

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.4454, 50.9153, 77.6539)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.4454, 50.9153, 77.6539)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.6070, 51.1261,  
77.5112)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CBB5E0
RGB	203, 181, 224
RGB Percent	80%, 71%, 88%
CMY	0.2039, 0.2902, 0.1216
CMYK	0.09, 0.19, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	271°, 41%, 79%
HSV	271°, 19%, 88%
XYZ	54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112
YIQ	192.4800, -0.6910, 18.0370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

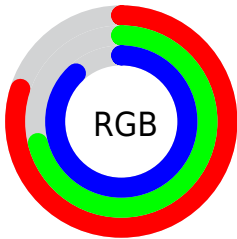
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 181, 224
Decimal	13350368
CIE Lab	76.76, 15.85, -18.66
CIE LCh	77, 24.483, 310.358
Yxy	51.1261, 0.2980, 0.2790
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291540448 (0xFFCBB5E0)
YUV	192.4800, 15.5394, 9.2260
Hunter-Lab	71.5025, 11.1924, -14.2206

# Details

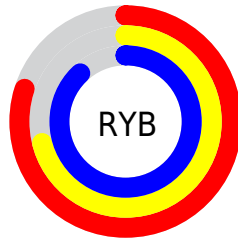
The XYZ color **54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **59.3551, 69.2054, 53.9482**, and the grayscale version is **50.2971, 52.9164, 57.6260**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.5742, 89.0484, 107.0747**, and **27.2750, 24.6925, 40.8647** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.5387, 41.2569, 75.9796**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6209, 62.5726, 79.2990**.

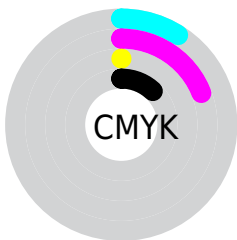
# Distribution



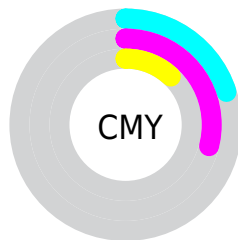
- Red (80%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.6070, 51.1261,  
77.5112

■ 54.6070, 51.1261,  
77.5112

394.5812,  
391.0535, 505.9891

■ 39.3198, 36.3090,  
57.1585

■ 96.1166, 91.8411,  
131.6404

■ 27.1904, 24.6729,  
40.7223

123.0697,  
118.5078, 166.2540

■ 17.8536, 15.8335,  
27.7841

154.6420,  
149.8932, 206.4583

■ 10.9440, 9.4064,  
17.9253

191.1991,  
186.3816, 252.6718

■ 6.0962, 5.0072,  
10.7275

233.1062,  
228.3574, 305.3131

■ 2.9449, 2.2515,  
5.7721

280.7286,

■ 1.1247, 0.7479,

276.2051, 364.8007

2.6404

334.4319,  
330.3090, 431.5532

■ 0.0456, 0.0000,  
0.9132

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.6070, 51.1261,  
77.5112

■ 54.6070, 51.1261,  
77.5112

■ 47.5387, 41.2569,  
75.9796

■ 62.6209, 62.5726,  
79.2990

■ 41.3722, 32.8863,  
74.6889

■ 71.6126, 75.6571,  
81.3507

■ 36.0667, 25.9387,  
73.6275

■ 81.6182, 90.4452,  
83.6777

■ 31.5764, 20.3289,  
72.7814

■ 87.4887, 96.6328,  
84.5626

■ 27.8503, 15.9626,  
72.1350

■ 90.4547, 98.1619,  
84.7014

■ 24.8312, 12.7323,  
71.6706

■ 22.4519, 10.5113,  
71.3673

■ 20.6079, 9.0985,  
71.1918

■ 20.4724, 8.9996,  
71.1799

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2166, 51.1261, 84.7956



54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112



57.4958, 51.1261, 64.7117

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112



51.6569, 51.1261, 34.8934



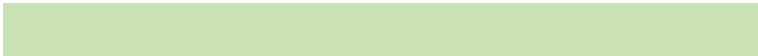
40.3305, 51.1261, 60.3921

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112



59.3551, 69.2054, 53.9482

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6617, 51.1261, 47.5081



54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112



47.0064, 51.1261, 34.1148

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112



55.7189, 51.1261, 40.6986



43.0391, 51.1261, 38.3697



42.1036, 51.1261, 73.9193



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112



58.0787, 51.1261, 55.5081



43.0391, 51.1261, 38.3697



40.2023, 51.1261, 55.8274

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.6086, 51.1283, 77.5123



87.6659, 89.2339, 107.2111



53.7505, 57.6836, 78.8229



18.5984, 18.8595, 22.9099



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.6086, 51.1283, 77.5123



69.3446, 63.0842, 103.1294



60.7203, 54.2790, 77.7984



13.6173, 13.5863, 17.2924



12.0496, 5.3071, 41.4377



0.9385, 0.4211, 2.8771



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.9268, 53.1615, 63.0877



74.6488, 66.3339, 80.0995



54.0540, 66.4726, 53.7001



13.9848, 13.8116, 15.6902



19.5702, 9.8951, 9.6685

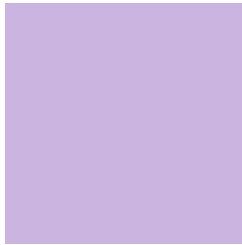


1.4016, 0.7039, 0.9079



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

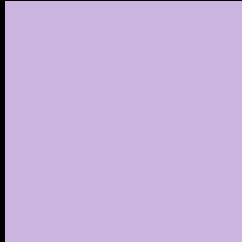
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

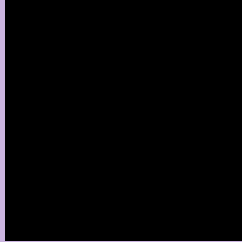
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.6070, 51.1261,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112

### Protanopia

51.1821, 51.4473, 81.3615

### Deuteranopia

52.4065, 51.2321, 76.9387



## Tritanopia

51.3275, 51.0102, 61.7843

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112

## Protanomaly

52.2004, 51.0628, 79.7779

## Deuteranomaly

53.2247, 51.3445, 76.9173

## Tritanomaly

52.4685, 51.1638, 67.4318

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

51.6473, 52.0618, 64.4536

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 181, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 181, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 181, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 181, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 181, 224) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 181, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 181, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 181, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 181, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 181,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.6070, 51.1261, 77.5112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 181, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
181, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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