

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(53.2501, 52.7701,  
55.5232)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1BBBD
RGB	209, 187, 189
RGB Percent	82%, 73%, 74%
CMY	0.1804, 0.2666, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.10, 0.18
HSL	355°, 19%, 78%
HSV	355°, 11%, 82%
XYZ	53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232
YIQ	193.8060, 12.4700, 5.2860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

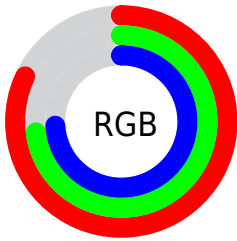
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	209, 187, 189
Decimal	13745085
CIE Lab	77.74, 8.14, 1.83
CIE LCh	78, 8.346, 12.697
Yxy	52.7701, 0.3296, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291935165 (0xFFD1BBBD)
YUV	193.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251
Hunter-Lab	72.6430, 3.7220, 5.5330

# Details

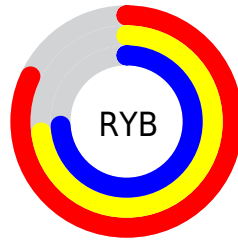
The XYZ color **53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.5585, 60.6720, 67.8697**, and the grayscale version is **51.1731, 53.8381, 58.6297**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.7720, 91.9538, 99.4036**, and **26.2955, 25.6978, 26.8668** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.2056, 43.7683, 43.9894**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.2132, 63.1753, 68.6980**.

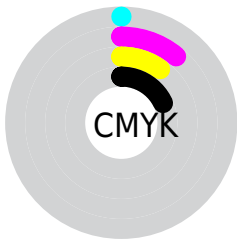
# Distribution



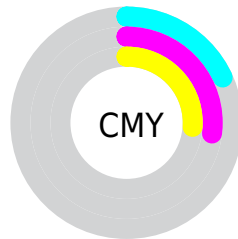
- Red (82%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.2501, 52.7701,  
55.5232

 53.2501, 52.7701,  
55.5232


389.4891,  
397.4025, 425.2299

 38.2307, 37.6193,  
39.4193


 94.1356, 94.2660,  
99.7859

 26.3398, 25.6873,  
26.7758


120.7325,  
121.3798, 128.7819

 17.2121, 16.5899,  
17.1739


151.9193,  
153.2501, 162.9123

 10.4820, 9.9425,  
10.1953

188.0614,  
190.2613, 202.5957

 5.7844, 5.3609,  
5.4214

229.5240,  
232.7977, 248.2506

 2.7539, 2.4605,  
2.4335

276.6726,

 1.0250, 0.8568,

281.2438, 300.2955

0.8046

329.8725,  
335.9839, 359.1491

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.2501, 52.7701,  
55.5232

■ 53.2501, 52.7701,  
55.5232

■ 47.2056, 43.7683,  
43.9894

■ 60.2132, 63.1753,  
68.6980

■ 42.0370, 36.1031,  
34.0290

■ 68.1264, 75.0328,  
83.5709

■ 37.7049, 29.7130,  
25.5747

■ 77.0251, 88.3982,  
100.2007

■ 34.1653, 24.5286,  
18.5531

■ 80.1047, 92.2954,  
108.2006

■ 31.3699, 20.4743,  
12.8847

■ 29.2653, 17.4656,  
8.4821

■ 27.7908, 15.4063,  
5.2476

■ 26.8750, 14.1823,  
3.0692

■ 26.4120, 13.6023,  
1.8481

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.1829, 52.7701, 60.1461



53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232



52.4756, 52.7701, 51.6302

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232



48.0780, 52.7701, 51.1606



49.2376, 52.7701, 66.3824

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232



54.5585, 60.6720, 67.8697

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.9065, 52.7701, 63.7080



53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232



47.2470, 52.7701, 54.8506

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232



49.4763, 52.7701, 49.2038



47.1849, 52.7701, 59.4366



50.8427, 52.7701, 66.5865



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232



51.5957, 52.7701, 49.9051



47.1849, 52.7701, 59.4366



48.7442, 52.7701, 65.7362

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2516, 52.7724, 55.5243



91.5581, 94.7759, 102.3109



54.9567, 53.3831, 67.7295



19.4024, 19.9946, 21.5306



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2516, 52.7724, 55.5243



80.8928, 78.8514, 82.0894



54.9605, 56.5347, 55.0321



11.8517, 11.8254, 12.4948



16.3006, 8.3931, 1.2231



0.9268, 0.4754, 0.1493



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2516, 52.7724, 55.5243



80.8928, 78.8514, 82.0894



52.7047, 56.5714, 68.4636



11.8517, 11.8254, 12.4948



16.3006, 8.3931, 1.2231

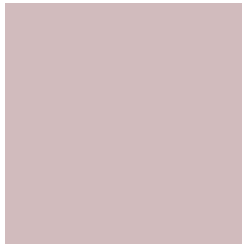


0.9268, 0.4754, 0.1493



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

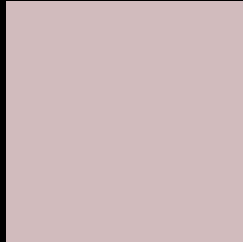
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

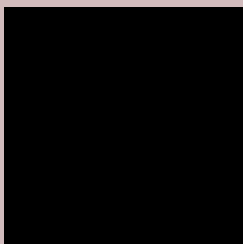
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

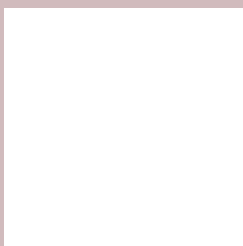
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.2501, 52.7701,

55.5232.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232

### Protanopia

50.7997, 52.7590, 56.7963

### Deuteranopia

53.8956, 52.7890, 55.4928



## Tritanopia

54.3526, 52.5697, 61.9259

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232

## Protanomaly

51.7951, 52.9621, 56.2080

## Deuteranomaly

53.6082, 52.6408, 55.4794

## Tritanomaly

54.1011, 52.8050, 59.5655

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232

## Achromatopsia

51.2775, 53.9479, 58.7493

## Achromatomaly

51.6984, 53.2095, 57.4148

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 187, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 187, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 187, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 187, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 187, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 187, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 187, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 187, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 187, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 187,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.2501, 52.7701, 55.5232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 187, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
187, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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