

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.4018, 49.1314, 59.5913)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.4018, 49.1314, 59.5913)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(54.2350, 48.9784,  
59.4186)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DBADC5
RGB	219, 173, 197
RGB Percent	86%, 68%, 77%
CMY	0.1412, 0.3215, 0.2274
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.10, 0.14
HSL	329°, 39%, 77%
HSV	329°, 21%, 86%
XYZ	54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186
YIQ	189.4900, 19.7120, 17.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

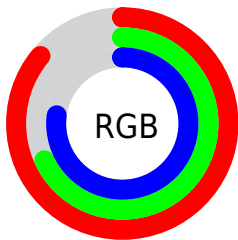
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	219, 173, 197
Decimal	14396869
CIE Lab	75.44, 20.59, -5.79
CIE LCh	75, 21.384, 344.303
Yxy	48.9784, 0.3335, 0.3012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292586949 (0xFFDBADC5)
YUV	189.4900, 3.7024, 25.8803
Hunter-Lab	69.9846, 15.8567, -1.3495

# Details

The XYZ color **54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **52.4173, 63.4887, 61.1245**, and the grayscale version is **48.6231, 51.1553, 55.7081**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.1487, 84.4544, 105.4740**, and **26.9842, 23.3086, 29.0634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.2162, 40.7949, 52.0285**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.0283, 58.5763, 67.4795**.

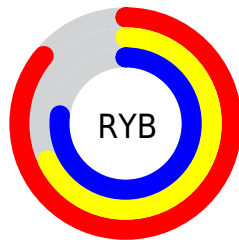
# Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (68%)

Blue (77%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (77%)

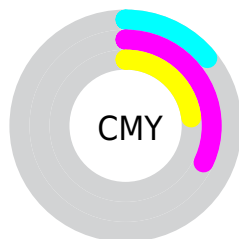


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (32%)


Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.2350, 48.9784,  
59.4186

 54.2350, 48.9784,  
59.4186

393.1892,  
382.6573, 440.1964

 39.0210, 34.6023,  
42.5280

 95.5741, 88.6594,  
105.5209

 26.9569, 23.3567,  
29.1863


122.4299,  
114.7331, 135.5697

 17.6772, 14.8571,  
18.9750


153.8969,  
145.4748, 170.8415

 10.8168, 8.7192,  
11.4756

190.3407,  
181.2689, 211.7550

 6.0102, 4.5585,  
6.2695

232.1264,  
222.4998, 258.7287

 2.8920, 1.9906,  
2.9382

279.6195,

 1.0969, 0.6020,

269.5519, 312.1812

1.0632

333.1853,  
322.8096, 372.5309

■ 0.0225, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.2350, 48.9784,  
59.4186

■ 54.2350, 48.9784,  
59.4186

■ 49.2162, 40.7949,  
52.0285

■ 60.0283, 58.5763,  
67.4795

■ 44.9325, 33.9514,  
45.2861

■ 66.6248, 69.6450,  
76.2272

■ 41.3474, 28.3769,  
39.1712

■ 74.0568, 82.2460,  
85.6808

■ 38.4191, 23.9911,  
33.6611

■ 80.5390, 92.8063,  
95.2528

■ 36.1014, 20.7042,  
28.7311

■ 82.1312, 93.4432,  
103.6372

■ 34.3414, 18.4137,  
24.3542

■ 83.0237, 93.8002,  
108.3372

■ 33.0764, 16.9972,  
20.4995

■ 32.2654, 16.2809,  
17.4371

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0481, 48.9784, 70.4162



54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186



54.2879, 48.9784, 48.1456

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186



44.7055, 48.9784, 34.9435



41.3375, 48.9784, 69.9677

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186



52.4173, 63.4887, 61.1245

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5892, 48.9784, 58.8720



54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186



41.4581, 48.9784, 39.2573

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186



48.6328, 48.9784, 35.0467



39.6321, 48.9784, 47.6706



44.5323, 48.9784, 77.0679



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186



53.0967, 48.9784, 42.0102



39.6321, 48.9784, 47.6706



40.5694, 48.9784, 66.5179

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.2364, 48.9806, 59.4196



89.2058, 90.1613, 101.2497



50.0998, 46.5352, 73.3601



18.9631, 19.0791, 21.4980



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.2364, 48.9806, 59.4196



73.4490, 64.0402, 79.3729



51.8508, 48.0264, 46.8573



13.3383, 13.1644, 15.0429



19.1874, 9.6760, 10.6328



1.2865, 0.6442, 0.9178



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.2364, 48.9806, 59.4196



73.4490, 64.0402, 79.3729



55.1518, 64.5825, 75.5239



13.3383, 13.1644, 15.0429



19.1874, 9.6760, 10.6328



1.2865, 0.6442, 0.9178



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

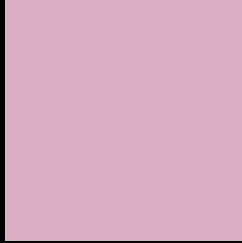
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2350, 48.9784,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186

### Protanopia

48.0152, 49.2479, 64.1019

### Deuteranopia

50.3071, 49.3126, 59.0914



## Tritanopia

53.3205, 49.1962, 54.2625

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186

## Protanomaly

50.0924, 49.1351, 62.1022

## Deuteranomaly

51.6163, 49.0917, 58.9797

## Tritanomaly

53.4535, 48.9391, 55.9191

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

50.2673, 49.9521, 56.8615

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 173, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 173, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 173, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 173, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 173, 197) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 173, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 173, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 173, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 173, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 173,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.2350, 48.9784, 59.4186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 173, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
173, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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