

Converting Colors

XYZ(54.0457, 56.6839, 65.3491)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(54.0457, 56.6839, 65.3491)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(53.8581, 56.4836,
65.1905)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4C6CC
RGB	196, 198, 204
RGB Percent	77%, 78%, 80%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2235, 0.2000
CMYK	0.04, 0.03, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	225°, 7%, 78%
HSV	225°, 4%, 80%
XYZ	53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905
YIQ	198.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

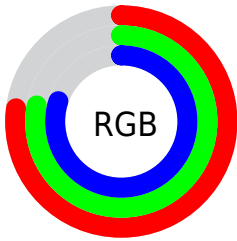
Format	Color
RYB	196, 198, 204
Decimal	12895948
CIELab	79.89, 0.44, -3.24
CIELCh	80, 3.272, 277.751
Yxy	56.4836, 0.3068, 0.3218
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291086028 (0xFFC4C6CC)
YUV	198.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294
Hunter-Lab	75.1556, -3.6053, 1.1803

Details

The XYZ color **53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **55.9862, 59.0632, 60.6749**, and the grayscale version is **53.7143, 56.5117, 61.5412**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.3180, 99.6226, 108.8657**, and **26.6336, 27.8993, 32.8355** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.5882, 47.2923, 63.8531**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.2057, 66.7574, 66.6817**.

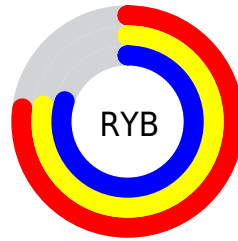
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (78%)

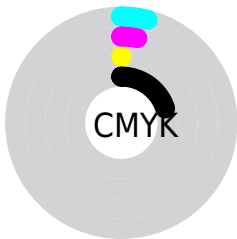
Blue (80%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (80%)

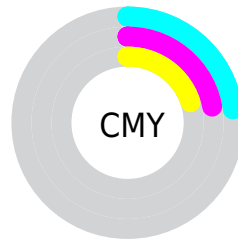


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.8581, 56.4836,
65.1905

■ 53.8581, 56.4836,
65.1905

391.7759,
411.5115, 461.8012

■ 38.7184, 40.5908,
47.1632

95.0240, 99.7113,
113.9396

■ 26.7205, 27.9995,
32.8095

121.7809,
127.8150, 145.4985

■ 17.4989, 18.3253,
21.7106

153.1410,
160.7577, 182.4050

■ 10.6883, 11.1838,
13.4481

189.4696,
198.9240, 225.0778

■ 5.9234, 6.1906,
7.6035

231.1320,
242.6980, 273.9352

■ 2.8388, 2.9613,
3.7582

278.4936,

■ 1.0691, 1.1116,

292.4644, 329.3959

1.4936

331.9198,
348.6074, 391.8784

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2132

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 53.8581, 56.4836,
65.1905

■ 53.8581, 56.4836,
65.1905

■ 45.5882, 47.2923,
63.8531

■ 63.2057, 66.7574,
66.6817

■ 38.3517, 39.1406,
62.6611

■ 73.6633, 78.1406,
68.3277

■ 32.1085, 31.9932,
61.6106

■ 84.4534, 90.2479,
70.0960

■ 26.8139, 25.8099,
60.6961

■ 87.8992, 97.1397,
71.2446

■ 22.4197, 20.5479,
59.9121

■ 18.8732, 16.1610,
59.2522

■ 16.1162, 12.5984,
58.7099

■ 14.0822, 9.8040,
58.2777

■ 12.6926, 7.7129,
57.9473

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.2047, 56.4836, 64.9429



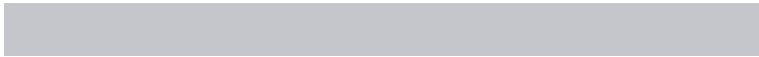
53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905



54.4703, 56.4836, 64.4335

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905



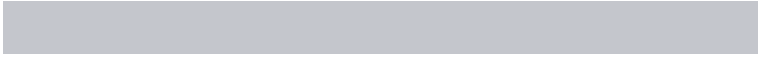
54.7004, 56.4836, 59.2925



52.5146, 56.4836, 60.1288

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905



55.9862, 59.0632, 60.6749

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.9092, 56.4836, 58.6589



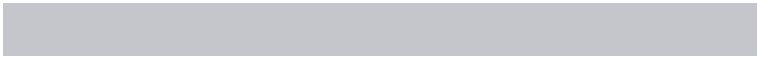
53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905



54.1702, 56.4836, 58.1830

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905



54.9592, 56.4836, 61.0099



53.5142, 56.4836, 57.9535



52.4325, 56.4836, 61.9948

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905



54.7715, 56.4836, 63.4701



53.5142, 56.4836, 57.9535



52.6149, 56.4836, 59.5731

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.8597, 56.4860, 65.1917



93.5113, 98.3061, 108.6541



55.0035, 59.1803, 64.3191



20.0315, 21.0594, 23.2591



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.8597, 56.4860, 65.1917



87.5404, 91.7147, 107.6966



53.8934, 55.8280, 65.0630



11.5225, 12.0655, 14.2919



7.6707, 4.3654, 36.3946



0.4579, 0.3495, 1.8983

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.8360, 56.3955, 61.4242



89.6158, 91.5329, 99.6856



55.9507, 59.7473, 60.8088



11.8284, 12.0394, 13.1108



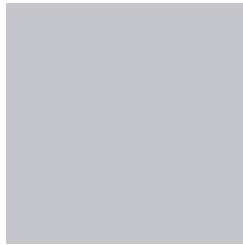
16.0827, 8.2437, 2.8883



0.8611, 0.4378, 0.3142

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

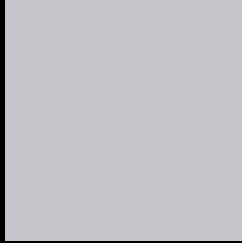
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

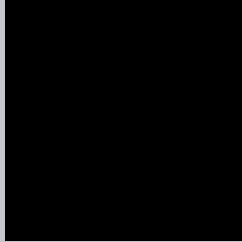
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

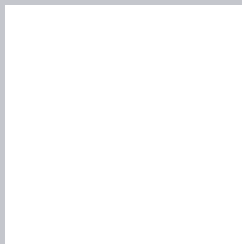
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905.

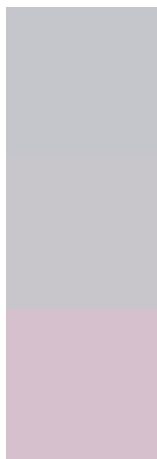


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.8581, 56.4836,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905

Protanopia

54.5652, 56.5237, 64.5342

Deuteranopia

57.6006, 56.4032, 65.6086



Tritanopia

54.8759, 56.5563, 70.3115

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905

Protanomaly

54.2989, 56.3864, 64.5217

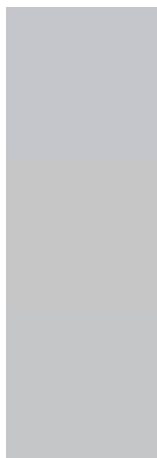
Deuteranomaly

56.0434, 56.2567, 65.6624

Tritanomaly

54.5008, 56.4063, 68.3366

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905

Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971

Achromatomaly

53.6454, 56.4286, 62.7080

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 198, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 198, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 198, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 198, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 198, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 198, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 198, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 198, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 198, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 198,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.8581, 56.4836, 65.1905 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 198, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
198, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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