

Converting Colors

XYZ(53.5298, 55.9347, 59.6811)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(53.5298, 55.9347, 59.6811)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(53.6360, 56.1520,
59.6413)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8C5C3
RGB	200, 197, 195
RGB Percent	78%, 77%, 76%
CMY	0.2157, 0.2274, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.22
HSL	24°, 4%, 77%
HSV	24°, 2%, 78%
XYZ	53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413
YIQ	197.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

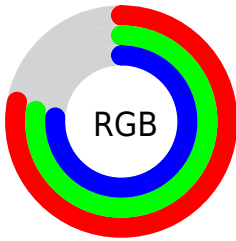
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 198, 195
Decimal	13157827
CIE Lab	79.70, 0.68, 1.36
CIE LCh	80, 1.521, 63.352
Yxy	56.1520, 0.3166, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291347907 (0xFFC8C5C3)
YUV	197.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443
Hunter-Lab	74.9346, -3.3706, 5.2647

Details

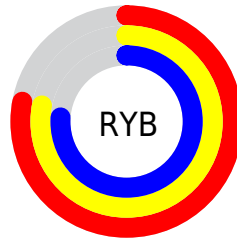
The XYZ color **53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.1251, 56.1597, 62.6842**, and the grayscale version is **53.4837, 56.2690, 61.2769**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.2525, 99.1719, 106.2699**, and **26.4842, 27.6790, 29.1460** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.9106, 50.0805, 47.6468**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.8839, 62.7824, 73.3058**.

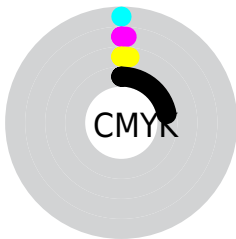
Distribution



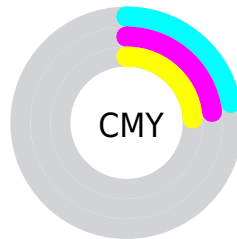
- Red (78%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.6360, 56.1520,
59.6413

■ 53.6360, 56.1520,
59.6413

390.9415,
410.2641, 441.0422

■ 38.5402, 40.3248,
42.7062

■ 94.6996, 99.2268,
105.8474

■ 26.5814, 27.7919,
29.3249

121.3982,
127.2432, 135.9555

■ 17.3940, 18.1688,
19.0791

152.6950,
160.0914, 171.2916

■ 10.6129, 11.0713,
11.5500

188.9556,
198.1559, 212.2744

■ 5.8725, 6.1148,
6.3193

230.5451,
241.8210, 259.3223

■ 2.8076, 2.9150,
2.9683

277.8291,

■ 1.0529, 1.0875,

291.4711, 312.8539

1.0785

331.1727,
347.4907, 373.2877

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 53.6360, 56.1520,
59.6413

■ 53.6360, 56.1520,
59.6413

■ 48.9106, 50.0805,
47.6468

■ 58.8839, 62.7824,
73.3058

■ 44.6860, 44.5458,
37.2539

■ 64.6658, 69.9786,
88.6975

■ 40.9460, 39.5348,
28.3950

■ 70.9983, 77.7566,
105.8743

■ 37.6713, 35.0313,
20.9962

■ 74.5068, 84.7737,
107.0438

■ 34.8415, 31.0182,
14.9774

■ 77.6297, 91.0195,
108.0847

■ 32.4345, 27.4771,
10.2509

■ 30.4258, 24.3884,
6.7183

■ 28.7880, 21.7307,
4.2673

■ 27.4891, 19.4804,
2.7632

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.8654, 56.1520, 60.2152



53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413



53.3363, 56.1520, 59.4677

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413



52.7836, 56.1520, 61.2389



53.6960, 56.1520, 62.5631

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413



53.1251, 56.1597, 62.6842

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.4053, 56.1520, 62.8434



53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413



52.8792, 56.1520, 62.0742

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413



52.8449, 56.1520, 60.3848



53.1065, 56.1520, 62.6636



53.9002, 56.1520, 61.9014

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413



53.1371, 56.1520, 59.6009



53.1065, 56.1520, 62.6636



53.6051, 56.1520, 62.7053

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.6376, 56.1544, 59.6425



94.1565, 98.8657, 106.5902



53.5284, 55.3877, 61.2965



20.1628, 21.1733, 22.8390



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.6376, 56.1544, 59.6425



92.3974, 96.6267, 102.0601



54.2092, 57.2976, 59.8330



11.5628, 12.0745, 12.6605



17.0582, 11.6336, 1.3464



0.8783, 0.6920, 0.0873

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.1251, 56.1597, 62.6842



91.3212, 96.6376, 108.4475



52.5592, 55.0278, 62.4956



11.3964, 12.0762, 13.6478



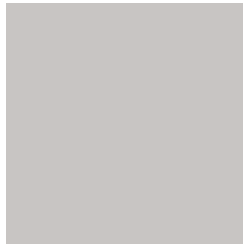
10.9784, 11.3507, 36.3566



0.5894, 0.6765, 1.7447

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

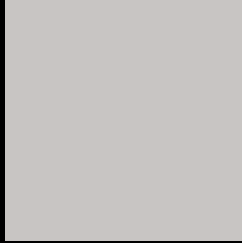
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

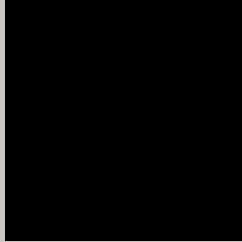
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

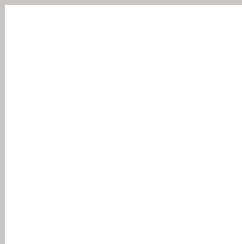
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413.

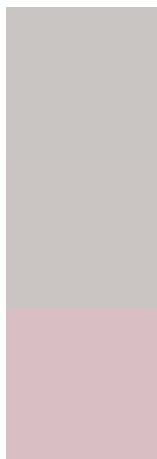


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.6360, 56.1520,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413

Protanopia

54.1737, 56.4292, 59.6664

Deuteranopia

57.2099, 55.9988, 60.0181



Tritanopia

55.5051, 56.2399, 68.9027

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413

Protanomaly

53.9040, 56.2901, 59.6538

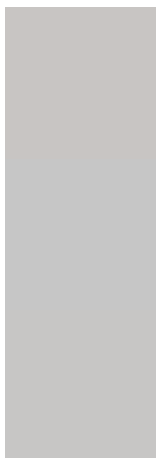
Deuteranomaly

55.8977, 55.9743, 60.0826

Tritanomaly

54.8468, 56.3051, 65.7349

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413

Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971

Achromatomaly

53.8253, 56.5615, 60.9039

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(200, 197, 195) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 197, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 197, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 197, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 197, 195) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 197, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 197, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 197, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 197, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 197,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.6360, 56.1520, 59.6413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 197, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
197, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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