

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.4683, 54.5050,  
63.5268)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDBFCA
RGB	205, 191, 202
RGB Percent	80%, 75%, 79%
CMY	0.1961, 0.2510, 0.2078
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.01, 0.20
HSL	313°, 12%, 78%
HSV	313°, 7%, 80%
XYZ	54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268
YIQ	196.4400, 4.8130, 6.3890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

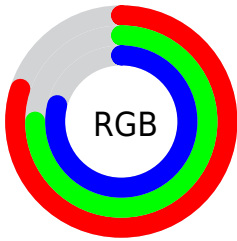
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 191, 202
Decimal	13483978
CIE Lab	78.76, 6.88, -3.75
CIE LCh	79, 7.836, 331.419
Yxy	54.5050, 0.3158, 0.3160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291674058 (0xFFCDBFCA)
YUV	196.4400, 2.7411, 7.5071
Hunter-Lab	73.8275, 2.4952, 0.6616

# Details

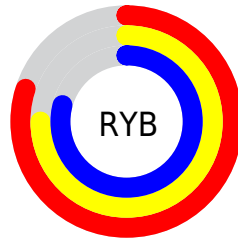
The XYZ color **54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.0569, 58.6355, 59.5632**, and the grayscale version is **52.7169, 55.4623, 60.3984**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5508, 95.0015, 108.0669**, and **27.1963, 26.8944, 31.7747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.7945, 45.9775, 59.4389**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.7858, 64.2946, 67.9037**.

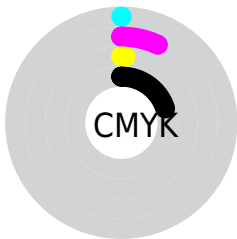
# Distribution



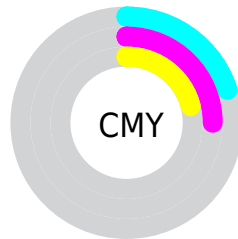
- Red (80%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.4683, 54.5050,  
63.5268

■ 54.4683, 54.5050,  
63.5268

394.0625,  
404.0328, 455.6393

■ 39.2083, 39.0055,  
45.8238

■ 95.9144, 96.8153,  
111.5221

■ 27.1033, 26.7640,  
31.7591

122.8312,  
124.3950, 142.6514

■ 17.7878, 17.3961,  
20.9143

154.3643,  
156.7702, 179.0933

■ 10.8965, 10.5173,  
12.8707

190.8792,  
194.3253, 221.2662

■ 6.0641, 5.7433,  
7.2099

232.7411,  
237.4447, 269.5887

■ 2.9251, 2.6896,  
3.5133

280.3154,

■ 1.1143, 0.9719,

286.5128, 324.4794

1.3623

333.9674,  
341.9141, 386.3567

■ 0.0370, 0.0000,  
0.1121

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.4683, 54.5050,  
63.5268

■ 54.4683, 54.5050,  
63.5268

■ 49.7945, 45.9775,  
59.4389

■ 59.7858, 64.2946,  
67.9037

■ 45.7337, 38.6532,  
55.6272

■ 65.7667, 75.3880,  
72.5748

■ 42.2597, 32.4793,  
52.0829

■ 72.4358, 87.8336,  
77.5495

■ 39.3426, 27.3961,  
48.7956

■ 73.7996, 89.6443,  
80.8306

36.9498, 23.3384,  
45.7537

74.3879, 89.8796,  
83.9287

35.0451, 20.2343,  
42.9446

74.9916, 90.1211,  
87.1079

33.5878, 18.0024,  
40.3540

75.6109, 90.3688,  
90.3689

32.5303, 16.5478,  
37.9653

76.2458, 90.6227,  
93.7121

31.8099, 15.7453,  
35.7572

76.8964, 90.8830,  
97.1382

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.3754, 54.5050, 66.9370



54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268



54.8440, 54.5050, 59.1355

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268



51.7316, 54.5050, 51.2121



49.3021, 54.5050, 63.9107

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268



53.0569, 58.6355, 59.5632

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.8811, 54.5050, 59.5583



54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268



50.2664, 54.5050, 52.3530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268



53.2451, 54.5050, 52.1588



49.2307, 54.5050, 55.3541



50.3918, 54.5050, 67.1664



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268



54.6313, 54.5050, 56.2823



49.2307, 54.5050, 55.3541



49.0786, 54.5050, 62.5203

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.4699, 54.5074, 63.5280



93.2690, 96.7189, 107.4405



51.8493, 53.1150, 65.2779



19.9821, 20.7362, 23.0121



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.4699, 54.5074, 63.5280



88.1878, 87.3894, 103.1790



53.6824, 54.1924, 59.3814



11.5806, 11.3610, 13.5919



19.7177, 9.6977, 22.0300



1.0436, 0.5108, 1.2753



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.4699, 54.5074, 63.5280



88.1878, 87.3894, 103.1790



53.8381, 58.9480, 63.6771



11.5806, 11.3610, 13.5919



19.7177, 9.6977, 22.0300



1.0436, 0.5108, 1.2753



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

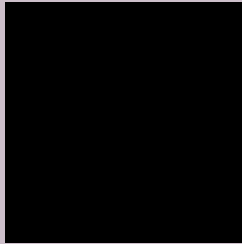
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.4683, 54.5050,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268

### Protanopia

52.9558, 54.6790, 64.8898

### Deuteranopia

55.4366, 54.3611, 63.4480



## Tritanopia

54.8865, 54.3565, 65.3566

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268

## Protanomaly

53.4026, 54.5938, 64.2230

## Deuteranomaly

55.0866, 54.5011, 63.4935

## Tritanomaly

54.7661, 54.3084, 64.7228

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268

## Achromatopsia

52.4687, 55.2011, 60.1140

## Achromatomaly

53.0380, 54.8029, 61.2087

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(205, 191, 202) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 191, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 191, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 191, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 191, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 191, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 191, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 191, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 191, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 191,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.4683, 54.5050, 63.5268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 191, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
191, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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