

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.2629, 59.6906, 17.3375)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.2629, 59.6906, 17.3375)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.2898, 59.6907,  
17.3071)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDCD55
RGB	221, 205, 85
RGB Percent	87%, 80%, 33%
CMY	0.1333, 0.1961, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.62, 0.13
HSL	53°, 67%, 60%
HSV	53°, 62%, 87%
XYZ	53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071
YIQ	196.1040, 48.0560, -33.9280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

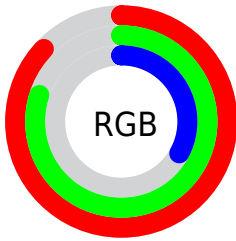
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	103, 221, 85
Decimal	14536021
CIELab	81.67, -8.70, 60.06
CIELCh	82, 60.684, 98.241
Yxy	59.6907, 0.4090, 0.4581
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292726101 (0xFFDDCD55)
YUV	196.1040, -54.7743, 21.8338
Hunter-Lab	77.2598, -12.0845, 40.8002

# Details

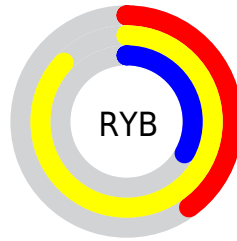
The XYZ color **53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **21.4511, 16.4586, 70.4524**, and the grayscale version is **52.8314, 55.5827, 60.5296**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.6602, 94.6441, 38.3903**, and **26.3805, 30.0036, 5.4995** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.9293, 58.1622, 13.1780**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.9376, 61.3551, 22.8857**.

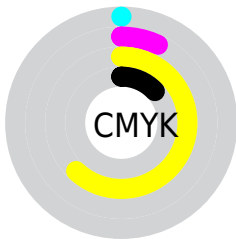
# Distribution



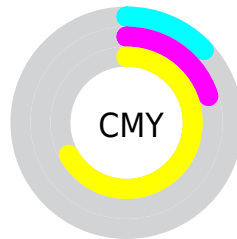
- Red (87%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.2898, 59.6907,  
17.3071

■ 53.2898, 59.6907,  
17.3071

389.6387,  
423.4568, 249.0395

■ 38.2626, 43.1694,  
10.2894

■ 94.1937, 104.3809,  
39.6509

■ 26.3647, 30.0180,  
5.4832

■ 120.8011,  
133.3185, 55.8141

■ 17.2308, 19.8523,  
2.4698

■ 151.9992,  
167.1637, 75.8629

■ 10.4955, 12.2877,  
0.8241

■ 188.1534,  
206.3008, 100.2158

■ 5.7935, 6.9399,  
0.0000

229.6291,  
251.1143, 129.2914

■ 2.7594, 3.4246,  
0.0000

276.7917,

■ 1.0278, 1.3572,

301.9885, 163.5082

0.0000

330.0064,  
359.3079, 203.2847

■ 0.0000, 0.1849,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.2898, 59.6907,  
17.3071

■ 53.2898, 59.6907,  
17.3071

■ 51.9293, 58.1622,  
13.1780

■ 54.9376, 61.3551,  
22.8857

■ 50.8253, 56.7505,  
10.3551

■ 56.8916, 63.1564,  
30.0317

■ 49.9474, 55.4456,  
8.6725

■ 59.1739, 65.1057,  
38.8553

■ 49.3358, 54.4065,  
7.9012

■ 61.8035, 67.2107,  
49.4556

■ 64.7976, 69.4783,  
61.9240

■ 68.1726, 71.9152,  
76.3456

■ 71.9436, 74.5274,  
92.8004

■ 75.0101, 76.8750,  
105.4926

■ 75.7213, 78.2975,  
105.7297

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.3237, 59.6907, 19.1401



53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071



42.8631, 59.6907, 23.9530

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071



39.5641, 59.6907, 118.9059



82.7067, 59.6907, 94.6745

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071



21.4511, 16.4586, 70.4524

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.3151, 59.6907, 137.2721



53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071



48.1167, 59.6907, 154.5275

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071



35.7527, 59.6907, 75.5934



60.3240, 59.6907, 162.2792



84.6433, 59.6907, 55.4331



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071



38.3260, 59.6907, 34.5813



60.3240, 59.6907, 162.2792



80.2558, 59.6907, 109.4344

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2912, 59.6935, 17.3083



86.8231, 93.9926, 73.9528



35.5224, 22.8516, 15.4064



18.3337, 19.9258, 14.7973



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2912, 59.6935, 17.3083



71.3170, 79.8264, 16.8500



44.3200, 61.0415, 18.0413



14.0247, 14.9888, 13.8795



28.7147, 31.7149, 4.6082



1.8980, 2.1302, 0.3111



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.4511, 16.4586, 70.4524



23.8472, 15.4491, 96.3328



26.2704, 16.8580, 70.2755



12.4614, 12.8626, 16.4781



7.8387, 3.5469, 40.0099

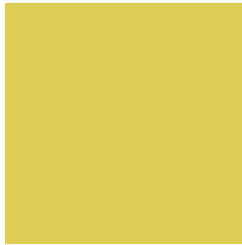


0.5498, 0.3136, 2.6060



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

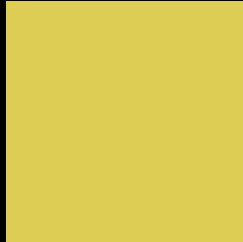
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071.



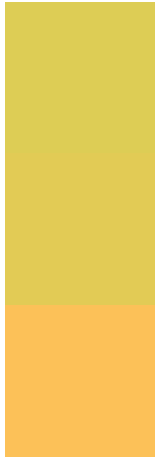
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.2898, 59.6907,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071

### Protanopia

54.3597, 59.5365, 17.2210

### Deuteranopia

60.9763, 59.5400, 17.5111



## Tritanopia

63.3908, 59.3601, 67.1481

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071

## Protanomaly

53.9730, 59.6889, 17.2708

## Deuteranomaly

57.9622, 59.3214, 17.4121

## Tritanomaly

58.5720, 59.0708, 42.9651

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071

## Achromatopsia

52.4687, 55.2011, 60.1140

## Achromatomaly

51.6010, 56.2263, 39.5856

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 205, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 205, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 205, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 205, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 205, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 205, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 205, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 205, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 205, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 205,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.2898, 59.6907, 17.3071 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 205, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
205, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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