

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.1399, 60.2982,  
102.7553)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.1399, 60.2982, 102.7553)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(54.1326, 60.4197,  
102.5750)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98D3FE
RGB	152, 211, 254
RGB Percent	60%, 83%, 100%
CMY	0.4039, 0.1725, 0.0039
CMYK	0.40, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	205°, 98%, 80%
HSV	205°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750
YIQ	198.2610, -48.9670, 0.8650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

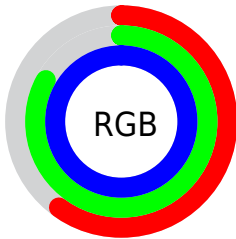
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	152, 189, 254
Decimal	10015742
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	82.07, -8.24, -26.98
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	82, 28.213, 253.012
Yxy	60.4197, 0.2493, 0.2783
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288205822 (0xFF98D3FE)
YUV	198.2610, 27.4793, -40.5709
Hunter-Lab	77.7301, -11.7172, -23.8298

# Details

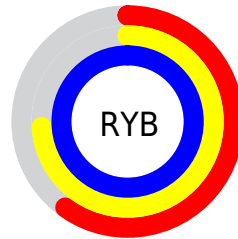
The XYZ color **54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **66.0571, 62.3695, 38.2648**, and the grayscale version is **53.6963, 56.4927, 61.5205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.1045, 92.2953, 108.2006**, and **26.9589, 30.6320, 57.3150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3061, 53.0833, 101.5198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.1581, 68.6399, 103.7397**.

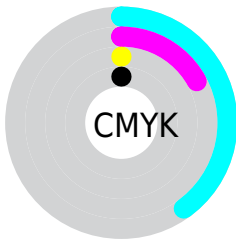
# Distribution



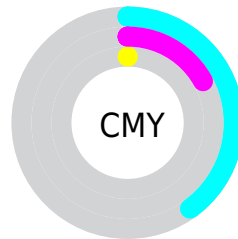
- Red (60%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.1326, 60.4197,  
102.5750

■ 54.1326, 60.4197,  
102.5750

392.8056,  
426.1430, 589.7342

■ 38.9388, 43.7570,  
77.8239

■ 95.4247, 105.4383,  
166.7740

■ 26.8926, 30.4795,  
57.4138

■ 122.2536,  
134.5629, 207.0590

■ 17.6288, 20.2028,  
40.9260

153.6917,  
168.6104, 253.3591

■ 10.7819, 12.5426,  
27.9420

190.1041,  
207.9650, 306.0927

■ 5.9865, 7.1143,  
18.0433

231.8564,  
253.0111, 365.6785

■ 2.8775, 3.5337,  
10.8113

279.3138,

■ 1.0893, 1.4163,

304.1333, 432.5350

5.8275

332.8418,  
361.7158, 507.0808

■ 0.0161, 0.2287,  
2.6734

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9300

■ 54.1326, 60.4197,  
102.5750

■ 54.1326, 60.4197,  
102.5750

■ 47.3061, 53.0833,  
101.5198

■ 62.1581, 68.6399,  
103.7397

■ 41.6037, 46.5831,  
100.5657

■ 71.4398, 77.7744,  
105.0137

■ 36.9507, 40.8767,  
99.7095

■ 82.0382, 87.8604,  
106.4019

■ 33.2596, 35.9134,  
98.9460

■ 94.0076, 98.9308,  
107.9078

■ 30.4264, 31.6342,  
98.2694

94.8896, 99.9358,  
108.0553

■ 28.3116, 27.9998,  
97.6793

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.4227, 60.4197, 90.9054



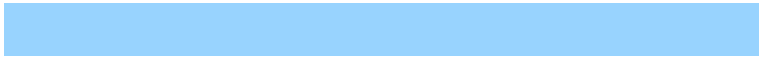
54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750



60.0553, 60.4197, 103.3721

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750



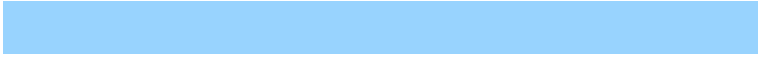
69.3751, 60.4197, 58.6470



49.9349, 60.4197, 44.5253

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750



66.0571, 62.3695, 38.2648

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.8768, 60.4197, 38.6344



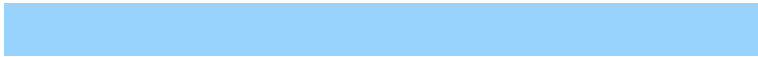
54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750



66.2522, 60.4197, 45.7822

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750



69.1411, 60.4197, 75.8851



60.8527, 60.4197, 39.0505

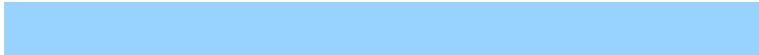


47.1170, 60.4197, 56.6266



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750



63.9224, 60.4197, 97.4461



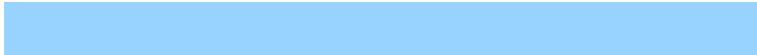
60.8527, 60.4197, 39.0505



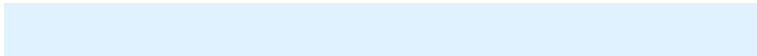
51.3874, 60.4197, 41.8554

# Sweetspot

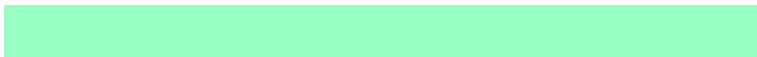
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.1345, 60.4220, 102.5764



80.6966, 86.6952, 107.0884



58.1863, 81.4780, 63.9959



16.9639, 18.2649, 22.8813



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

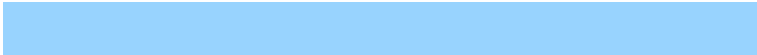


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

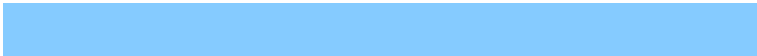


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.1345, 60.4220, 102.5764



49.1106, 55.0756, 102.6500



43.4978, 39.1486, 99.0309



17.8757, 19.1231, 22.9989



15.0753, 15.0602, 51.5469



1.5760, 1.6827, 5.0550



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.8609, 48.2324, 67.5743



60.4002, 42.2567, 61.7237



79.3458, 88.9469, 42.6943



18.4499, 18.1633, 20.9865



24.3975, 12.2483, 16.0096

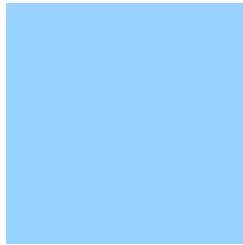


2.4301, 1.2144, 1.8464



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

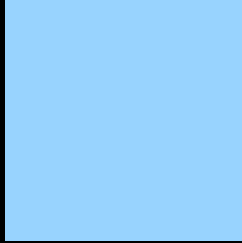
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

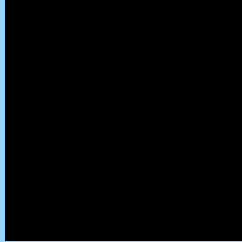
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

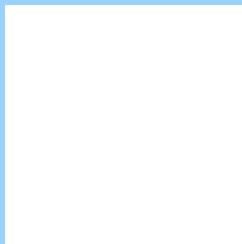
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750.



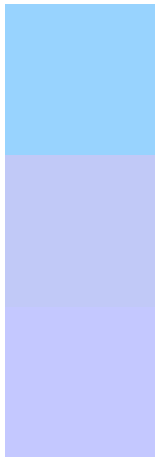
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.1326, 60.4197,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750

### Protanopia

59.6675, 59.8261, 96.3985

### Deuteranopia

61.4692, 60.2643, 103.0001



## Tritanopia

50.7200, 60.5381, 85.3557

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750

## Protanomaly

57.4467, 60.0297, 99.0016

## Deuteranomaly

58.4653, 60.1090, 103.1285

## Tritanomaly

51.9875, 60.6803, 91.4105

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750

## Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971

## Achromatomaly

53.0669, 57.5976, 74.6502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 211, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 211, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 211, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 211, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 211, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 211, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 211, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 211, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 211, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 211,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.1326, 60.4197, 102.5750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 211, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
211, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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