

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.5208, 41.3813, 39.1616)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.5208, 41.3813, 39.1616)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.6111, 41.3213,  
39.2799)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F88CA2
RGB	248, 140, 162
RGB Percent	97%, 55%, 64%
CMY	0.0275, 0.4510, 0.3647
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.35, 0.03
HSL	348°, 89%, 76%
HSV	348°, 44%, 97%
XYZ	54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799
YIQ	174.8000, 57.3060, 29.7380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

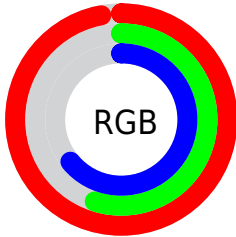
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	248, 140, 162
Decimal	16288930
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	70.40, 43.26, 6.59
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 43.756, 8.664
Yxy	41.3213, 0.4039, 0.3056
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294479010 (0xFFFF88CA2)
YUV	174.8000, -6.3104, 64.1964
Hunter-Lab	64.2816, 39.1535, 8.7674

# Details

The XYZ color **54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **58.1121, 78.2023, 83.9876**, and the grayscale version is **40.6562, 42.7735, 46.5803**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.2795, 65.3000, 74.3875**, and **27.2637, 18.7829, 17.2274** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.7672, 34.2258, 29.6736**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.5495, 50.1642, 50.6121**.

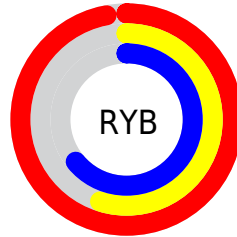
# Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (55%)

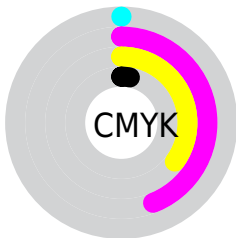
Blue (64%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (64%)

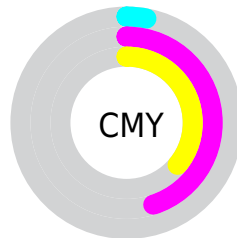


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (45%)


Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.6111, 41.3213,  
39.2799

 54.6111, 41.3213,  
39.2799


394.5965,  
351.6617, 358.5405


 39.3231, 28.5702,  
26.6680

 96.1226, 77.1714,  
75.2908

 27.1930, 18.7559,  
17.0938


 123.0767,  
101.0392, 99.5268

 17.8556, 11.4941,  
10.1388

 154.6502,  
129.3814, 128.4747

 10.9454, 6.4002,  
5.3842

191.2085,  
162.5824, 162.5530

 6.0971, 3.0899,  
2.4118

233.1170,  
201.0265, 202.1802

 2.9455, 1.1789,  
0.7928

280.7409,

 1.1250, 0.0443,

245.0981, 247.7748

0.0000

334.4456,  
295.1817, 299.7554

■ 0.0459, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.6111, 41.3213,  
39.2799

■ 54.6111, 41.3213,  
39.2799

■ 49.7672, 34.2258,  
29.6736

■ 60.5495, 50.1642,  
50.6121

■ 45.9461, 28.7553,  
21.7047

■ 67.6414, 60.8540,  
63.7478

■ 43.0726, 24.7815,  
15.2803

■ 75.9454, 73.4896,  
78.7626

■ 41.0592, 22.1536,  
10.2965

■ 85.5154, 88.1615,  
95.7271

■ 39.8012, 20.6890,  
6.6357

■ 92.5214, 98.6965,  
108.7817

■ 39.2982, 20.1912,  
4.9014

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.6318, 41.3213, 61.0130



54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799



51.1058, 41.3213, 24.4901

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799



31.2453, 41.3213, 20.5923



34.4502, 41.3213, 92.9460

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799



58.1121, 78.2023, 83.9876

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4268, 41.3213, 74.5843



54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799



27.7398, 41.3213, 32.0538

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



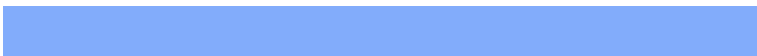
54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799



37.2260, 41.3213, 16.0775



27.1173, 41.3213, 51.2324



41.3971, 41.3213, 96.6682



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799



46.9228, 41.3213, 18.9140



27.1173, 41.3213, 51.2324



32.5063, 41.3213, 88.0612

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.6122, 41.3234, 39.2807



81.4087, 79.0578, 84.8062



57.2497, 41.4791, 93.7959



16.9785, 16.2401, 17.3523



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.6122, 41.3234, 39.2807



53.7060, 37.4604, 33.0037



57.9340, 50.8270, 31.5708



17.3891, 17.2830, 18.6390



21.2688, 10.9232, 2.8578



2.0060, 1.0262, 0.4552



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.6122, 41.3234, 39.2807



53.7060, 37.4604, 33.0037



52.6763, 62.1866, 98.0339



17.3891, 17.2830, 18.6390



21.2688, 10.9232, 2.8578



2.0060, 1.0262, 0.4552



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

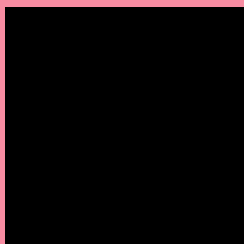
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.6111, 41.3213,

39.2799.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799

### Protanopia

40.4463, 41.7990, 49.1163

### Deuteranopia

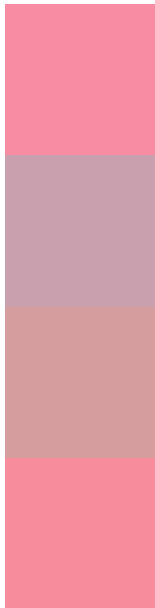
42.2277, 41.3089, 37.6461



## Tritanopia

53.6983, 41.3872, 34.8641

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799

## Protanomaly

44.2010, 40.5762, 45.0375

## Deuteranomaly

46.0465, 40.9133, 38.2710

## Tritanomaly

53.8834, 41.2242, 36.5696

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799

## Achromatopsia

40.7470, 42.8690, 46.6844

## Achromatomaly

44.5332, 41.2995, 43.6547

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 140, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 140, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 140, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 140, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 140, 162) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 140, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 140, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 140, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 140, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 140,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.6111, 41.3213, 39.2799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 140, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
140, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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