

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.4407, 67.5361,  
104.3944)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.4407, 67.5361, 104.3944)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(54.5268, 67.6186,  
104.7856)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DE5FF
RGB	125, 229, 255
RGB Percent	49%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.5098, 0.1019, 0.0000
CMYK	0.51, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	192°, 100%, 75%
HSV	192°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856
YIQ	200.8680, -70.3300, -13.9620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

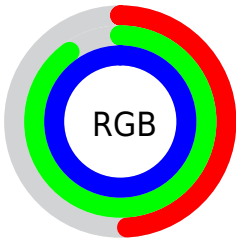
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	125, 183, 255
Decimal	8250879
CIE Lab	85.82, -23.40, -21.92
CIE LCh	86, 32.061, 223.122
Yxy	67.6186, 0.2403, 0.2980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286440959 (0xFF7DE5FF)
YUV	200.8680, 26.6871, -66.5362
Hunter-Lab	82.2305, -25.5407, -17.9913

# Details

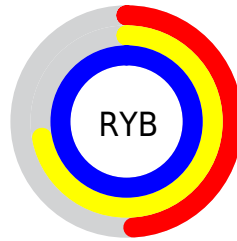
The XYZ color **54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **56.0091, 44.8750, 25.1139**, and the grayscale version is **55.3087, 58.1891, 63.3679**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.8176, 89.0543, 107.9063**, and **27.0611, 34.9565, 58.7471** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.8810, 63.1610, 104.1700**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1733, 72.6566, 105.4604**.

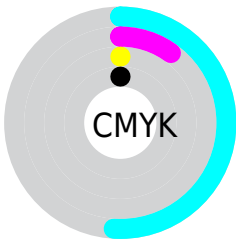
# Distribution



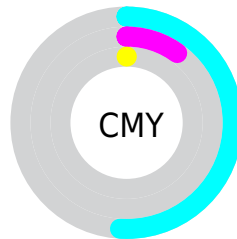
- Red (49%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



54.5268, 67.6186,  
104.7856

54.5268, 67.6186,  
104.7856

394.2813,  
452.1435, 596.8064

39.2553, 49.5875,  
79.6641

95.9997, 115.8064,  
169.8273

27.1400, 35.0858,  
58.9174

122.9318,  
146.7318, 210.5846

17.8156, 23.7289,  
42.1271

154.4815,  
182.7242, 257.3909

10.9165, 15.1327,  
28.8745

191.0141,  
224.1679, 310.6647

6.0776, 8.9126,  
18.7411

232.8951,  
271.4472, 370.8247

2.9334, 4.6842,  
11.3085

280.4897,

1.1187, 2.0632,

324.9467, 438.2892

6.1579

334.1633,  
385.0507, 513.4770

■ 0.0406, 0.6438,  
2.8710

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0292

■ 54.5268, 67.6186,  
104.7856

■ 54.5268, 67.6186,  
104.7856

■ 49.8810, 63.1610,  
104.1700

■ 60.1733, 72.6566,  
105.4604

■ 46.1551, 59.2372,  
103.6090

■ 66.8818, 78.3026,  
106.1966

■ 43.2649, 55.8047,  
103.0988

■ 74.7155, 84.5912,  
106.9976

■ 41.1073, 52.8098,  
102.6345

■ 83.7306, 91.5519,  
107.8660

■ 39.6439, 50.4079,  
102.2480

93.9796, 99.2124,  
108.8044

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.5044, 67.6186, 83.1683



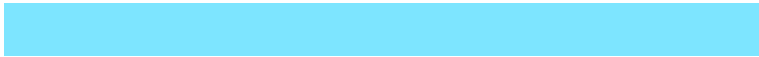
54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856



60.2660, 67.6186, 119.3674

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856



78.7126, 67.6186, 85.9694



61.1244, 67.6186, 40.9119

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856



56.0091, 44.8750, 25.1139

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4464, 67.6186, 41.3762



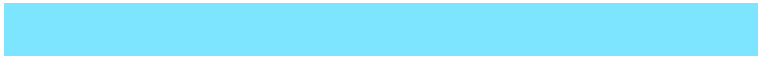
54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856



78.9865, 67.6186, 64.8415

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856



74.3865, 67.6186, 107.1691



75.1085, 67.6186, 49.3497



55.1140, 67.6186, 47.9315

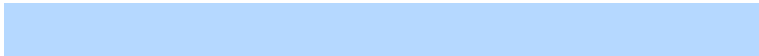


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856



65.0396, 67.6186, 121.6979



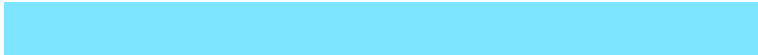
75.1085, 67.6186, 49.3497



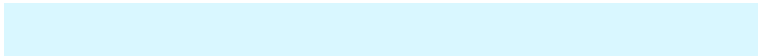
63.5054, 67.6186, 40.2441

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.5287, 67.6211, 104.7859



79.9591, 88.6696, 107.5084



49.6303, 78.0452, 40.8147



16.7083, 18.6652, 22.9721



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

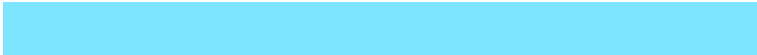


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

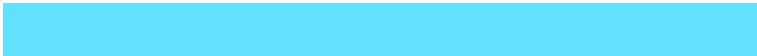


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.5287, 67.6211, 104.7859



49.8717, 63.1518, 104.1687



40.1757, 38.9151, 100.0016



18.2282, 19.8279, 23.1164



20.8233, 26.5562, 53.4629



2.1022, 2.7351, 5.2304



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.7178, 41.5862, 78.8527



59.1846, 35.6452, 74.2056



68.9470, 70.7507, 29.4265



18.6278, 18.2344, 21.9232



27.2988, 13.4088, 31.2878

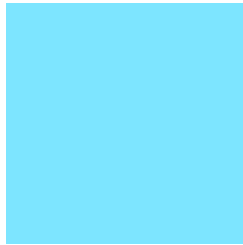


2.6957, 1.3207, 3.2449



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

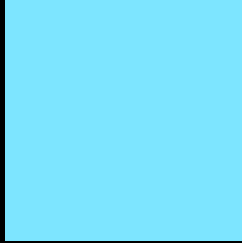
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856.



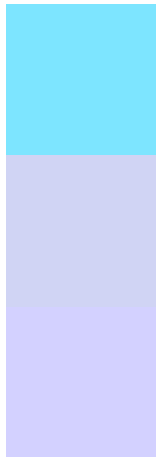
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.5268, 67.6186,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856

### Protanopia

65.8850, 67.0285, 95.0532

### Deuteranopia

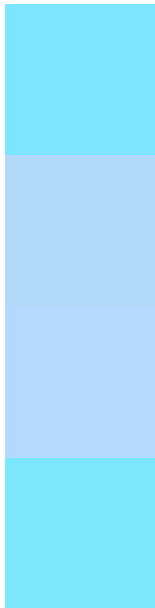
67.7144, 66.6698, 103.9074



## Tritanopia

53.5641, 67.6441, 99.8560

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856

## Protanomaly

60.3748, 66.3851, 98.4385

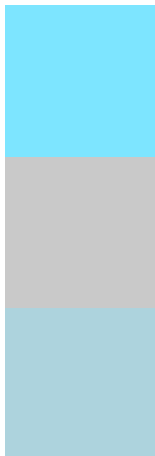
## Deuteranomaly

61.4283, 66.0350, 104.1162

## Tritanomaly

54.0216, 67.8437, 101.5147

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856

## Achromatopsia

55.5167, 58.4078, 63.6061

## Achromatomaly

53.5790, 60.6932, 77.2977

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 229, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 229, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 229, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 229, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 229, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 229, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 229, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 229, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 229, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 229, 255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.5268, 67.6186, 104.7856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 229, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
229, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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