

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.5451, 43.8952, 12.1202)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.5451, 43.8952, 12.1202)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.5426, 43.8876,  
12.1277)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF974A
RGB	255, 151, 74
RGB Percent	100%, 59%, 29%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4078, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.71, 0.00
HSL	26°, 100%, 65%
HSV	26°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277
YIQ	173.3180, 86.7010, -1.8990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

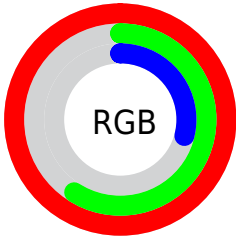
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 208, 74
Decimal	16750410
CIE Lab	72.15, 32.97, 55.76
CIE LCh	72, 64.779, 59.403
Yxy	43.8876, 0.4887, 0.4006
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294940490 (0xFFFF974A)
YUV	173.3180, -48.9638, 71.6351
Hunter-Lab	66.2477, 28.3334, 35.5194

# Details

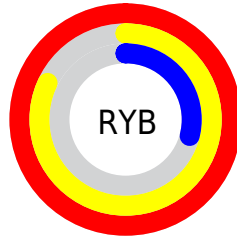
The XYZ color **53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **36.7933, 40.5143, 100.4879**, and the grayscale version is **40.0953, 42.1834, 45.9377**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.0772, 66.9090, 29.1180**, and **26.5895, 20.3153, 3.2293** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.6381, 39.1863, 7.7458**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.0901, 49.3187, 18.4411**.

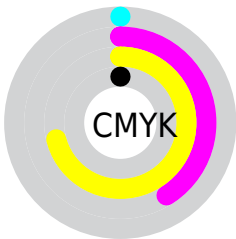
# Distribution



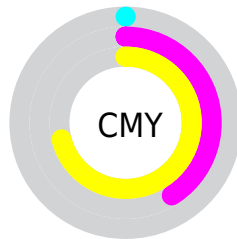
- Red (100%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (71%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.5426, 43.8876,  
12.1277


 53.5426, 43.8876,  
12.1277


390.5903,  
362.2494, 216.2567


 38.4653, 30.5822,  
6.7071

 94.5632, 81.0486,  
30.3953


 26.5229, 20.2809,  
3.2040


 121.2371,  
105.6729, 44.0795


 17.3499, 12.5994,  
1.1997


 152.5074,  
134.8390, 61.3552

 10.5812, 7.1533,  
0.0000

 188.7393,  
168.9312, 82.6411

 5.8512, 3.5581,  
0.0000

 230.2982,  
208.3340, 108.3556

 2.7946, 1.4296,  
0.0000

277.5494,

 1.0461, 0.2384,

253.4316, 138.9174

0.0000

330.8583,  
304.6087, 174.7449

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.5426, 43.8876,  
12.1277

■ 53.5426, 43.8876,  
12.1277

■ 50.6381, 39.1863,  
7.7458

■ 57.0901, 49.3187,  
18.4411

■ 48.3178, 35.1686,  
5.0523


■ 61.3253, 55.5081,  
26.8847


■ 46.6540, 32.0885,  
3.7348

■ 66.2915, 62.4905,  
37.6345

■ 72.0271, 70.2960,  
50.8475

■ 78.5677, 78.9529,  
66.6668

 85.9462, 88.4882,  
85.2244

 94.1937, 98.9273,  
106.6431

 95.0497, 99.9998,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1975, 43.8876, 23.6275



53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277



41.9364, 43.8876, 9.0284

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277



23.8105, 43.8876, 47.1527



53.0894, 43.8876, 123.2277

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277



36.7933, 40.5143, 100.4879

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.4921, 43.8876, 138.6222



53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277



25.7512, 43.8876, 84.4989

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277



25.9126, 43.8876, 22.9451



31.7697, 43.8876, 122.0350



62.9049, 43.8876, 86.1207



# Rectangle

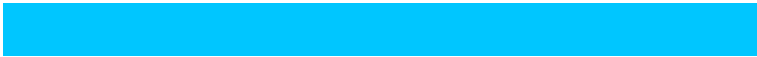
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277



35.0200, 43.8876, 10.2187



31.7697, 43.8876, 122.0350



49.2106, 43.8876, 131.6892

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.5436, 43.8899, 12.1285



78.5539, 78.9348, 66.6320



51.8845, 29.4360, 45.9051



16.4097, 16.3652, 13.2699



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.5436, 43.8899, 12.1285



49.6387, 37.4912, 6.4752



73.6112, 84.0251, 18.8177



18.6447, 19.2575, 18.8787



24.5186, 17.0484, 1.9984



2.4929, 1.8711, 0.2298



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.7933, 40.5143, 100.4879



31.9174, 33.7545, 99.4408



24.4536, 15.8348, 96.3746



17.8696, 19.1109, 22.9969



14.9948, 14.8992, 51.5201



1.5684, 1.6674, 5.0525



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.5426, 43.8876,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277

### Protanopia

40.4693, 44.3203, 14.4044

### Deuteranopia

45.0809, 44.1778, 11.7814



## Tritanopia

57.1981, 43.8439, 36.0199

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277



## Protanomaly

44.3274, 43.4752, 13.4524



## Deuteranomaly

47.6619, 43.6192, 11.8685



## Tritanomaly

55.3754, 43.6081, 24.9006

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277



## Achromatopsia

39.7200, 41.7885, 45.5077



## Achromatomaly

42.5991, 41.4129, 29.4152

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 151, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 151, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 151, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 151, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 151, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 151, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 151, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 151, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151,  
74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.5426, 43.8876, 12.1277 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 151, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
151, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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