

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.8474, 55.4147, 61.4322)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.8474, 55.4147, 61.4322)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(53.7955, 55.5249,  
61.3081)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C9C3C6
RGB	201, 195, 198
RGB Percent	79%, 76%, 78%
CMY	0.2118, 0.2353, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.21
HSL	330°, 5%, 78%
HSV	330°, 3%, 79%
XYZ	53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081
YIQ	197.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

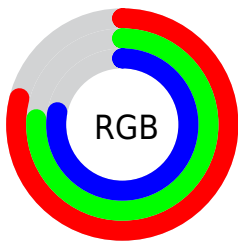
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 195, 198
Decimal	13222854
CIE Lab	79.34, 2.63, -0.77
CIE LCh	79, 2.742, 343.744
Yxy	55.5249, 0.3153, 0.3254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291412934 (0xFFC9C3C6)
YUV	197.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887
Hunter-Lab	74.5150, -1.5347, 3.3790

# Details

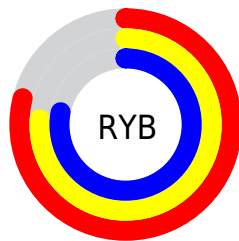
The XYZ color **53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.5874, 57.4540, 61.6942**, and the grayscale version is **53.1508, 55.9187, 60.8955**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.1004, 98.1008, 108.5835**, and **26.5915, 27.2664, 30.2470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.4704, 46.6690, 53.9996**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.8070, 65.6288, 69.2267**.

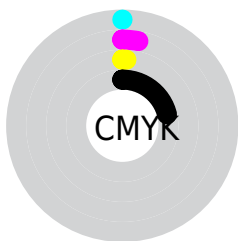
# Distribution



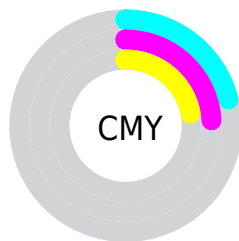
- Red (79%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.7955, 55.5249,  
61.3081

■ 53.7955, 55.5249,  
61.3081

391.5408,  
407.8986, 447.3406

■ 38.6682, 39.8221,  
44.0417

■ 94.9326, 98.3096,  
108.2868

■ 26.6813, 27.3999,  
30.3659

121.6731,  
126.1603, 138.8361

■ 17.4693, 17.8738,  
19.8620

153.0153,  
158.8291, 174.6502

■ 10.6671, 10.8594,  
12.1117

189.3247,  
196.7004, 216.1476

■ 5.9091, 5.9724,  
6.6963

230.9666,  
240.1586, 263.7468

■ 2.8300, 2.8283,  
3.1974

278.3064,

■ 1.0645, 1.0428,

289.5881, 317.8663

1.1963

331.7093,  
345.3733, 378.9247

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.7955, 55.5249,  
61.3081

■ 53.7955, 55.5249,  
61.3081

■ 48.4704, 46.6690,  
53.9996

■ 59.8070, 65.6288,  
69.2267

■ 43.8014, 39.0053,  
47.2819

■ 66.5244, 77.0196,  
77.7670

■ 39.7630, 32.4842,  
41.1394

■ 73.8747, 89.5484,  
86.9122

■ 36.3260, 27.0501,  
35.5547

■ 75.3132, 90.1239,  
94.4876

■ 33.4588, 22.6424,  
30.5092

■ 76.8344, 90.7323,  
102.4978

■ 31.1270, 19.1947,  
25.9832

■ 77.8977, 91.1577,  
108.0973

■ 29.2919, 16.6327,  
21.9551

■ 27.9093, 14.8709,  
18.4011

■ 26.9264, 13.8067,  
15.2943

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5086, 55.5249, 62.6695



53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081



53.8076, 55.5249, 59.7412

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081



52.5241, 55.5249, 57.5655



52.0152, 55.5249, 62.5735

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081



53.5874, 57.4540, 61.6942

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7552, 55.5249, 61.1789



53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081



52.0476, 55.5249, 58.2976

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081



53.0710, 55.5249, 57.5987



51.7670, 55.5249, 59.6142



52.4796, 55.5249, 63.4086



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081



53.6581, 55.5249, 58.7920



51.7670, 55.5249, 59.6142



51.9011, 55.5249, 62.1535

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.7971, 55.5273, 61.3093



94.0372, 98.3019, 107.5525



53.3484, 55.2556, 63.1127



20.1385, 21.0585, 23.0349



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.7971, 55.5273, 61.3093



91.0711, 93.3395, 103.5744



53.4547, 55.3904, 59.5066



11.3961, 11.6310, 12.9444



16.6514, 8.4101, 8.6398



0.8250, 0.4128, 0.6016



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.7971, 55.5273, 61.3093



91.0711, 93.3395, 103.5744



53.9366, 57.5937, 63.5330



11.3961, 11.6310, 12.9444



16.6514, 8.4101, 8.6398



0.8250, 0.4128, 0.6016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

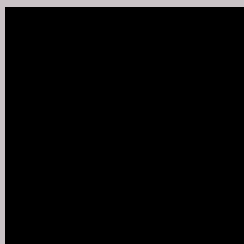
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

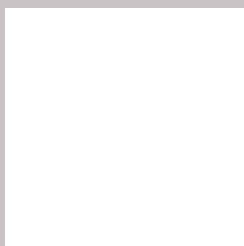
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081.



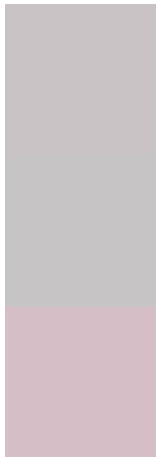
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.7955, 55.5249,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081

### Protanopia

53.4862, 55.6992, 61.3581

### Deuteranopia

56.4538, 55.2466, 61.7210



## Tritanopia

55.2072, 55.4399, 68.1128

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081

## Protanomaly

53.7524, 55.8364, 61.3705

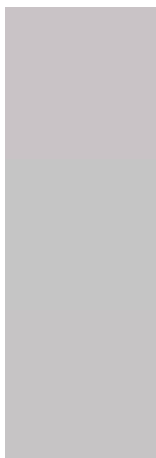
## Deuteranomaly

55.4529, 55.3781, 61.7992

## Tritanomaly

54.6684, 55.5479, 65.5981

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081

## Achromatopsia

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033

## Achromatomaly

53.1067, 55.5168, 60.7401

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(201, 195, 198) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 195, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 195, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 195, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 195, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 195, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 195, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 195, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 195, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 195, 198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.7955, 55.5249, 61.3081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 195, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
195, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor