

Converting Colors

XYZ(54.2399, 55.7941, 70.6407)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(54.2399, 55.7941, 70.6407)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(54.2558, 55.8861,
70.8783)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | C3C4D5 |
| RGB | 195, 196, 213 |
| RGB Percent | 76%, 77%, 84% |
| CMY | 0.2353, 0.2314, 0.1647 |
| CMYK | 0.08, 0.08, 0.00, 0.16 |
| HSL | 237°, 18%, 80% |
| HSV | 237°, 8%, 84% |
| XYZ | 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783 |
| YIQ | 197.6390, -6.0530, 5.0750 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

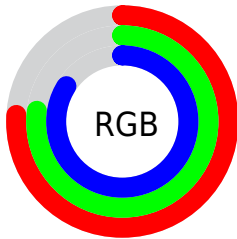
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 195, 196, 213 |
| Decimal | 12829909 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 79.55, 2.92, -8.59 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 80, 9.076, 288.766 |
| Yxy | 55.8861, 0.2997, 0.3087 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291019989 (0xFFC3C4D5) |
| YUV | 197.6390, 7.5730, -2.3144 |
| Hunter-Lab | 74.7570, -1.2762, -3.8839 |

Details

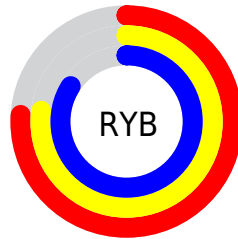
The XYZ color **54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.8344, 65.1724, 61.0038**, and the grayscale version is **53.4170, 56.1988, 61.2005**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.3202, 98.1660, 108.6372**, and **26.8291, 27.4773, 36.2374** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.9036, 44.7769, 69.2278**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.0045, 68.6210, 72.7707**.

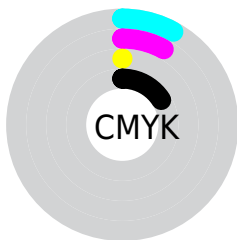
Distribution



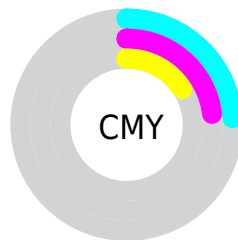
- Red (76%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.2558, 55.8861,
70.8783

■ 54.2558, 55.8861,
70.8783

393.2672,
409.2621, 482.5001

■ 39.0377, 40.1116,
51.7617

■ 95.6044, 98.8380,
122.1533

■ 26.9699, 27.6256,
36.4342

122.4656,
126.7842, 155.1487

■ 17.6871, 18.0436,
24.4774

153.9386,
159.5565, 193.6074

■ 10.8239, 10.9813,
15.4727

190.3887,
197.5392, 237.9480

■ 6.0150, 6.0543,
9.0015

232.1812,
241.1167, 288.5891

■ 2.8949, 2.8781,
4.6453

279.6816,

■ 1.0984, 1.0684,

290.6734, 345.9491

1.9856

333.2551,
346.5938, 410.4465

■ 0.0238, 0.0000,
0.5464

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 54.2558, 55.8861,
70.8783

■ 54.2558, 55.8861,
70.8783

■ 44.9036, 44.7769,
69.2278

■ 65.0045, 68.6210,
72.7707

■ 36.8860, 35.2212,
67.8059

■ 77.1985, 83.0360,
74.9104

■ 30.1434, 27.1520,
66.6038

■ 89.0104, 97.5842,
77.0959

■ 24.6101, 20.4945,
65.6104

■ 20.2145, 15.1675,
64.8139

■ 16.8773, 11.0813,
64.2010

■ 14.5091, 8.1356,
63.7573

■ 13.0056, 6.2139,
63.4656

■ 12.2224, 5.1668,
63.3048

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.4369, 55.8861, 71.2575



54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783



55.8029, 55.8861, 67.7231

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783



55.4665, 55.8861, 53.5963



49.7476, 55.8861, 58.9121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783



60.8344, 65.1724, 61.0038

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.5207, 55.8861, 54.4593



54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783



53.8051, 55.8861, 51.5095

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783



56.5129, 55.8861, 57.6721



51.9963, 55.8861, 51.8161



49.8620, 55.8861, 64.1436

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783



56.4590, 55.8861, 64.5661



51.9963, 55.8861, 51.8161



49.9116, 55.8861, 57.2802

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.2574, 55.8885, 70.8795



90.0300, 94.0553, 108.0171



58.1592, 63.9349, 71.4314



18.9901, 19.7999, 23.0708



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.2574, 55.8885, 70.8795



79.0768, 81.0683, 106.0877



56.1004, 56.5036, 70.9011



11.7976, 12.1186, 15.6548



7.4398, 3.1413, 38.6674



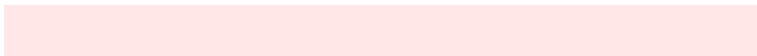
0.4687, 0.2295, 2.3389

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.9207, 57.1629, 60.2609



83.8106, 83.3408, 87.2123



58.8775, 64.5371, 60.9843



12.4510, 12.4319, 13.0494



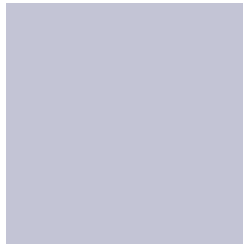
16.8141, 8.6620, 1.0592



1.0242, 0.5265, 0.1170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

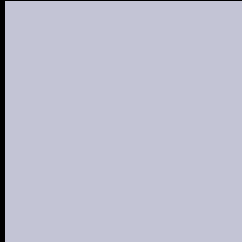
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

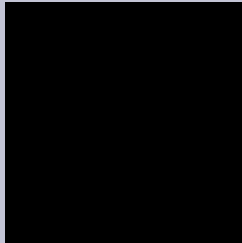
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783.

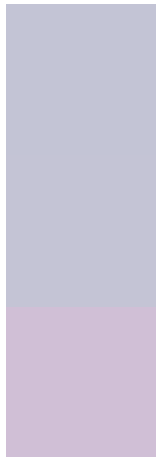


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2558, 55.8861,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783

Protanopia

54.5151, 56.0197, 70.8904

Deuteranopia

56.7808, 55.5265, 71.3434



Tritanopia

54.1293, 55.8354, 70.2118

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783

Protanomaly

54.5151, 56.0197, 70.8904

Deuteranomaly

55.8362, 55.6915, 71.4250

Tritanomaly

54.1293, 55.8354, 70.2118

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783

Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971

Achromatomaly

53.7717, 56.1146, 64.4970

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 196, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 196, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 196, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 196, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 196, 213) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 196, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 196, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 196, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 196, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 196,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.2558, 55.8861, 70.8783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 196, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
196, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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