

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.0214, 62.0291, 53.6099)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.0214, 62.0291, 53.6099)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.9760, 62.1724,  
53.4116)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C0D5B6
RGB	192, 213, 182
RGB Percent	75%, 84%, 71%
CMY	0.2471, 0.1647, 0.2863
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.15, 0.16
HSL	101°, 27%, 77%
HSV	101°, 15%, 84%
XYZ	53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116
YIQ	203.1870, -2.5650, -14.0930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

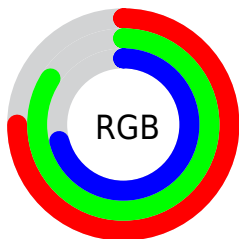
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	182, 213, 203
Decimal	12637622
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.01, -12.69, 12.97
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	83, 18.143, 134.388
Y <sub>xy</sub>	62.1724, 0.3183, 0.3667
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290827702 (0xFFC0D5B6)
YUV	203.1870, -10.4452, -9.8110
Hunter-Lab	78.8495, -15.7953, 15.0324

# Details

The XYZ color **53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **53.3693, 50.9582, 69.9772**, and the grayscale version is **56.9484, 59.9142, 65.2465**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.2595, 97.8328, 95.0153**, and **26.6705, 31.4420, 25.4321** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.4639, 59.5679, 42.5237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1846, 65.1009, 66.0826**.

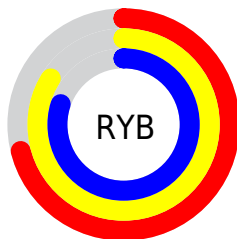
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (84%)

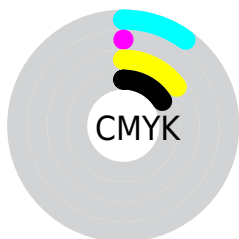
Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (80%)

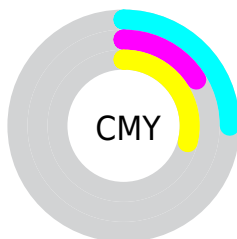


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.9760, 62.1724,  
53.4116

■ 53.9760, 62.1724,  
53.4116

392.2183,  
432.5597, 416.9733

■ 38.8131, 45.1720,  
37.7415

■ 95.1961, 107.9747,  
96.6574

■ 26.7944, 31.5929,  
25.4818

121.9840,  
137.5453, 125.0702

■ 17.5547, 21.0508,  
16.2141

153.3776,  
172.0749, 158.5677

■ 10.7285, 13.1611,  
9.5198

189.7422,  
211.9477, 197.5683

■ 5.9505, 7.5396,  
4.9803

231.4432,  
257.5482, 242.4906

■ 2.8554, 3.8018,  
2.1772

278.8460,

■ 1.0778, 1.5633,

309.2608, 293.7532

0.6612

332.3159,  
367.4698, 351.7746

■ 0.0064, 0.3327,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.9760, 62.1724,  
53.4116

■ 53.9760, 62.1724,  
53.4116

■ 48.4639, 59.5679,  
42.5237

■ 60.1846, 65.1009,  
66.0826

■ 43.6180, 57.2681,  
33.3348

■ 67.1088, 68.3561,  
80.6074

■ 39.4130, 55.2637,  
25.7605

■ 74.7728, 71.9509,  
97.0579

■ 35.8199, 53.5416,  
19.7070

■ 81.1707, 75.0839,  
104.8222

■ 32.8074, 52.0881,  
15.0714

■ 83.0855, 76.0710,  
104.9118

■ 30.3410, 50.8878,  
11.7378

■ 28.3817, 49.9237,  
9.5718

■ 26.8844, 49.1760,  
8.4100

■ 26.2285, 48.8453,  
8.0457

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.2399, 62.1724, 48.8653



53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116



52.1272, 62.1724, 62.0505

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116



57.0877, 62.1724, 90.6851



66.6985, 62.1724, 62.4720

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116



53.3693, 50.9582, 69.9772

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.6533, 62.1724, 73.6722



53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116



60.9857, 62.1724, 90.8303

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116



53.8688, 62.1724, 83.9449



64.5236, 62.1724, 84.3221



64.6445, 62.1724, 53.6907



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116



51.8921, 62.1724, 69.3600



64.5236, 62.1724, 84.3221



66.9310, 62.1724, 66.0572

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.9777, 62.1751, 53.4130



90.9541, 98.0732, 100.3624



57.1639, 60.0808, 52.8408



19.3073, 20.9161, 21.1490



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

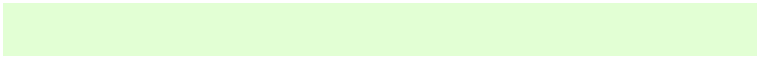


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.9777, 62.1751, 53.4130



78.8482, 92.3651, 75.7286



52.0750, 61.1314, 56.1635



12.6358, 14.0884, 13.2141



16.1158, 29.8843, 4.9189



1.0575, 1.8465, 0.3007



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.3693, 50.9582, 69.9772



77.7880, 72.8362, 104.5667



55.5355, 52.1496, 66.7087



12.5455, 12.4226, 15.6741



14.5052, 6.6302, 38.9684



0.9597, 0.4436, 2.3544



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

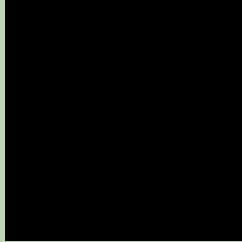
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.9760, 62.1724,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116

### Protanopia

58.7225, 62.1087, 51.0126

### Deuteranopia

63.1121, 61.8421, 54.5093



## **Tritanopia**

59.0561, 62.0132, 79.3782

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116

## Protanomaly

56.9496, 62.2655, 51.6647

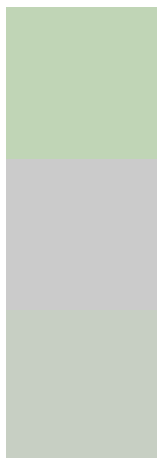
## Deuteranomaly

59.4580, 61.7065, 54.1242

## Tritanomaly

57.0740, 61.9401, 69.2691

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116

## Achromatopsia

56.7640, 59.7202, 65.0353

## Achromatomaly

55.7163, 60.7079, 60.4110

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 213, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 213, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 213, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 213, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 213, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 213, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 213, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 213, 182); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 213, 182); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 213, 182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.9760, 62.1724, 53.4116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 213, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
213, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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