

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.0862, 53.7969, 54.4387)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.0862, 53.7969, 54.4387)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.1152, 53.6802,  
54.5755)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFBEBB
RGB	207, 190, 187
RGB Percent	81%, 75%, 73%
CMY	0.1882, 0.2549, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.10, 0.19
HSL	9°, 17%, 77%
HSV	9°, 10%, 81%
XYZ	53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755
YIQ	194.7410, 11.0950, 2.6710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

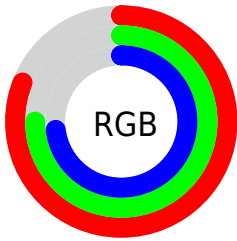
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 191, 187
Decimal	13614779
CIE Lab	78.27, 5.48, 3.67
CIE LCh	78, 6.600, 33.809
Yxy	53.6802, 0.3291, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291804859 (0xFFCFBEBB)
YUV	194.7410, -3.8163, 10.7511
Hunter-Lab	73.2668, 1.1878, 7.1224

# Details

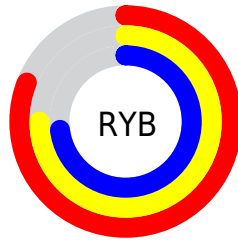
The XYZ color **53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.3485, 58.2543, 67.4644**, and the grayscale version is **51.7363, 54.4306, 59.2749**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.3734, 93.6426, 98.1057**, and **26.3856, 26.3849, 26.2564** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.4744, 45.6927, 42.5388**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.5383, 62.7199, 68.4502**.

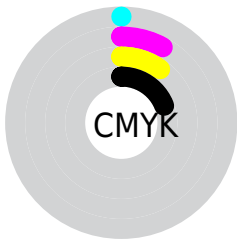
# Distribution



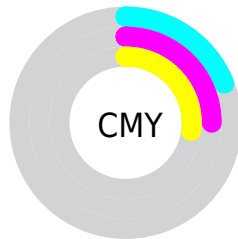
- Red (81%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.1152, 53.6802,  
54.5755

■ 53.1152, 53.6802,  
54.5755

388.9806,  
400.8893, 421.5373

■ 38.1226, 38.3460,  
38.6657

■ 93.9384, 95.6045,  
98.3836

■ 26.2555, 26.2514,  
26.1939

120.4997,  
122.9635, 127.1190

■ 17.1486, 17.0118,  
16.7417

151.6479,  
155.0995, 160.9666

■ 10.4364, 10.2429,  
9.8905

187.7484,  
192.3970, 200.3450

■ 5.7537, 5.5603,  
5.2218

229.1666,  
235.2403, 245.6727

■ 2.7352, 2.5796,  
2.3169

276.2678,

■ 1.0153, 0.9164,

284.0139, 297.3683

0.7407

329.4173,  
339.1021, 355.8503

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.1152, 53.6802,  
54.5755

■ 53.1152, 53.6802,  
54.5755

■ 47.4744, 45.6927,  
42.5388

■ 59.5383, 62.7199,  
68.4502

■ 42.5816, 38.7123,  
32.2597

■ 66.7676, 72.8409,  
84.2320

■ 38.4064, 32.7011,  
23.6566

■ 74.8313, 84.0799,  
101.9906

■ 34.9147, 27.6159,  
16.6405

■ 79.5423, 92.0055,  
108.1743

■ 32.0694, 23.4104,  
11.1138

■ 29.8301, 20.0343,  
6.9683

■ 28.1514, 17.4321,  
4.0809

■ 26.9814, 15.5410,  
2.3067

■ 26.2443, 14.2833,  
1.3938

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5426, 53.6802, 57.9768



53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755



52.1266, 53.6802, 52.2893

# Triad

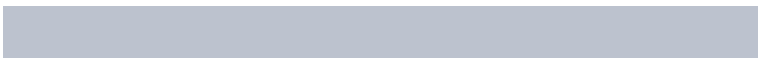
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755



48.8228, 53.6802, 55.3620



51.1868, 53.6802, 65.8449

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755



53.3485, 58.2543, 67.4644

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.9320, 53.6802, 65.0735



53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755



48.5807, 53.6802, 58.9229

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755



49.6505, 53.6802, 52.7298



48.9834, 53.6802, 62.5008



52.4174, 53.6802, 64.5667



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755



51.2900, 53.6802, 51.6518



48.9834, 53.6802, 62.5008



50.7538, 53.6802, 65.8170

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.1167, 53.6826, 54.5766



91.8036, 95.4391, 101.8621



54.4021, 53.1664, 64.5221



19.4683, 20.1727, 21.4102



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

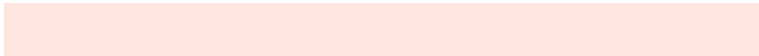


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.1167, 53.6826, 54.5766



82.7671, 82.7000, 82.4062



55.3566, 58.1624, 55.3233



11.9500, 12.0907, 12.3160



16.5660, 9.0650, 0.8766



0.9730, 0.6003, 0.0646

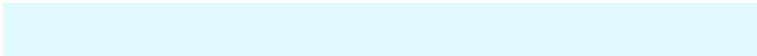


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.3485, 58.2543, 67.4644



83.2259, 91.7538, 107.9315



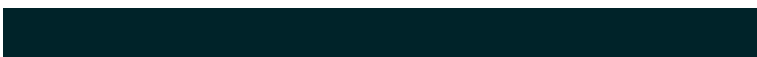
51.0484, 53.6541, 66.6977



12.0008, 13.0919, 15.1381



16.9216, 22.4898, 40.6416

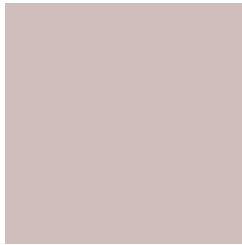


0.9882, 1.3416, 2.2864



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

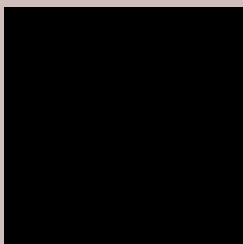
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

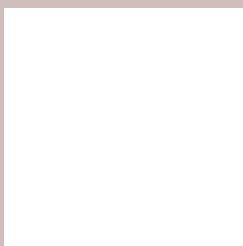
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.1152, 53.6802,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755

### Protanopia

51.5440, 53.8198, 55.8157

### Deuteranopia

54.8718, 53.6186, 55.0343



## Tritanopia

54.9384, 53.7860, 63.3633

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755

## Protanomaly

52.0141, 53.7476, 55.2098

## Deuteranomaly

54.2117, 53.5943, 55.0644

## Tritanomaly

54.2881, 53.8363, 60.3535

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755

## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

## Achromatomaly

52.1376, 54.0878, 57.5612

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 190, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 190, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 190, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 190, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 190, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 190, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 190, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 190, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 190, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 190,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.1152, 53.6802, 54.5755 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 190, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
190, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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