

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.5563, 57.6397, 59.4158)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.5563, 57.6397, 59.4158)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(53.3892, 57.4041,  
59.3051)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4C9C2
RGB	196, 201, 194
RGB Percent	77%, 79%, 76%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2117, 0.2392
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.03, 0.21
HSL	103°, 6%, 77%
HSV	103°, 3%, 79%
XYZ	53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051
YIQ	198.7070, -0.7330, -3.2370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

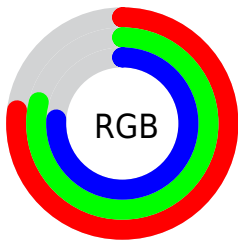
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 201, 199
Decimal	12896706
CIELab	80.41, -3.00, 2.88
CIElCh	80, 4.159, 136.084
Yxy	57.4041, 0.3139, 0.3375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291086786 (0xFFC4C9C2)
YUV	198.7070, -2.3206, -2.3740
Hunter-Lab	75.7655, -6.8071, 6.6269

# Details

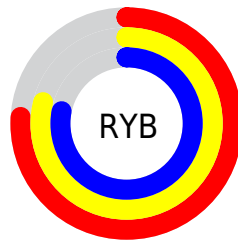
The XYZ color **53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.3898, 54.9443, 63.0527**, and the grayscale version is **54.1225, 56.9411, 62.0088**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.5233, 99.3048, 104.6810**, and **26.3227, 28.5117, 28.9269** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.7247, 54.7290, 48.0422**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.7199, 60.3906, 72.1956**.

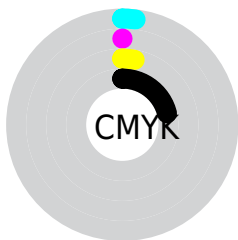
# Distribution



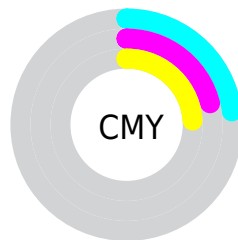
- Red (77%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.3892, 57.4041,  
59.3051

■ 53.3892, 57.4041,  
59.3051

390.0130,  
414.9618, 439.7650

■ 38.3423, 41.3298,  
42.4371

■ 94.3390, 101.0546,  
105.3544

■ 26.4269, 28.5768,  
29.1156

120.9726,  
129.3995, 135.3729

■ 17.2776, 18.7609,  
18.9220

152.1991,  
162.6035, 170.6120

■ 10.5291, 11.4977,  
11.4377

188.3839,  
201.0508, 211.4902

■ 5.8161, 6.4026,  
6.2442

229.8923,  
245.1259, 258.4260

■ 2.7732, 3.0914,  
2.9229

277.0897,

■ 1.0350, 1.1796,

295.2131, 311.8381

1.0554

330.3415,  
351.6970, 372.1449

■ 0.0000, 0.0450,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.3892, 57.4041,  
59.3051

■ 53.3892, 57.4041,  
59.3051

■ 47.7247, 54.7290,  
48.0422

■ 59.7199, 60.3906,  
72.1956

■ 42.6994, 52.3480,  
38.3385

■ 66.7331, 63.6907,  
86.7708

■ 38.2915, 50.2528,  
30.1263

■ 74.4505, 67.3160,  
103.0897

■ 34.4761, 48.4324,  
23.3316

■ 79.6077, 69.9616,  
103.9159

■ 31.2265, 46.8745,  
17.8741

■ 80.1778, 70.2555,  
103.9426

■ 28.5138, 45.5664,  
13.6652

■ 26.3062, 44.4938,  
10.6059

■ 24.5683, 43.6409,  
8.5820

■ 23.2590, 42.9895,  
7.4560

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.1082, 57.4041, 58.1025



53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051



52.9861, 57.4041, 61.3817

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051



54.1678, 57.4041, 67.1691



56.1502, 57.4041, 61.2124

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051



53.3898, 54.9443, 63.0527

# Split Complementary

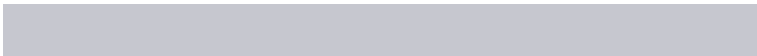
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.1666, 57.4041, 63.6385



53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051



55.0160, 57.4041, 67.1209

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051



53.4324, 57.4041, 65.9445



55.7496, 57.4041, 65.8145



55.7051, 57.4041, 59.1840



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051



52.9480, 57.4041, 63.0019



55.7496, 57.4041, 65.8145



56.2062, 57.4041, 62.0073

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.3908, 57.4066, 59.3064



93.9750, 99.4929, 106.7208



54.2277, 57.1159, 59.2061



20.1259, 21.3009, 22.8656



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

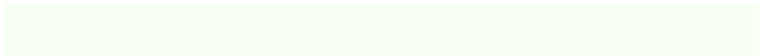


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.3908, 57.4066, 59.3064



90.8205, 98.0043, 100.3562



53.0321, 57.2034, 60.1147



11.3596, 12.3072, 12.4792



14.2868, 26.8604, 4.4316



0.7494, 1.3095, 0.2132



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.3898, 54.9443, 63.0527



90.8185, 93.1156, 107.7942



53.7599, 55.1540, 62.2137



11.3593, 11.5984, 13.5575



13.9110, 6.4056, 35.2476

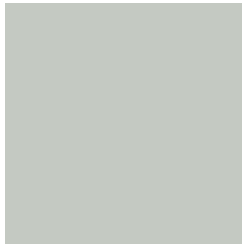


0.7274, 0.3387, 1.6722



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

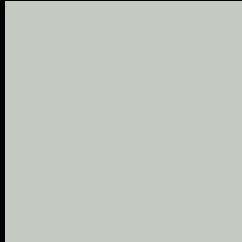
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

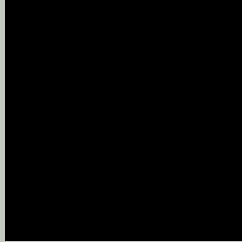
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

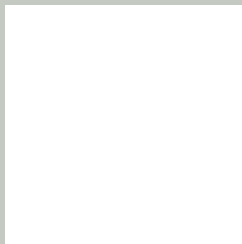
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.3892, 57.4041,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051

### Protanopia

54.7216, 57.0758, 58.5847

### Deuteranopia

58.5490, 57.3411, 60.2066



## Tritanopia

55.8849, 57.3853, 71.7494

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051

## Protanomaly

54.1365, 57.1146, 58.6230

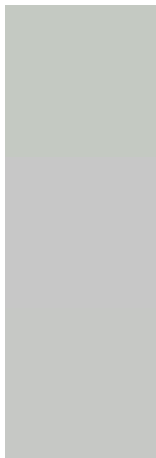
## Deuteranomaly

56.4542, 57.2689, 59.7083

## Tritanomaly

54.9746, 57.3576, 67.2051

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051

## Achromatopsia

54.2854, 57.1125, 62.1955

## Achromatomaly

54.0210, 57.3455, 61.0449

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 201, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 201, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 201, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 201, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 201, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 201, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 201, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 201, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 201, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 201,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.3892, 57.4041, 59.3051 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 201, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
201, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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