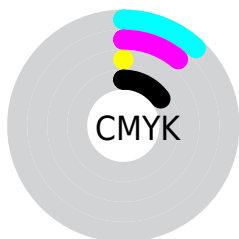
Distribution



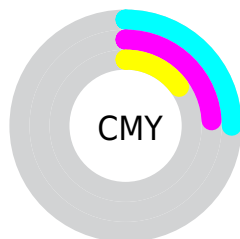
- Red (75%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.0802, 54.2260,
73.3147

■ 53.0802, 54.2260,
73.3147

388.8486,
402.9712, 491.2048

■ 38.0945, 38.7824,
53.7399

■ 93.8872, 96.4060,
125.6489

■ 26.2336, 26.5905,
38.0020

120.4393,
123.9112, 159.2455

■ 17.1321, 17.2659,
25.6824

151.5775,
156.2056, 198.3530

■ 10.4246, 10.4242,
16.3626

187.6672,
193.6738, 243.3901

■ 5.7458, 5.6811,
9.6240

229.0738,
236.7000, 294.7753

■ 2.7303, 2.6522,
5.0480

276.1627,

■ 1.0128, 0.9530,

285.6687, 352.9271

2.2162

329.2992,
340.9644, 418.2641

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6837

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 53.0802, 54.2260,
73.3147

■ 53.0802, 54.2260,
73.3147

■ 43.8904, 43.3559,
71.7018

■ 63.6814, 66.7167,
75.1677

■ 36.0478, 34.0336,
70.3157

■ 75.7450, 80.8834,
77.2664

■ 29.4905, 26.1904,
69.1475

■ 88.9186, 96.5779,
79.6014

■ 24.1496, 19.7503,
68.1859

■ 89.5246, 97.7898,
79.8034

■ 19.9500, 14.6303,
67.4190

■ 16.8082, 10.7385,
66.8334

■ 14.6292, 7.9713,
66.4141

■ 13.3005, 6.2079,
66.1437

■ 12.7206, 5.4018,
66.0187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.5530, 54.2260, 73.7868



53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147



55.2611, 54.2260, 68.8349

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147



54.8546, 54.2260, 49.2329



46.9152, 54.2260, 56.2430

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147



62.3200, 67.1140, 58.9610

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.9902, 54.2260, 50.2265



53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147



52.5401, 54.2260, 46.4068

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147



56.3084, 54.2260, 54.7824



50.0303, 54.2260, 46.7549



47.0490, 54.2260, 63.5187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147



56.1996, 54.2260, 64.3703



50.0303, 54.2260, 46.7549



47.1457, 54.2260, 54.0179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0818, 54.2283, 73.3159



88.4663, 92.2562, 107.7523



58.5440, 65.6008, 73.7553



18.6786, 19.4443, 23.0186



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0818, 54.2283, 73.3159



73.4881, 74.5954, 105.1329



55.4683, 54.8059, 73.3016



12.4189, 12.7775, 16.4639



7.7301, 3.3296, 39.9737



0.5295, 0.2732, 2.5993

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.8730, 55.8648, 58.2400



79.8413, 77.3563, 79.8651



59.7177, 66.5340, 58.9862



13.0965, 13.0677, 13.7696



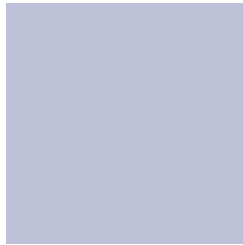
17.3971, 8.9599, 1.2054



1.1416, 0.5863, 0.1545

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

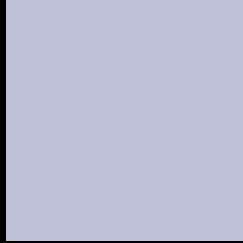
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

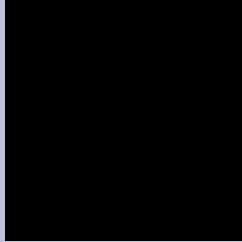
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.0802, 54.2260,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147

Protanopia

53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147

Deuteranopia

55.2096, 54.0137, 73.8455



Tritanopia

52.1598, 54.1839, 68.6822

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147

Protanomaly

53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147

Deuteranomaly

54.3570, 53.8946, 73.8674

Tritanomaly

52.5372, 54.3348, 70.6694

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147

Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

Achromatomaly

52.3194, 54.3647, 64.2358

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 193, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 193, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 193, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 193, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 193, 217) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 193, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 193, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 193, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 193, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 193,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.0802, 54.2260, 73.3147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 193, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
193, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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