

# Converting Colors

XYZ(53.9950, 67.0869, 39.7404)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(53.9950, 67.0869, 39.7404)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.0786, 67.1938,  
39.8252)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">BFE198</a>
RGB	<a href="#">191, 225, 152</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">75%, 88%, 60%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.2510, 0.1176, 0.4039</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.15, 0.00, 0.32, 0.12</a>
HSL	<a href="#">88°, 55%, 74%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">88°, 32%, 88%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">206.5120, 3.1690, -29.9110</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

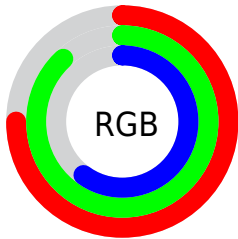
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	152, 225, 186
Decimal	12575128
CIELab	85.60, -23.62, 32.14
CIELCh	86, 39.891, 126.311
Yxy	67.1938, 0.3357, 0.4171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290765208 (0xFFBFE198)
YUV	206.5120, -26.8744, -13.6040
Hunter-Lab	81.9718, -25.6904, 28.5748

# Details

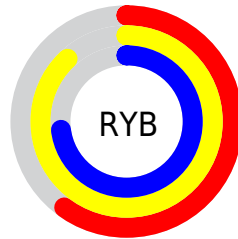
The XYZ color **54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **45.0712, 38.3337, 76.2615**, and the grayscale version is **59.1617, 62.2427, 67.7823**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.7339, 95.9815, 73.0391**, and **26.9915, 34.9879, 17.3873** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.8662, 65.2174, 30.9041**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.8327, 69.4132, 50.5991**.

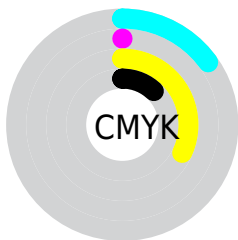
# Distribution



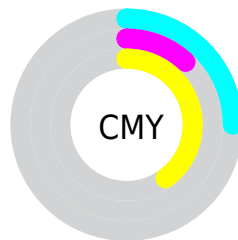
- Red (75%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.0786, 67.1938,  
39.8252

■ 54.0786, 67.1938,  
39.8252

392.6031,  
450.6343, 360.9164

■ 38.8954, 49.2421,  
27.0895

■ 95.3459, 115.1981,  
76.1314

■ 26.8587, 34.8116,  
17.4074

■ 122.1607,  
146.0195, 100.5391

■ 17.6032, 23.5178,  
10.3604

153.5834,  
181.8995, 129.6745

■ 10.7634, 14.9763,  
5.5298

189.9794,  
223.2227, 163.9561

■ 5.9741, 8.8028,  
2.4972

231.7140,  
270.3734, 203.8026

■ 2.8699, 4.6127,  
0.8387

279.1526,

■ 1.0853, 2.0219,

323.7360, 249.6325

0.0000

332.6605,  
383.6948, 301.8642

■ 0.0128, 0.6201,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.0786, 67.1938,  
39.8252

■ 54.0786, 67.1938,  
39.8252

■ 49.8662, 65.2174,  
30.9041

■ 58.8327, 69.4132,  
50.5991

■ 46.1666, 63.4652,  
23.7270


■ 64.1454, 71.8760,  
63.3179

■ 42.9557, 61.9294,  
18.1803


■ 70.0392, 74.5938,  
78.0727


■ 40.2048, 60.5979,  
14.1350


■ 76.5335, 77.5750,  
94.9475


 37.8815, 59.4574,  
11.4430

 82.0783, 80.1999,  
105.7619

 35.9474, 58.4919,  
9.9257

 85.8074, 82.1223,  
105.9364

 34.6999, 57.8605,  
9.3393

 86.2166, 82.3332,  
105.9555

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.9665, 67.1938, 33.8798



54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252



49.1801, 67.1938, 54.8625

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252



57.1073, 67.1938, 129.1405



82.8299, 67.1938, 67.8050

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252



45.0712, 38.3337, 76.2615

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.2174, 67.1938, 95.1374



54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252



65.8033, 67.1938, 134.9338

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252



50.8095, 67.1938, 106.9303



74.7676, 67.1938, 121.2813



78.9864, 67.1938, 47.3771



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252



47.9849, 67.1938, 69.9934



74.7676, 67.1938, 121.2813



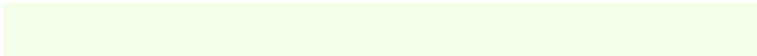
82.9127, 67.1938, 76.4261

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.0803, 67.1967, 39.8267



86.9771, 96.2816, 88.4953



54.0390, 52.9121, 37.0716



18.3875, 20.5024, 18.3759



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

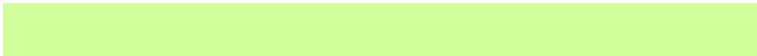


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.0803, 67.1967, 39.8267



67.9258, 87.4133, 44.5455



46.2374, 63.1536, 39.4596



14.2245, 15.6959, 14.5867



20.1309, 33.4104, 5.3878



1.4984, 2.3690, 0.3783



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.0712, 38.3337, 76.2615



54.1860, 43.3851, 100.1260



54.7469, 43.3217, 76.7143



13.5559, 13.5546, 17.2895



11.3075, 4.9245, 41.4029



0.8864, 0.3942, 2.8746



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

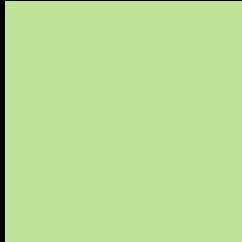
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

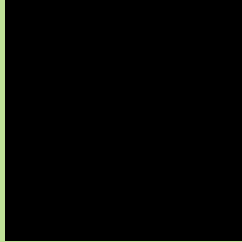
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.0786, 67.1938,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252

### Protanopia

62.0157, 66.6840, 37.2065

### Deuteranopia

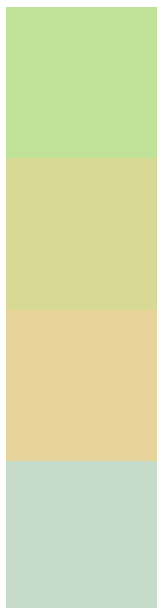
68.3401, 66.9456, 40.7724



## Tritanopia

63.4945, 67.1236, 85.9536

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252

## Protanomaly

58.5566, 66.3946, 38.1629

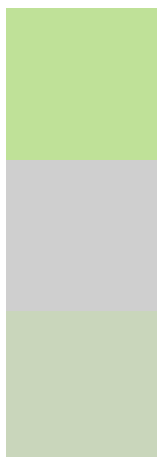
## Deuteranomaly

62.0930, 66.2765, 40.5303

## Tritanomaly

59.6642, 67.1169, 66.3101

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252

## Achromatopsia

59.3074, 62.3960, 67.9493

## Achromatomaly

57.1036, 64.0985, 56.3763

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 225, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 225, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 225, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 225, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 225, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 225, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 225, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 225, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 225, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 225,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.0786, 67.1938, 39.8252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 225, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
225, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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