

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.2867, 54.9415, 55.4280)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.2867, 54.9415, 55.4280)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.2212, 54.8854,  
55.3131)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1C0BC
RGB	209, 192, 188
RGB Percent	82%, 75%, 74%
CMY	0.1804, 0.2470, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.10, 0.18
HSL	11°, 19%, 78%
HSV	11°, 10%, 82%
XYZ	54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131
YIQ	196.6270, 11.4160, 2.3600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

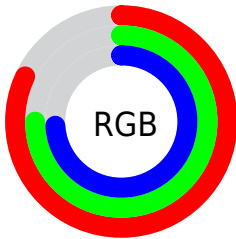
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 193, 188
Decimal	13746364
CIE Lab	78.98, 5.30, 4.17
CIE LCh	79, 6.746, 38.155
Yxy	54.8854, 0.3298, 0.3338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291936444 (0xFFD1C0BC)
YUV	196.6270, -4.2531, 10.8511
Hunter-Lab	74.0847, 0.9926, 7.5922

# Details

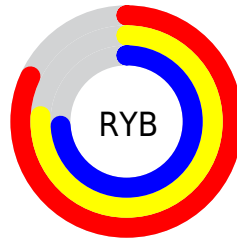
The XYZ color **54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.0787, 58.9563, 68.8516**, and the grayscale version is **52.8673, 55.6205, 60.5707**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.1365, 94.9265, 99.1072**, and **26.9322, 27.0845, 26.7300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.6266, 47.0441, 43.1258**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.5721, 63.7159, 69.3635**.

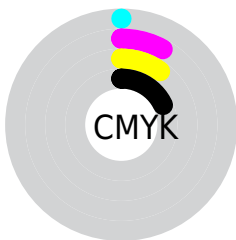
# Distribution



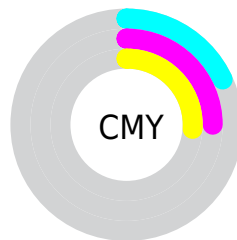
- Red (82%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.2212, 54.8854,  
55.3131

 54.2212, 54.8854,  
55.3131

393.1376,  
405.4774, 424.4130

 39.0099, 39.3100,  
39.2522


 95.5539, 97.3730,  
99.4753

 26.9482, 27.0010,  
26.6466

122.4061,  
125.0540, 128.4136

 17.6707, 17.5739,  
17.0779


153.8693,  
157.5390, 162.4815

 10.8121, 10.6445,  
10.1275

190.3088,  
195.2123, 202.0975

 6.0070, 5.8284,  
5.3769

232.0900,  
238.4585, 247.6801

 2.8900, 2.7410,  
2.4075

279.5783,

 1.0959, 0.9981,

287.6617, 299.6478

0.7905

333.1391,  
343.2066, 358.4193

■ 0.0217, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.2212, 54.8854,  
55.3131

■ 54.2212, 54.8854,  
55.3131

■ 48.6266, 47.0441,  
43.1258

■ 60.5721, 63.7159,  
69.3635

■ 43.7553, 40.1503,  
32.7199

■ 67.7015, 73.5609,  
85.3473

■ 39.5788, 34.1700,  
24.0125

■ 75.6364, 84.4539,  
103.3351

■ 36.0646, 29.0647,  
16.9130

■ 80.1047, 92.2954,  
108.2006

■ 33.1779, 24.7927,  
11.3222

■ 30.8804, 21.3090,  
7.1298

■ 29.1293, 18.5645,  
4.2105

■ 27.8757, 16.5038,  
2.4161

■ 27.0484, 15.0628,  
1.4818

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.7616, 54.8854, 58.7192



54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131



53.1324, 54.8854, 53.1642

# Triad

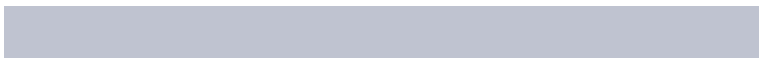
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131



49.8096, 54.8854, 57.0546



52.5336, 54.8854, 67.3741

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131



54.0787, 58.9563, 68.8516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.2132, 54.8854, 66.8818



54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131



49.6555, 54.8854, 60.8148

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131



50.5899, 54.8854, 54.1393



50.1652, 54.8854, 64.4409



53.7764, 54.8854, 65.7587



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131



52.2500, 54.8854, 52.6787



50.1652, 54.8854, 64.4409



52.0840, 54.8854, 67.4509

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.2227, 54.8878, 55.3143



91.8991, 95.6301, 101.8940



55.3159, 53.9375, 65.3487



19.4940, 20.2241, 21.4188



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

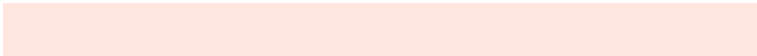


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.2227, 54.8878, 55.3143



83.1109, 83.3876, 82.5208



56.5750, 59.5923, 56.0984



11.9886, 12.1678, 12.3288



16.7313, 9.3955, 0.9317



0.9909, 0.6362, 0.0706

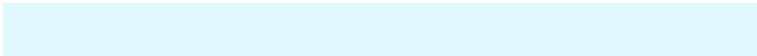


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.0787, 58.9563, 68.8516



82.8416, 90.9853, 107.8034



51.6851, 54.1691, 68.0537



11.9588, 13.0079, 15.1241



15.9300, 20.5066, 40.3111



0.9412, 1.2476, 2.2708



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

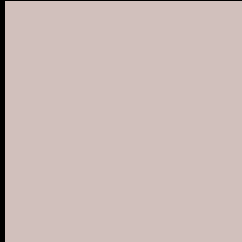
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

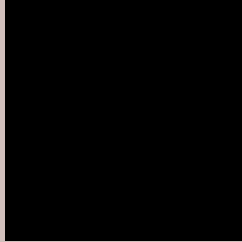
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2212, 54.8854,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131

### Protanopia

52.6288, 55.0273, 56.5627

### Deuteranopia

55.9982, 54.8210, 55.7742



## Tritanopia

55.9606, 54.6037, 64.7169

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131

## Protanomaly

53.1057, 54.9542, 55.9524

## Deuteranomaly

55.3303, 54.7972, 55.8048

## Tritanomaly

55.1848, 54.6058, 61.0575

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131

## Achromatopsia

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033

## Achromatomaly

53.3401, 55.3428, 58.9098

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 192, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 192, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 192, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 192, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 192, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 192, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 192, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 192, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 192, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 192,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.2212, 54.8854, 55.3131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 192, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
192, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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