

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.1842, 65.1260, 33.6458)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.1842, 65.1260, 33.6458)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>XYZ(54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283)</b> .....    | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 28 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 31 |

# Color

**XYZ(54.0064, 64.9155,  
33.7283)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | C9DB8A                      |
| RGB         | 201, 219, 138               |
| RGB Percent | 79%, 86%, 54%               |
| CMY         | 0.2118, 0.1412, 0.4588      |
| CMYK        | 0.08, 0.00, 0.37, 0.14      |
| HSL         | 73°, 53%, 70%               |
| HSV         | 73°, 37%, 86%               |
| XYZ         | 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283   |
| YIQ         | 204.3840, 15.2730, -29.0070 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

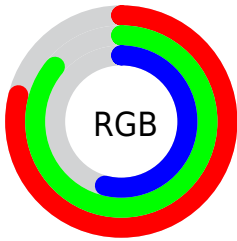
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                                    |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">138, 219, 156</a>                   |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">13228938</a>                        |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">84.44, -18.80, 37.85</a>            |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">84, 42.261, 116.414</a>             |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">64.9155, 0.3538,<br/>0.4253</a>     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4291419018<br/>(0xFFC9DB8A)</a>     |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">204.3840, -32.7273,<br/>-2.9678</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">80.5702, -21.3487,<br/>31.5791</a>  |

# Details

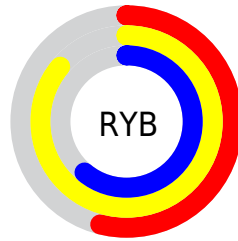
The XYZ color **54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **35.5874, 30.3611, 71.0061**, and the grayscale version is **57.8329, 60.8447, 66.2599**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.5144, 96.5858, 63.9523**, and **26.8498, 33.3500, 14.0389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.2906, 63.6826, 26.1428**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.0866, 66.3034, 43.0023**.

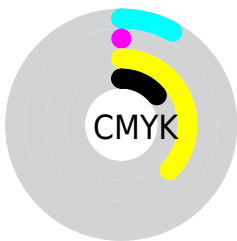
# Distribution



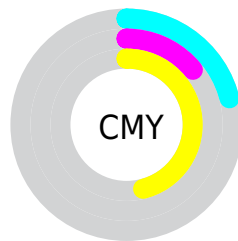
- Red (79%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.0064, 64.9155,  
33.7283

■ 54.0064, 64.9155,  
33.7283

392.3324,  
442.4883, 333.6509

■ 38.8375, 47.3926,  
22.4093

■ 95.2405, 111.9284,  
66.6400

■ 26.8135, 33.3461,  
13.9568

■ 122.0363,  
142.1871, 89.0697

■ 17.5690, 22.3917,  
7.9522

■ 153.4386,  
177.4599, 116.0401

■ 10.7388, 14.1450,  
3.9770

189.8125,  
218.1311, 147.9697

■ 5.9575, 8.2216,  
1.6128

231.5235,  
264.5851, 185.2771

■ 2.8597, 4.2371,  
0.2999

278.9369,

■ 1.0800, 1.8070,

317.2064, 228.3807

0.0000

332.4181,  
376.3793, 277.6991

0.0083, 0.4916,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

54.0064, 64.9155,  
33.7283

54.0064, 64.9155,  
33.7283

51.2906, 63.6826,  
26.1428

57.0866, 66.3034,  
43.0023

48.9148, 62.5883,  
20.1398


60.5446, 67.8450,  
54.0540


46.8586, 61.6264,  
15.6079


64.3986, 69.5499,  
66.9711


45.0976, 60.7873,  
12.4193


68.6645, 71.4245,  
81.8347

 43.6028, 60.0594,  
10.4247


 73.3569, 73.4747,  
98.7206


 42.3369, 59.4275,  
9.4288

 76.0828, 74.7432,  
105.0246

 41.9810, 59.2482,  
9.2234

 77.6689, 75.5609,  
105.0989

 79.2990, 76.4012,  
105.1751

 80.9734, 77.2644,  
105.2535

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.8373, 64.9155, 30.5938



54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283



47.8390, 64.9155, 45.7466

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283



52.2349, 64.9155, 123.1476



81.5473, 64.9155, 73.9684

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283



35.5874, 30.3611, 71.0061

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.0095, 64.9155, 103.3463



54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283



60.5769, 64.9155, 135.9276

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283



46.8914, 64.9155, 96.2911



70.0921, 64.9155, 127.8939



79.3385, 64.9155, 50.0708



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283



45.7510, 64.9155, 59.2097



70.0921, 64.9155, 127.8939



80.9823, 64.9155, 83.5479

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.0080, 64.9184, 33.7297



88.6015, 97.1599, 86.7208



45.6162, 40.5232, 29.4632



18.8048, 20.7256, 18.0266



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.0080, 64.9184, 33.7297



73.3554, 90.3302, 39.4765



44.6090, 60.0730, 33.2898



13.8644, 15.1103, 13.9114



24.9892, 35.1799, 5.4733



1.6901, 2.3158, 0.3579



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5874, 30.3611, 71.0061



43.9354, 35.1012, 99.0673



44.6548, 35.0355, 71.4304



12.6080, 12.7561, 16.4498



8.4011, 3.4551, 39.9625

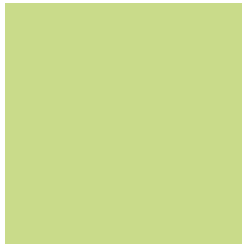


0.6189, 0.2623, 2.5925



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

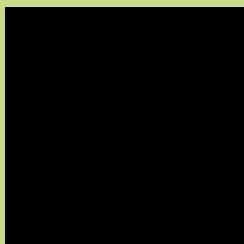
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

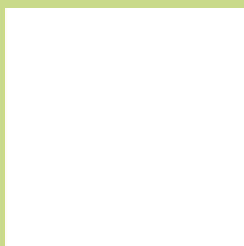
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.0064, 64.9155,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283

### Protanopia

59.7329, 64.5005, 32.2232

### Deuteranopia

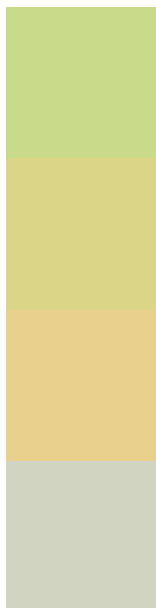
65.9140, 64.4217, 34.5518



## **Tritanopia**

63.2979, 64.5450, 80.3564

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283

## Protanomaly

57.4516, 64.4261, 32.7000

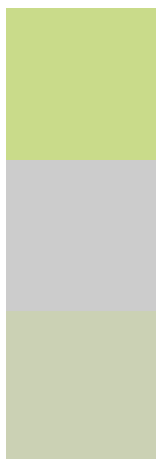
## Deuteranomaly

60.9679, 64.3585, 34.4084

## Tritanomaly

59.1815, 64.3471, 59.7531

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283

## Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

## Achromatomaly

55.6673, 61.5927, 52.1346

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 219, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 219, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 219, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 219, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 219, 138) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 219, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 219, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 219, 138); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 219, 138); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 219, 138) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.0064, 64.9155, 33.7283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 219, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
219, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor