

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.1622, 43.0049, 34.4363)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.1622, 43.0049, 34.4363)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(53.0293, 42.8919,  
34.3382)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F29696
RGB	242, 150, 150
RGB Percent	95%, 59%, 59%
CMY	0.0510, 0.4117, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.38, 0.05
HSL	0°, 78%, 77%
HSV	0°, 38%, 95%
XYZ	53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382
YIQ	177.5080, 54.8320, 19.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

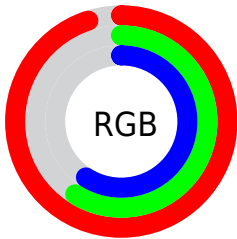
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 150, 150
Decimal	15898262
CIE Lab	71.48, 34.54, 14.70
CIE LCh	71, 37.540, 23.046
Yxy	42.8919, 0.4071, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294088342 (0xFFFF29696)
YUV	177.5080, -13.5614, 56.5595
Hunter-Lab	65.4919, 29.9220, 14.7579

# Details

The XYZ color **53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **60.3555, 76.3961, 95.5692**, and the grayscale version is **42.1072, 44.3000, 48.2427**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.9704, 69.2823, 66.6009**, and **26.1483, 19.7035, 14.2294** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.8073, 35.2511, 23.9559**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.4532, 52.2925, 47.1072**.

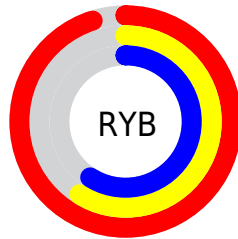
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (59%)

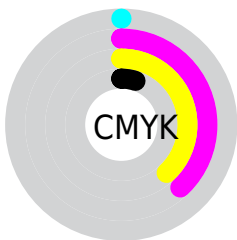
Blue (59%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (59%)

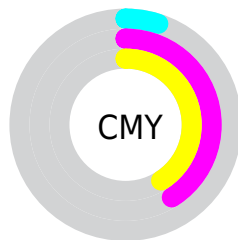


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (41%)


Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.0293, 42.8919,  
34.3382


 53.0293, 42.8919,  
34.3382


388.6565,  
358.1670, 336.4525

 38.0537, 29.8003,  
22.8741

 93.8128, 79.5477,  
67.5991

 26.2018, 19.6871,  
14.2961


 120.3514,  
103.8807, 90.2331

 17.1081, 12.1678,  
8.1858


151.4750,  
132.7296, 117.4273

 10.4074, 6.8580,  
4.1246

187.5491,  
166.4789, 149.6004

 5.7342, 3.3735,  
1.6939

228.9389,  
205.5129, 187.1710

 2.7233, 1.3297,  
0.3566

276.0099,

 1.0092, 0.1640,

250.2159, 230.5575

0.0000

329.1273,  
300.9725, 280.1785

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.0293, 42.8919,  
34.3382

■ 53.0293, 42.8919,  
34.3382

■ 47.8073, 35.2511,  
23.9559

■ 59.4532, 52.2925,  
47.1072

■ 43.7095, 29.2547,  
15.8099

■ 67.1438, 63.5459,  
62.3958

■ 40.6544, 24.7841,  
9.7368

■ 76.1650, 76.7465,  
80.3297

■ 38.5480, 21.7017,  
5.5496

■ 86.5757, 91.9802,  
101.0258

■ 37.2794, 19.8453,  
3.0282

■ 90.4279, 97.6172,  
108.6837

■ 36.6965, 18.9923,  
1.8696

■ 36.6181, 18.8775,  
1.7137

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.0874, 42.8919, 51.0526



53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382



48.5341, 42.8919, 24.0111

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382



31.7911, 42.8919, 28.7188



39.3109, 42.8919, 90.5719

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382



60.3555, 76.3961, 95.5692

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.8770, 42.8919, 80.4772



53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382



29.8363, 42.8919, 42.6058

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382



36.1844, 42.8919, 21.4021



30.5584, 42.8919, 61.7257



45.7220, 42.8919, 86.6995



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382



44.4221, 42.8919, 20.6576



30.5584, 42.8919, 61.7257



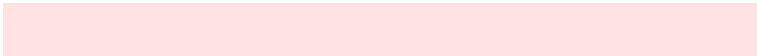
37.3190, 42.8919, 88.6280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0304, 42.8940, 34.3390



82.5541, 81.7150, 84.0584



63.5515, 47.1011, 89.7463



17.3685, 17.0493, 17.3927



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0304, 42.8940, 34.3390



54.8522, 41.1792, 28.9884



61.8631, 60.5594, 37.2833



15.7729, 15.7590, 16.3602



19.6716, 10.1412, 0.9206



1.6365, 0.8437, 0.0766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.3555, 76.3961, 95.5692



64.2396, 84.1135, 107.4575



48.3450, 52.3751, 91.5657



16.2474, 17.9288, 20.3259



25.6652, 37.5547, 51.0240



2.1351, 3.1242, 4.2447



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

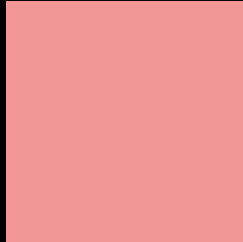
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.0293, 42.8919,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382

### Protanopia

41.2322, 43.2494, 40.8251

### Deuteranopia

44.0830, 43.1790, 33.6147



## Tritanopia

54.0548, 43.0876, 38.7255

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382

## Protanomaly

44.7096, 42.5784, 38.2098

## Deuteranomaly

46.8809, 42.7305, 33.7939

## Tritanomaly

53.7103, 42.9499, 36.9118

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382

## Achromatopsia

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824

## Achromatomaly

45.1579, 43.2499, 43.0138

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 150, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 150, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 150, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 150, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 150, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 150, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 150, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 150, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 150, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 150,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.0293, 42.8919, 34.3382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 150, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
150, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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