

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.0085, 26.5864, 68.4927)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.0085, 26.5864, 68.4927)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.0264, 26.5849,  
68.6136)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF0CDA
RGB	255, 12, 218
RGB Percent	100%, 5%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9528, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.95, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	309°, 100%, 52%
HSV	309°, 95%, 100%
XYZ	54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136
YIQ	108.1410, 78.7020, 115.5820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

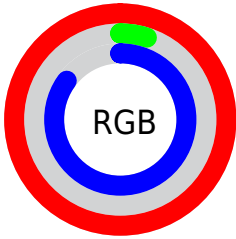
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 12, 218
Decimal	16714970
CIE Lab	58.59, 92.68, -42.87
CIE LCh	59, 102.116, 335.179
Yxy	26.5849, 0.3620, 0.1782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294905050 (0xFFFF0CDA)
YUV	108.1410, 54.1605, 128.7953
Hunter-Lab	51.5605, 96.8057, -42.8071

# Details

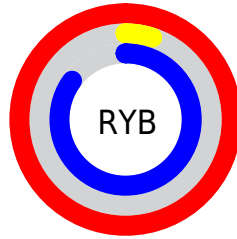
The XYZ color **54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00CC**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **36.4676, 71.8206, 14.8516**, and the grayscale version is **14.1384, 14.8747, 16.1985**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.4440, 38.7881, 98.6980**, and **28.5139, 13.9461, 35.3714** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.6561, 26.2265, 67.3124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.0880, 27.8851, 71.5046**.

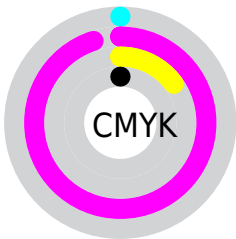
# Distribution



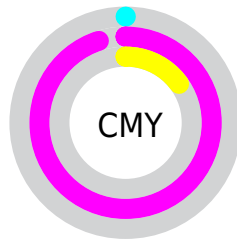
- Red (100%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.0264, 26.5849,  
68.6136

 54.0264, 26.5849,  
68.6136

392.4074,  
285.6416, 474.3239

 38.8535, 17.2617,  
49.9273

 95.2697, 54.2170,  
118.8920


 26.8260, 10.4213,  
34.9848


 122.0708, 73.2948,  
151.3212


 17.5785, 5.6792,  
23.3677


 153.4787, 96.3929,  
189.1684

 10.7457, 2.6510,  
14.6574

 189.8587,  
123.8956, 232.8522

 5.9621, 0.9524,  
8.4354

 231.5762,  
156.1875, 282.7911

 2.8625, 0.0000,  
4.2830

278.9966,

 1.0815, 0.0000,

193.6528, 339.4037

1.7819

332.4852,  
236.6761, 403.1084

■ 0.0095, 0.0000,  
0.4160

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.0264, 26.5849,  
68.6136

■ 54.0264, 26.5849,  
68.6136

■ 53.6561, 26.2265,  
67.3124

■ 55.0880, 27.8851,  
71.5046

■ 56.7157, 30.2984,  
74.6431

■ 59.0087, 34.0231,  
78.0630

■ 62.0470, 39.2190,  
81.7912

■ 65.8992, 46.0229,  
85.8510

■ 70.6258, 54.5560,  
90.2630

■ 76.2817, 64.9281,  
95.0457

■ 82.9173, 77.2395,  
100.2165

■ 90.5793, 91.5836,  
105.7911

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.8331, 26.5849, 129.8010



54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136



57.6320, 26.5849, 23.1575

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136



23.1565, 26.5849, 0.0000



10.2554, 26.5849, 89.6200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136



36.4676, 71.8206, 14.8516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.0746, 26.5849, 35.6277



54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136



13.7801, 26.5849, 1.2515

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136



36.7829, 26.5849, 0.5825



9.1096, 26.5849, 8.5768



16.4487, 26.5849, 147.4735



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136



53.9209, 26.5849, 8.4043



9.1096, 26.5849, 8.5768



9.1418, 26.5849, 69.3103

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.0270, 26.5861, 68.6141



74.0634, 60.8438, 93.2201



19.4242, 8.1244, 95.1521



15.3438, 12.0911, 19.5193



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.0270, 26.5861, 68.6141



53.6561, 26.2265, 67.3124



43.5335, 22.3887, 13.3559



18.6668, 18.2500, 22.1283



28.0814, 13.7219, 35.4089



2.7650, 1.3484, 3.6097



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.0270, 26.5861, 68.6141



53.6561, 26.2265, 67.3124



43.1648, 74.4995, 50.1184



18.6668, 18.2500, 22.1283



28.0814, 13.7219, 35.4089



2.7650, 1.3484, 3.6097



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

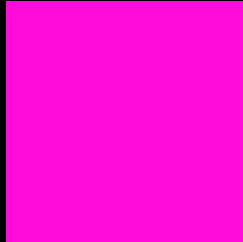
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.0264, 26.5849,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136

### Protanopia

30.7058, 27.2360, 98.2464

### Deuteranopia

27.6000, 26.8769, 61.4907



## Tritanopia

42.5243, 26.6440, 12.7991

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136



## Protanomaly

31.7082, 20.1761, 86.2276



## Deuteranomaly

31.4836, 20.6973, 63.3084



## Tritanomaly

44.7907, 24.8905, 26.1105

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136



## Achromatopsia

14.2537, 14.9960, 16.3306



## Achromatomaly

22.4258, 14.4803, 29.6300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 12, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 12, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 12, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 12, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 12, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 12, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 12, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 12, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 12, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 12,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.0264, 26.5849, 68.6136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 12, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 12,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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