

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.3669, 66.7502,  
104.6264)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.3669, 66.7502, 104.6264)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.4212, 66.7474,  
104.6230)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80E3FF
RGB	128, 227, 255
RGB Percent	50%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.4980, 0.1098, 0.0000
CMYK	0.50, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	193°, 100%, 75%
HSV	193°, 50%, 100%
XYZ	54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230
YIQ	200.5910, -67.9920, -12.2800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

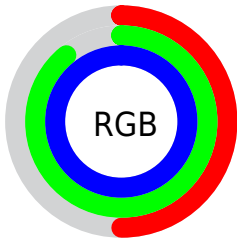
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">128, 184, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8446975</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.38, -21.78, -22.57</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">85, 31.363, 226.025</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">66.7474, 0.2410, 0.2956</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286637055</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF80E3FF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">200.5910, 26.8236, -63.6623</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.6991, -24.0714, -18.7368</a>

# Details

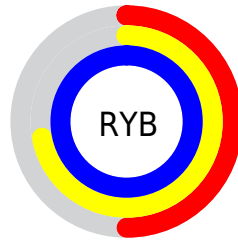
The XYZ color **54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **57.0255, 46.5964, 26.4125**, and the grayscale version is **55.1357, 58.0070, 63.1697**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.3035, 89.3048, 107.9291**, and **26.9359, 34.3269, 58.6322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.5445, 61.9893, 103.9616**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.3155, 72.1075, 105.3469**.

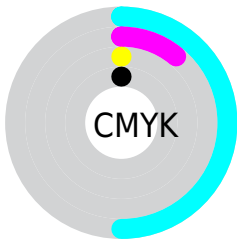
# Distribution



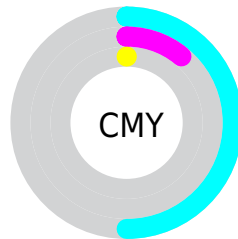
- Red (50%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



54.4212, 66.7474,  
104.6230

54.4212, 66.7474,  
104.6230

393.8863,  
449.0451, 596.2877

39.1705, 48.8794,  
79.5287

95.8457, 114.5584,  
169.6029

27.0737, 34.5238,  
58.8067

122.7502,  
145.2701, 210.3256

17.7655, 23.2963,  
42.0385

154.2700,  
181.0319, 257.0948

10.8804, 14.8124,  
28.8057

190.7705,  
222.2281, 310.3291

6.0532, 8.6879,  
18.6895

232.6170,  
269.2432, 370.4470

2.9184, 4.5381,  
11.2716

280.1749,

1.1108, 1.9789,

322.4614, 437.8670

6.1334

333.8096,  
382.2673, 513.0078

■ 0.0341, 0.5952,  
2.8563

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0217

■ 54.4212, 66.7474,  
104.6230

■ 54.4212, 66.7474,  
104.6230

■ 49.5445, 61.9893,  
103.9616

■ 60.3155, 72.1075,  
105.3469

■ 45.6056, 57.7871,  
103.3581

■ 67.2882, 78.0973,  
106.1356

■ 42.5218, 54.0989,  
102.8087

■ 75.4018, 84.7512,  
106.9923

■ 40.1922, 50.8718,  
102.3086

■ 84.7124, 92.0986,  
107.9197

■ 38.4558, 48.0222, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
101.8501 108.9000

■ 38.4238, 47.9676,  
101.8413

# Harmonies

## Analogous

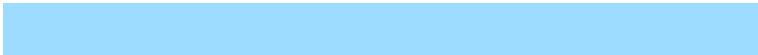
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.1967, 66.7474, 84.0205



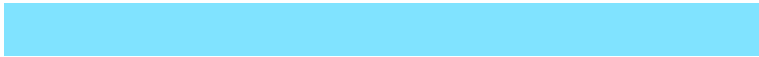
54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230



60.1993, 66.7474, 117.6355

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230



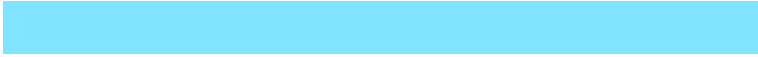
77.6423, 66.7474, 82.5398



59.7445, 66.7474, 41.1865

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230



57.0255, 46.5964, 26.4125

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.7979, 66.7474, 40.9389



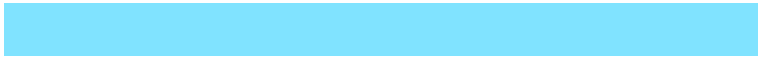
54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230



77.4976, 66.7474, 62.4026

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230



73.7886, 66.7474, 103.3660



73.4070, 66.7474, 48.0013

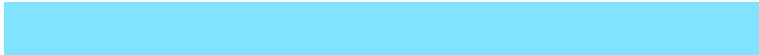


54.1098, 66.7474, 48.7560



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230



64.8861, 66.7474, 118.9387



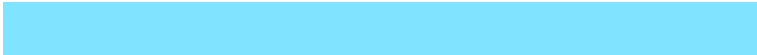
73.4070, 66.7474, 48.0013



62.0183, 66.7474, 40.2998

# Sweetspot

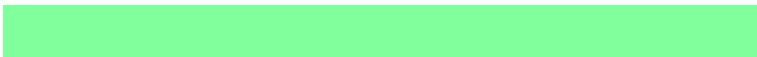
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.4231, 66.7498, 104.6233



79.7197, 88.1908, 107.4286



50.6233, 78.4938, 43.7231



16.6502, 18.5490, 22.9527



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

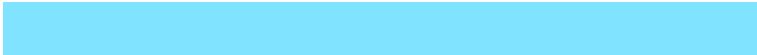


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.4231, 66.7498, 104.6233



49.4574, 61.9007, 103.9491



40.2262, 38.3561, 99.8911



18.1952, 19.7620, 23.1054



20.1929, 25.2954, 53.2528



2.0460, 2.6226, 5.2117



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.8256, 42.2461, 77.5188



59.0786, 35.9976, 72.4302



70.4730, 73.4913, 30.8950



18.6112, 18.2278, 21.8355



26.9807, 13.2816, 29.6123

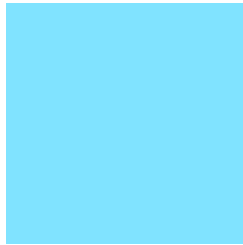


2.6673, 1.3093, 3.0955



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

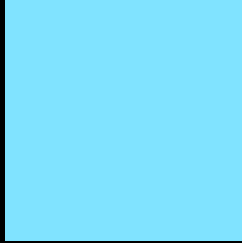
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230.



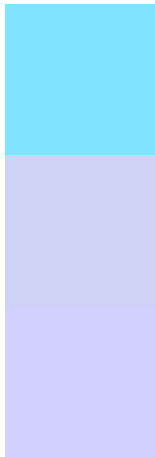
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.4212, 66.7474,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230

### Protanopia

64.8293, 65.7467, 94.8615

### Deuteranopia

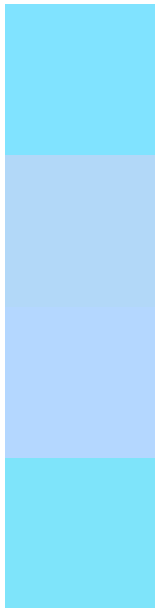
66.9004, 65.8871, 103.7992



## Tritanopia

52.9894, 66.5622, 98.0506

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230

## Protanomaly

59.8592, 65.3540, 98.2666

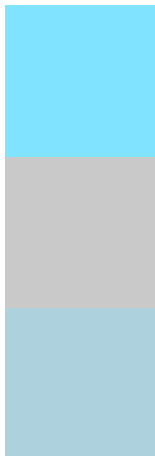
## Deuteranomaly

61.1728, 65.5242, 104.0310

## Tritanomaly

53.6029, 66.8246, 100.5157

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230

## Achromatopsia

55.5167, 58.4078, 63.6061

## Achromatomaly

53.5533, 60.3123, 77.2255

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 227, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 227, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 227, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 227, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 227, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 227, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 227, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 227, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 227, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 227,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.4212, 66.7474, 104.6230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 227, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
227, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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