

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.3945, 79.0413,  
106.9974)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.3945, 79.0413, 106.9974)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.4057, 79.0471,  
106.9979)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20FFFF
RGB	32, 255, 255
RGB Percent	13%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.8744, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.87, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 56%
HSV	180°, 87%, 100%
XYZ	54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979
YIQ	188.3230, -132.9080, -47.2760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

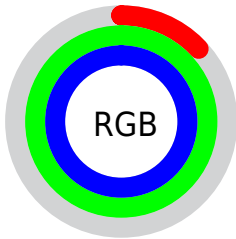
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	32, 144, 255
Decimal	2162687
CIE Lab	91.26, -47.16, -13.92
CIE LCh	91, 49.169, 196.440
Yxy	79.0471, 0.2263, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280352767 (0xFF20FFFF)
YUV	188.3230, 32.8718, -137.0953
Hunter-Lab	88.9084, -46.3603, -9.1173

# Details

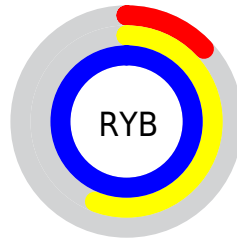
The XYZ color **54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **42.0185, 22.3992, 3.4776**, and the grayscale version is **47.8615, 50.3541, 54.8356**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.5624, 83.2520, 107.3796**, and **30.1593, 44.0097, 60.3312** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.8918, 78.7821, 106.9738**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.5278, 79.6256, 107.0504**.

# Distribution



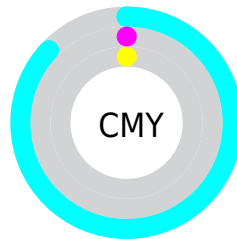
- Red (13%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



54.4057, 79.0471,  
106.9979

54.4057, 79.0471,  
106.9979

393.8283,  
491.7157, 603.8404

39.1581, 58.9345,  
81.5082

95.8231, 132.0252,  
172.8766

27.0640, 42.5604,  
60.4268

122.7235,  
165.6595, 214.1026

17.7581, 29.5404,  
43.3352

154.2390,  
204.5698, 261.4112

10.8751, 19.4900,  
29.8148

190.7347,  
249.1405, 315.2207

6.0496, 12.0249,  
19.4472

232.5762,  
299.7561, 375.9499

2.9162, 6.7606,  
11.8138

280.1287,

1.1096, 3.3128,

356.8009, 444.0172

6.4960

333.7577,  
420.6593, 519.8412

■ 0.0331, 1.2972,  
3.0753

■ 0.0000, 0.1390,  
1.1332

■ 54.4057, 79.0471,  
106.9979

■ 54.4057, 79.0471,  
106.9979

■ 53.8918, 78.7821,  
106.9738

■ 55.5278, 79.6256,  
107.0504

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,  
106.9700

■ 57.3801, 80.5804,  
107.1371

■ 60.0592, 81.9616,  
107.2625

■ 63.6465, 83.8109,  
107.4303

■ 68.2137, 86.1654,  
107.6441

■ 73.8252, 89.0582,  
107.9067

■ 80.5399, 92.5198,  
108.2209

■ 88.4125, 96.5783,  
108.5894

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.1546, 79.0471, 70.9552



54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



59.7938, 79.0471, 146.0207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



93.8765, 79.0471, 142.5763



80.8936, 79.0471, 35.0932

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



42.0185, 22.3992, 3.4776

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.8914, 79.0471, 45.2885



54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



100.9280, 79.0471, 103.1894

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



82.1226, 79.0471, 170.1348



100.5487, 79.0471, 68.0641



68.5496, 79.0471, 35.5867



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



65.9518, 79.0471, 165.5836



100.5487, 79.0471, 68.0641



85.1266, 79.0471, 37.2296

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.4066, 79.0476, 106.9979



74.7219, 89.5205, 107.9487



36.6178, 71.9320, 13.3231



15.5397, 18.9271, 23.0842



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.4066, 79.0476, 106.9979



53.8100, 78.7400, 106.9700



28.5467, 27.3277, 98.3779



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.8074, 29.5147, 97.1525



59.2900, 28.4800, 96.9800



51.4012, 41.1646, 6.6052



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741

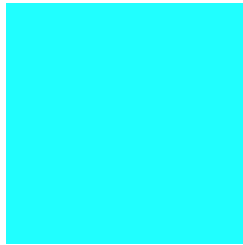


3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

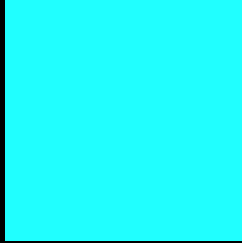
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

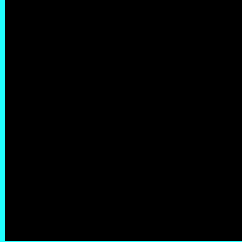
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

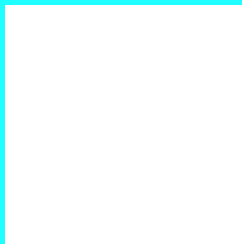
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.4057, 79.0471,



# Color Blindness Simulation

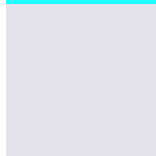
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



### Protanopia

74.7955, 77.1652, 91.0730



### Deuteranopia

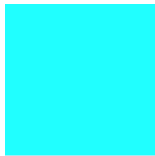
77.7164, 77.1512, 105.4033



## Tritanopia

63.9027, 77.9934, 106.2939

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



## Protanomaly

60.5179, 74.2681, 96.7335



## Deuteranomaly

62.0564, 74.0076, 105.6219



## Tritanomaly

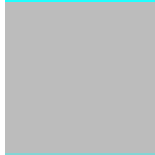
57.9929, 77.1863, 106.4496

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979



## Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643



## Achromatomaly

44.7872, 56.6657, 70.8644

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.4057, 79.0471, 106.9979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 255,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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