

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.0741, 41.4364,  
151.7018)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.0741, 41.4364, 151.7018)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.3415, 37.6838,  
99.5444)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A299FF
RGB	162, 153, 255
RGB Percent	64%, 60%, 100%
CMY	0.3647, 0.4000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.36, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	245°, 100%, 80%
HSV	245°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444
YIQ	167.3190, -27.3780, 33.6300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

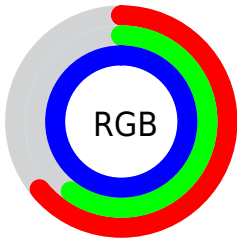
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	162, 153, 255
Decimal	10656255
CIE Lab	67.79, 26.64, -49.65
CIE LCh	68, 56.344, 298.213
Yxy	37.6838, 0.2442, 0.2075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288846335 (0xFFA299FF)
YUV	167.3190, 43.2267, -4.6648
Hunter-Lab	61.3871, 21.5076, -53.1727

# Details

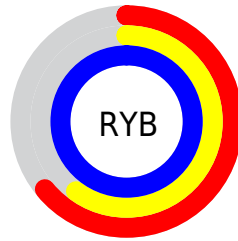
The XYZ color **44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **79.5155, 93.4126, 43.9776**, and the grayscale version is **36.6925, 38.6034, 42.0391**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.8780, 67.0613, 103.8689**, and **20.8883, 16.6441, 55.5378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.3110, 27.9968, 98.0979**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.1394, 49.6071, 101.3294**.

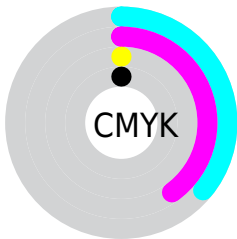
# Distribution



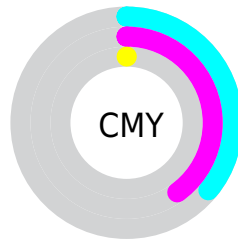
- Red (64%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.3415, 37.6838,  
99.5444

■ 44.3415, 37.6838,  
99.5444

354.9288,  
336.2616, 579.9652

■ 31.1381, 25.7374,  
75.3053

■ 80.9745, 71.6232,  
162.5774

■ 20.8564, 16.6273,  
55.3598

■ 105.1349, 94.3850,  
202.2083

■ 13.1309, 9.9691,  
39.2893

133.6784,  
121.5207, 247.8070

■ 7.5964, 5.3785,  
26.6753

166.9702,  
153.4147, 299.7920

■ 3.8874, 2.4710,  
17.0993

205.3758,  
190.4514, 358.5817

■ 1.6386, 0.8621,  
10.1426

249.2605,

■ 0.4174, 0.0000,

233.0152, 424.5948

5.3868

298.9897,  
281.4905, 498.2498

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.4132

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7936

■ 44.3415, 37.6838,  
99.5444

■ 44.3415, 37.6838,  
99.5444

■ 36.3110, 27.9968,  
98.0979

■ 54.1394, 49.6071,  
101.3294

■ 29.9384, 20.4024,  
96.9679

■ 65.7976, 63.8899,  
103.4718

■ 25.1084, 14.7469,  
96.1308

■ 79.4071, 80.6517,  
105.9899

■ 21.6886, 10.8533,  
95.5595

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 19.5242, 8.5121,  
95.2217

■ 18.3922, 7.3964,  
95.0660

■ 18.3921, 7.3964,  
95.0660

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.2972, 37.6838, 110.1572



44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444



52.0402, 37.6838, 71.8730

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444



45.3934, 37.6838, 12.2561



21.5386, 37.6838, 39.5525

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444



79.5155, 93.4126, 43.9776

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.3739, 37.6838, 20.5813



44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444



36.3425, 37.6838, 9.3205

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444



52.7135, 37.6838, 22.2618



28.4622, 37.6838, 11.5993



22.9828, 37.6838, 68.1711



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444



54.8617, 37.6838, 51.6404



28.4622, 37.6838, 11.5993



21.7855, 37.6838, 31.9848

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.3428, 37.6851, 99.5446



76.5236, 77.0938, 105.4551



64.2955, 80.2088, 106.7009



15.9856, 16.0160, 22.4988



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.3428, 37.6851, 99.5446



37.7803, 29.7613, 98.3610



56.7377, 44.0750, 100.1247



17.1516, 17.4544, 22.7150



9.6605, 3.8907, 49.6764



0.9887, 0.4036, 4.8391



# Inverse Universe

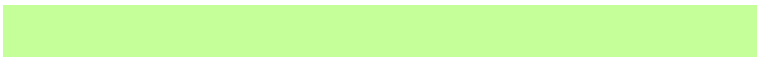
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.2660, 50.6971, 93.3224



65.9321, 44.4694, 90.8541



64.1455, 85.4890, 43.2583



18.7195, 18.2711, 22.4058



29.2251, 14.1793, 41.4313

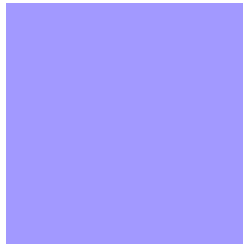


2.8650, 1.3884, 4.1365



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

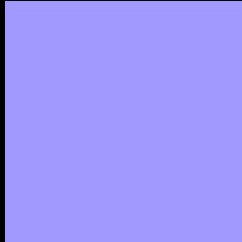
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

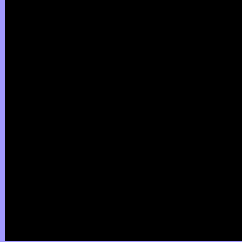
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.3415, 37.6838,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444

### Protanopia

40.3304, 37.8860, 99.7948

### Deuteranopia

39.2108, 38.1397, 98.2236



## Tritanopia

34.3085, 37.7731, 49.7386

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444

## Protanomaly

41.6035, 37.7671, 99.7048

## Deuteranomaly

40.9508, 37.9639, 98.9353

## Tritanomaly

37.3683, 37.3771, 65.5666

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

38.7462, 37.9635, 59.3184

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 153, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 153, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 153, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 153, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 153, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 153, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 153, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 153, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 153, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 153,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.3415, 37.6838, 99.5444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 153, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
153, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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