

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.1536, 55.9387, 59.7451)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.1536, 55.9387, 59.7451)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(53.1053, 55.8784,  
59.6164)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C6C5C3
RGB	198, 197, 195
RGB Percent	78%, 77%, 76%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2274, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.22
HSL	40°, 3%, 77%
HSV	40°, 2%, 78%
XYZ	53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164
YIQ	197.0710, 1.2380, -0.4100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

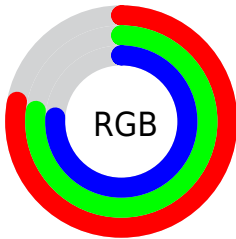
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	197, 198, 195
Decimal	13026755
CIE Lab	79.54, -0.01, 1.11
CIE LCh	80, 1.114, 90.724
Yxy	55.8784, 0.3150, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291216835 (0xFFC6C5C3)
YUV	197.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147
Hunter-Lab	74.7519, -4.0056, 5.0411

# Details

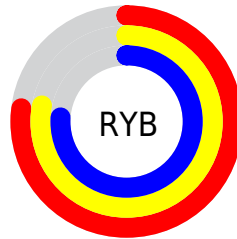
The XYZ color **53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **52.4387, 55.1585, 61.3097**, and the grayscale version is **53.1206, 55.8870, 60.8609**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.2525, 99.1719, 106.2699**, and **26.1318, 27.4973, 29.1295** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.5528, 52.1212, 48.1098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.0231, 59.8895, 72.7107**.

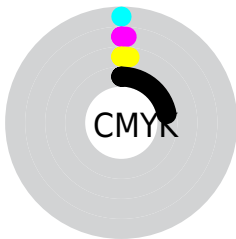
# Distribution



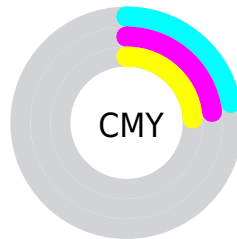
- Red (78%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.1053, 55.8784,  
59.6164

■ 53.1053, 55.8784,  
59.6164

388.9432,  
409.2331, 440.9477

■ 38.1147, 40.1054,  
42.6862

■ 93.9239, 98.8268,  
105.8109

■ 26.2493, 27.6208,  
29.3094

120.4826,  
126.7710, 135.9124

■ 17.1439, 18.0400,  
19.0674

151.6280,  
159.5410, 171.2413

■ 10.4331, 10.9787,  
11.5417

187.7255,  
197.5213, 212.2163

■ 5.7515, 6.0525,  
6.3137

229.1404,  
241.0963, 259.2559

■ 2.7338, 2.8770,  
2.9649

276.2381,

■ 1.0146, 1.0679,

290.6503, 312.7787

1.0767

329.3839,  
346.5678, 373.2031

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.1053, 55.8784,  
59.6164

■ 53.1053, 55.8784,  
59.6164

■ 49.5528, 52.1212,  
48.1098

■ 57.0231, 59.8895,  
72.7107

■ 46.3484, 48.6044,  
38.1260

■ 61.3131, 64.1534,  
87.4471

■ 43.4805, 45.3239,  
29.6009

■ 65.9882, 68.6781,  
103.8819

■ 40.9350, 42.2726,  
22.4642

■ 67.8111, 72.1700,  
104.9639

■ 38.6967, 39.4431,  
16.6402

■ 69.6062, 75.7601,  
105.5623

■ 36.7489, 36.8272,  
12.0456

■ 71.4703, 79.4884,  
106.1836

■ 35.0730, 34.4161,  
8.5873

■ 73.4042, 83.3562,  
106.8283

■ 33.6482, 32.1999,  
6.1593

■ 75.4086, 87.3651,  
107.4964

■ 32.4493, 30.1670,  
4.6347

■ 77.0991, 90.7460,  
108.0599

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.3217, 55.8784, 59.7719



53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164



52.8909, 55.8784, 59.7873

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164



52.7412, 55.8784, 61.4748



53.4875, 55.8784, 61.4476

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164



52.4387, 55.1585, 61.3097

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.3312, 55.8784, 61.9091



53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164



52.9003, 55.8784, 61.9249

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164



52.6810, 55.8784, 60.8577



53.1162, 55.8784, 62.0844



53.5428, 55.8784, 60.8265



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164



52.7779, 55.8784, 60.0642



53.1162, 55.8784, 62.0844



53.4450, 55.8784, 61.6267

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.1069, 55.8808, 59.6176

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



52.7684, 55.0224, 60.0646



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.1069, 55.8808, 59.6176



93.7015, 98.5996, 104.4533



53.2023, 56.2671, 59.6871



11.8160, 12.4336, 13.1994



20.6122, 18.7416, 2.5311



1.0405, 1.0164, 0.1413



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.4387, 55.1585, 61.3097



92.1216, 96.8917, 108.4544



52.3441, 54.7771, 61.2411



11.6318, 12.2344, 13.6659



7.9580, 5.3100, 35.3499

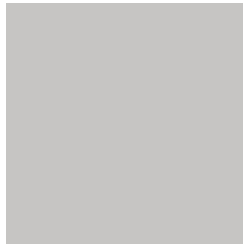


0.4437, 0.3851, 1.6961



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

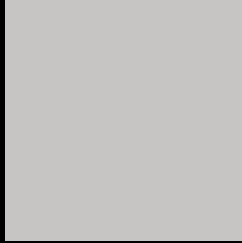
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

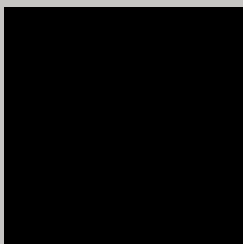
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

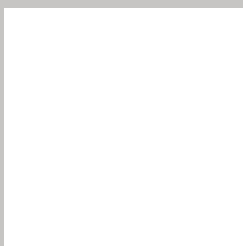


# XYZ 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164.



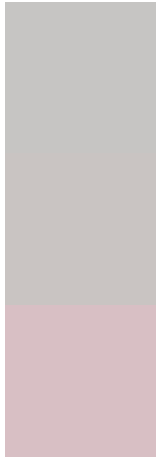
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.1053, 55.8784,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164

### Protanopia

53.5649, 55.7924, 58.9848

### Deuteranopia

56.9135, 55.8461, 60.0043



## Tritanopia

54.9674, 55.9627, 68.8776

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164

## Protanomaly

53.2969, 55.6543, 58.9722

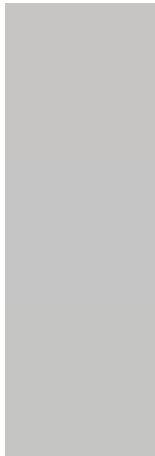
## Deuteranomaly

55.3283, 55.6808, 60.0559

## Tritanomaly

54.3126, 56.0297, 65.7099

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164

## Achromatopsia

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033

## Achromatomaly

52.9560, 55.7883, 60.2017

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(198, 197, 195) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 197, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 197, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 197, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 197, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 197, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 197, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 197, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 197, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 197,  
195) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.1053, 55.8784, 59.6164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 197, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
197, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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