

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.2133, 55.2425,  
68.7783)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C6C2D2
RGB	198, 194, 210
RGB Percent	78%, 76%, 82%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2392, 0.1765
CMYK	0.06, 0.08, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	255°, 15%, 79%
HSV	255°, 8%, 82%
XYZ	54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783
YIQ	197.0200, -2.7520, 5.8240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

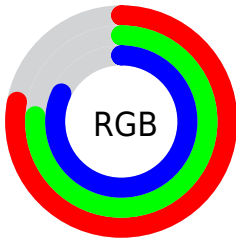
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 194, 210
Decimal	13026002
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	79.18, 4.40, -7.50
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 8.694, 300.393
Yxy	55.2425, 0.3042, 0.3099
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291216082 (0xFFC6C2D2)
YUV	197.0200, 6.3991, 0.8595
Hunter-Lab	74.3253, 0.1297, -2.8374

# Details

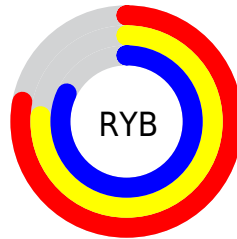
The XYZ color **54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.2400, 63.1116, 60.1539**, and the grayscale version is **53.0481, 55.8108, 60.7779**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4756, 96.8512, 108.3752**, and **26.8804, 27.0858, 35.2638** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.9275, 44.5174, 67.1457**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.5948, 67.5159, 70.6537**.

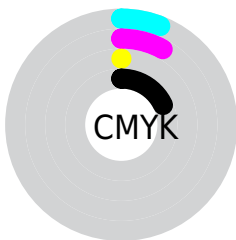
# Distribution



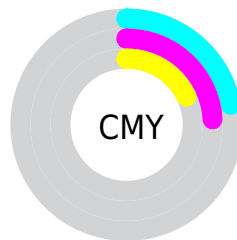
- Red (78%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.2133, 55.2425,  
68.7783

■ 54.2133, 55.2425,  
68.7783

393.1080,  
406.8305, 474.9214

■ 39.0036, 39.5959,  
50.0605

■ 95.5424, 97.8962,  
119.1296

■ 26.9432, 27.2236,  
35.0900

122.3925,  
125.6720, 151.6002

■ 17.6670, 17.7412,  
23.4481

153.8534,  
158.2598, 189.4922

■ 10.8094, 10.7644,  
14.7163

190.2905,  
196.0438, 233.2240

■ 6.0052, 5.9086,  
8.4761

232.0692,  
239.4085, 283.2144

■ 2.8889, 2.7896,  
4.3090

279.5547,

■ 1.0953, 1.0229,

288.7382, 339.8817

1.7963

333.1125,  
344.4174, 403.6445

■ 0.0212, 0.0000,  
0.4255

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.2133, 55.2425,  
68.7783

■ 54.2133, 55.2425,  
68.7783

■ 45.9275, 44.5174,  
67.1457

■ 63.5948, 67.5159,  
70.6537

■ 38.6917, 35.2717,  
65.7425

■ 74.1055, 81.3888,  
72.7775

■ 32.4644, 27.4415,  
64.5593

■ 85.1406, 95.6328,  
74.9452

■ 27.1990, 20.9558,  
63.5850

■ 88.6330, 97.4332,  
75.1087

■ 22.8456, 15.7372,  
62.8071

■ 19.3492, 11.7000,  
62.2121

■ 16.6484, 8.7479,  
61.7847

■ 14.6730, 6.7689,  
61.5068

■ 13.3305, 5.6089,  
61.3537

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.5292, 55.2425, 70.2246



54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783



55.4623, 55.2425, 64.9974

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783



54.1728, 55.2425, 52.2150



49.2386, 55.2425, 60.2153

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783



58.2400, 63.1116, 60.1539

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.6573, 55.2425, 55.5492



54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783



52.4834, 55.2425, 51.0876

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783



55.4386, 55.2425, 55.4416



50.8356, 55.2425, 52.2747



49.6794, 55.2425, 65.1171



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783



55.8668, 55.2425, 61.7593



50.8356, 55.2425, 52.2747



49.2834, 55.2425, 58.5683

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.2149, 55.2448, 68.7795



92.0510, 96.0707, 108.2996



56.0185, 60.3953, 69.6786



19.7341, 20.6042, 23.1869



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.2149, 55.2448, 68.7795



82.1080, 83.1011, 106.3203



56.3061, 56.3229, 68.8774



11.4365, 11.5583, 14.8719



8.0527, 3.3316, 37.4111



0.5244, 0.2245, 2.0953



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.0127, 56.7440, 66.3433



87.2511, 85.8576, 101.8139



56.1451, 62.0317, 60.0559



12.1793, 11.9565, 14.2202



19.9946, 9.8707, 20.6755



1.1487, 0.5642, 1.3177



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

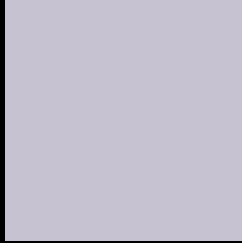
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

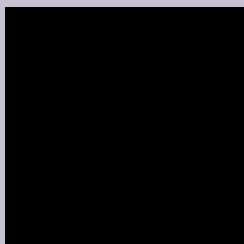
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783.



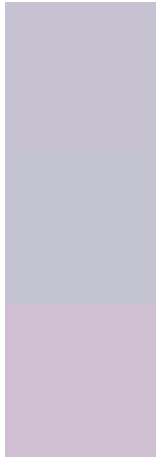
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2133, 55.2425,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783

### Protanopia

53.6536, 55.2855, 68.8161

### Deuteranopia

56.1838, 54.9400, 69.2713



## Tritanopia

54.0891, 55.1928, 68.1241

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783

## Protanomaly

53.9129, 55.4191, 68.8282

## Deuteranomaly

55.2905, 54.8021, 69.2918

## Tritanomaly

54.0891, 55.1928, 68.1241

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783

## Achromatopsia

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033

## Achromatomaly

53.4266, 55.6144, 63.7959

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(198, 194, 210) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 194, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 194, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 194, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 194, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 194, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 194, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 194, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 194, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 194,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.2133, 55.2425, 68.7783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 194, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
194, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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