

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.2538, 46.3494, 58.4012)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.2538, 46.3494, 58.4012)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.2377, 46.2679,  
58.3492)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDA5C4
RGB	221, 165, 196
RGB Percent	87%, 65%, 77%
CMY	0.1333, 0.3529, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.11, 0.13
HSL	327°, 45%, 76%
HSV	327°, 25%, 87%
XYZ	53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492
YIQ	185.2780, 23.4250, 21.5130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

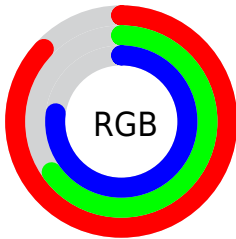
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	221, 165, 196
Decimal	14525892
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	73.72, 25.44, -7.76
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	74, 26.596, 343.030
Yxy	46.2679, 0.3373, 0.2931
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292715972 (0xFFDDA5C4)
YUV	185.2780, 5.2859, 31.3282
Hunter-Lab	68.0205, 20.6709, -3.2457

# Details

The XYZ color **53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **50.6696, 63.4312, 58.2909**, and the grayscale version is **46.2323, 48.6399, 52.9689**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.5628, 79.5382, 103.8240**, and **26.3047, 21.7626, 28.4054** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.5045, 38.5396, 51.4116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.7362, 55.4074, 65.9073**.

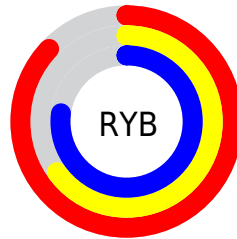
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (65%)

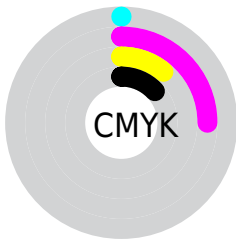
Blue (77%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (77%)

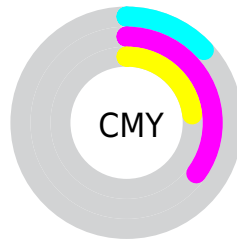


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.2377, 46.2679,  
58.3492


 53.2377, 46.2679,  
58.3492


389.4424,  
371.8847, 436.1204

 38.2208, 32.4573,  
41.6729

 94.1175, 84.6198,  
103.9510

 26.3321, 21.7110,  
28.5216


 120.7111,  
109.9299, 133.7136

 17.2062, 13.6447,  
18.4768


151.8944,  
139.8418, 168.6753

 10.4779, 7.8740,  
11.1198

188.0326,  
174.7402, 209.2547

 5.7816, 4.0144,  
6.0323

229.4912,  
215.0092, 255.8704

 2.7521, 1.6816,  
2.7956

276.6354,

 1.0241, 0.4117,

261.0334, 308.9409

0.9913

329.8307,  
313.1971, 368.8847

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.2377, 46.2679,  
58.3492

■ 53.2377, 46.2679,  
58.3492

■ 48.5045, 38.5396,  
51.4116

■ 58.7362, 55.4074,  
65.9073

■ 44.4957, 32.1449,  
45.0726

■ 65.0303, 66.0182,  
74.1013

■ 41.1727, 27.0081,  
39.3124

■ 72.1534, 78.1644,  
82.9494

■ 38.4914, 23.0433,  
34.1091

■ 80.1357, 91.9044,  
92.4681

■ 36.4022, 20.1540,  
29.4385

■ 82.1117, 93.5053,  
100.3752

■ 34.8476, 18.2277,  
25.2735

■ 83.6291, 94.1123,  
108.3655

■ 33.7573, 17.1266,  
21.5825

■ 33.3526, 16.7857,  
20.0028

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.4627, 46.2679, 71.8602



53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492



53.4213, 46.2679, 44.7436

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492



41.9622, 46.2679, 29.0658



37.6716, 46.2679, 70.2711

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492



50.6696, 63.4312, 58.2909

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.7157, 46.2679, 56.4664



53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492



38.0709, 46.2679, 33.6703

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492



46.6780, 46.2679, 29.3875



35.8565, 46.2679, 43.1678



41.3808, 46.2679, 79.5424



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492



52.0301, 46.2679, 37.5001



35.8565, 46.2679, 43.1678



36.7996, 46.2679, 65.9104

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2390, 46.2700, 58.3502



87.4519, 87.0951, 99.3039



47.5606, 42.9860, 74.1976



18.4303, 18.1554, 20.8829



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2390, 46.2700, 58.3502



70.2907, 58.5124, 75.8883



50.4120, 45.1392, 43.4631



13.3562, 13.1716, 15.1370



19.4327, 9.7741, 11.9248



1.3021, 0.6505, 0.9998



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2390, 46.2700, 58.3502



70.2907, 58.5124, 75.8883



53.9341, 64.7370, 75.4813



13.3562, 13.1716, 15.1370



19.4327, 9.7741, 11.9248



1.3021, 0.6505, 0.9998



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

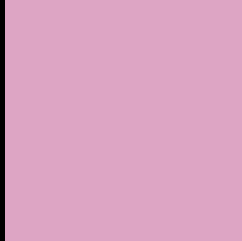
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

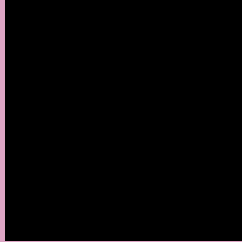
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.2377, 46.2679,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492

### Protanopia

45.7008, 46.5153, 64.3273

### Deuteranopia

47.2553, 46.2832, 57.4819



## Tritanopia

51.5565, 46.4015, 49.9551

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492

## Protanomaly

48.2388, 46.3935, 62.2895

## Deuteranomaly

49.2315, 46.1417, 57.9412

## Tritanomaly

52.1968, 46.3982, 52.6591

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492

## Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328

## Achromatomaly

48.3944, 47.5207, 54.7659

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 165, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 165, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 165, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 165, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 165, 196) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 165, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 165, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 165, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 165, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 165,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.2377, 46.2679, 58.3492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 165, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
165, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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