

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.3392, 55.8747, 84.3551)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.3392, 55.8747, 84.3551)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.3500, 55.7981,  
84.3022)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3C6E8
RGB	179, 198, 232
RGB Percent	70%, 78%, 91%
CMY	0.2980, 0.2235, 0.0902
CMYK	0.23, 0.15, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	218°, 54%, 81%
HSV	218°, 23%, 91%
XYZ	53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022
YIQ	196.1950, -22.2380, 6.5460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

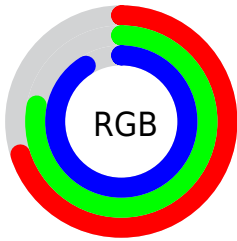
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	179, 193, 232
Decimal	11781864
CIE Lab	79.50, 0.81, -19.00
CIE LCh	79, 19.014, 272.456
Yxy	55.7981, 0.2758, 0.2884
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289971944 (0xFFB3C6E8)
YUV	196.1950, 17.6519, -15.0800
Hunter-Lab	74.6981, -3.2356, -14.6243

# Details

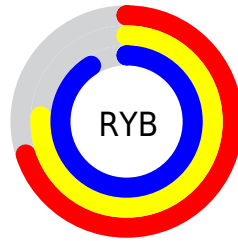
The XYZ color **53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **65.2103, 67.9992, 52.3375**, and the grayscale version is **52.4947, 55.2285, 60.1439**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.0709, 96.4022, 108.5734**, and **26.2672, 27.4411, 44.9865** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.1964, 46.7918, 82.9945**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.7434, 65.9425, 85.7661**.

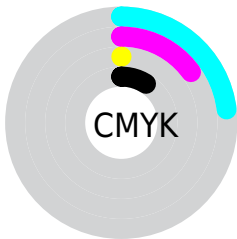
# Distribution



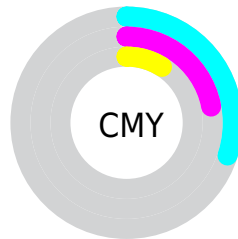
- Red (70%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.3500, 55.7981,  
84.3022

■ 53.3500, 55.7981,  
84.3022

389.8654,  
408.9302, 529.4005

■ 38.3108, 40.0411,  
62.7181

■ 94.2817, 98.7093,  
141.2633

■ 26.4023, 27.5706,  
45.1737

120.9049,  
126.6323, 177.4775

■ 17.2591, 18.0022,  
31.2503

152.1203,  
159.3794, 219.4054

■ 10.5159, 10.9516,  
20.5295

188.2930,  
197.3350, 267.4656

■ 5.8072, 6.0343,  
12.5926

229.7885,  
240.8834, 322.0767

■ 2.7677, 2.8659,  
7.0212

276.9722,

■ 1.0322, 1.0621,

290.4092, 383.6572

3.3967

330.2094,  
346.2966, 452.6256

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.3006

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0623

■ 53.3500, 55.7981,  
84.3022

■ 53.3500, 55.7981,  
84.3022

■ 45.1964, 46.7918,  
82.9945

■ 62.7434, 65.9425,  
85.7661

■ 38.2228, 38.8744,  
81.8338

■ 73.4226, 77.2582,  
87.3874

■ 32.3718, 32.0027,  
80.8158

■ 85.4374, 89.7855,  
89.1722

■ 27.5789, 26.1279,  
79.9345

■ 91.5657, 98.6063,  
90.5517

■ 23.7724, 21.1966,  
79.1833

■ 20.8709, 17.1491,  
78.5549

■ 18.7772, 13.9167,  
78.0414

■ 17.6726, 12.0402,  
77.7374

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.7080, 55.7981, 81.3926



53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022



57.0770, 55.7981, 80.3013

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022



59.4805, 55.7981, 50.1449



46.7814, 55.7981, 51.5322

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022



65.2103, 67.9992, 52.3375

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1874, 55.7981, 44.6690



53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022



56.5060, 55.7981, 43.9383

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022



60.7209, 55.7981, 59.8571



52.7201, 55.7981, 42.0592



46.0256, 55.7981, 61.6611



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022



59.0775, 55.7981, 74.5040



52.7201, 55.7981, 42.0592



47.4181, 55.7981, 48.8103

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.3517, 55.8004, 84.3035



85.2405, 89.6811, 107.4253



59.4035, 72.0802, 73.4459



18.0721, 19.0124, 22.9672



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.3517, 55.8004, 84.3035



61.5894, 64.1843, 103.7504



50.9528, 48.5153, 83.0237



14.0036, 14.7286, 18.2492



9.9194, 6.9010, 43.1924



0.8185, 0.6809, 3.2203



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.5933, 53.4747, 60.6093



70.5677, 61.1359, 69.6005



68.0249, 76.9658, 53.9198



14.5894, 14.4530, 16.0382



19.4004, 9.8944, 5.7374

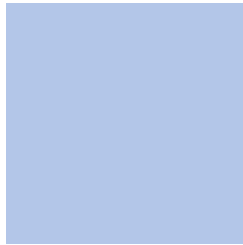


1.4768, 0.7484, 0.6512



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

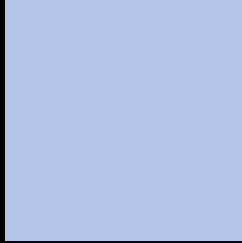
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

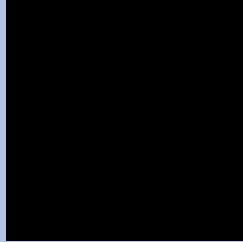
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.3500, 55.7981,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022

### Protanopia

55.0332, 55.6905, 82.7117

### Deuteranopia

56.8463, 55.5882, 84.8243



## Tritanopia

51.3155, 56.0131, 73.7526

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022

**Protanomaly**

54.4134, 55.6885, 83.4824

**Deuteranomaly**

55.4856, 55.5431, 84.8873

**Tritanomaly**

51.9706, 55.9296, 77.1636

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022

**Achromatopsia**

52.4687, 55.2011, 60.1140

**Achromatomaly**

52.7101, 55.4831, 68.2528

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 198, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 198, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 198, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 198, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 198, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 198, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 198, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 198, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 198, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 198,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.3500, 55.7981, 84.3022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 198, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
198, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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