

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.1053, 59.7770, 36.0526)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.1053, 59.7770, 36.0526)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.8836, 59.5868,  
35.8556)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3CD92
RGB	211, 205, 146
RGB Percent	83%, 80%, 57%
CMY	0.1725, 0.1961, 0.4274
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.31, 0.17
HSL	54°, 42%, 70%
HSV	54°, 31%, 83%
XYZ	53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556
YIQ	200.0680, 22.5150, -17.0770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

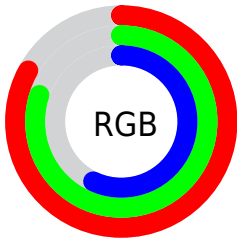
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	153, 211, 146
Decimal	13880722
CIE Lab	81.61, -6.93, 30.19
CIE LCh	82, 30.972, 102.926
Yxy	59.5868, 0.3608, 0.3990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292070802 (0xFFD3CD92)
YUV	200.0680, -26.6555, 9.5874
Hunter-Lab	77.1925, -10.4863, 26.4948

# Details

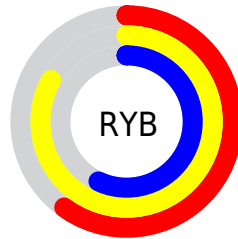
The XYZ color **53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **34.8401, 33.2699, 66.2137**, and the grayscale version is **55.0922, 57.9613, 63.1198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490**, and **26.8425, 30.0274, 15.2076** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.9294, 58.0669, 27.8403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.1496, 61.2448, 45.4708**.

# Distribution



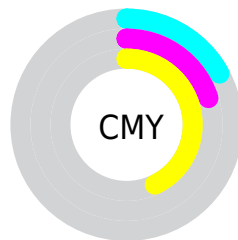
- Red (83%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.8836, 59.5868,  
35.8556


 53.8836, 59.5868,  
35.8556


391.8716,  
423.0731, 343.3473

 38.7389, 43.0857,  
24.0339


 95.0612, 104.2300,  
69.9757

 26.7365, 29.9523,  
15.1463


 121.8248,  
133.1409, 93.1111

 17.5110, 19.8024,  
8.7744


153.1922,  
166.9572, 120.8548

 10.6970, 12.2515,  
4.4995

189.5285,  
206.0633, 153.6254

 5.9293, 6.9152,  
1.9032

231.1993,  
250.8435, 191.8414

 2.8424, 3.4091,  
0.4948

278.5698,

 1.0710, 1.3489,

301.6822, 235.9214

0.0000

332.0055,  
358.9640, 286.2838

0.0006, 0.1786,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

53.8836, 59.5868,  
35.8556

53.8836, 59.5868,  
35.8556

51.9294, 58.0669,  
27.8403

56.1496, 61.2448,  
45.4708

50.2657, 56.6704,  
21.3332

58.7383, 63.0392,  
56.7632

48.8758, 55.3926,  
16.2392

61.6656, 64.9782,  
69.8099

47.7391, 54.2252,  
12.4508

64.9449, 67.0675,  
84.6817

■ 46.8324, 53.1590,  
9.8449

■ 68.5892, 69.3122,  
101.4460

■ 46.1277, 52.1827,  
8.2753

■ 69.6450, 70.5309,  
104.5509

■ 45.6126, 51.3461,  
7.5067

■ 70.1487, 71.5381,  
104.7188

■ 70.6582, 72.5573,  
104.8886

■ 71.1738, 73.5883,  
105.0605

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.3877, 59.5868, 36.3095



53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556



48.5374, 59.5868, 42.0271

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556



47.9620, 59.5868, 92.4600



69.4524, 59.5868, 75.9755

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556



34.8401, 33.2699, 66.2137

# Split Complementary

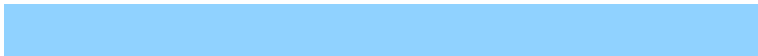
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.5876, 59.5868, 94.8015



53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556



53.0420, 59.5868, 105.4975

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556



45.2989, 59.5868, 73.2266



59.4795, 59.5868, 106.4283



69.7212, 59.5868, 57.1929



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556



46.2129, 59.5868, 49.9042



59.4795, 59.5868, 106.4283



68.5179, 59.5868, 82.5867

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.8851, 59.5895, 35.8568



90.9010, 97.2659, 90.3644



42.8520, 36.6908, 34.7452



19.3218, 20.7281, 18.7459



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.8851, 59.5895, 35.8568



80.6886, 89.9137, 46.6590



48.4906, 58.9785, 36.0232



12.7063, 13.6034, 12.5681



27.5672, 31.0674, 4.5437



1.5692, 1.7927, 0.2633



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.8401, 33.2699, 66.2137



46.9311, 43.2679, 100.4857



39.0507, 34.0324, 66.1389



11.2501, 11.5905, 14.8879



7.2742, 3.1950, 37.4258

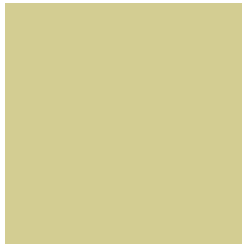


0.4376, 0.2404, 2.1029



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

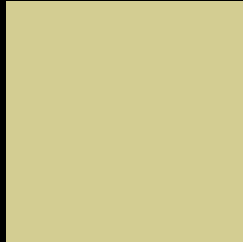
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

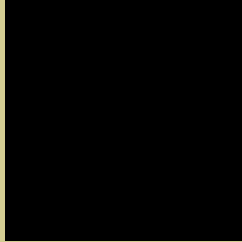
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.8836, 59.5868,

35.8556.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556

### Protanopia

55.3802, 59.6616, 35.3851

### Deuteranopia

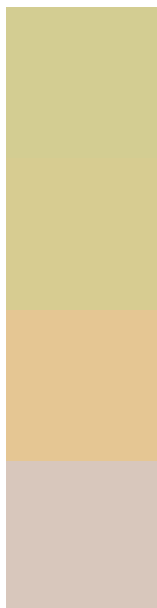
60.5723, 59.2470, 36.2603



## Tritanopia

60.8370, 59.2934, 70.5257

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556

## Protanomaly

54.7280, 59.6771, 35.4224

## Deuteranomaly

57.7736, 59.1528, 35.9764

## Tritanomaly

57.8194, 59.0766, 55.9325

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

54.2606, 58.3737, 51.5874

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 205, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 205, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 205, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 205, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 205, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 205, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 205, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 205, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 205, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 205,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.8836, 59.5868, 35.8556 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 205, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
205, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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