

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.5263, 60.1217, 63.7859)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.5263, 60.1217, 63.7859)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.5937, 60.0492,  
63.9716)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C0CFC9
RGB	192, 207, 201
RGB Percent	75%, 81%, 79%
CMY	0.2471, 0.1882, 0.2118
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.03, 0.19
HSL	156°, 14%, 78%
HSV	156°, 7%, 81%
XYZ	54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716
YIQ	201.8310, -7.0140, -5.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

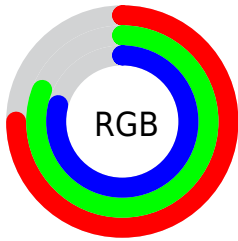
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	192, 201, 207
Decimal	12636105
CIELab	81.86, -6.20, 1.22
CIElCh	82, 6.323, 168.845
Yxy	60.0492, 0.3057, 0.3362
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290826185 (0xFFC0CFC9)
YUV	201.8310, -0.4097, -8.6218
Hunter-Lab	77.4914, -9.8544, 5.2982

# Details

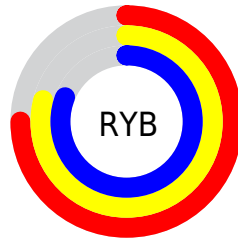
The XYZ color **54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.7770, 55.0435, 61.1664**, and the grayscale version is **56.0407, 58.9592, 64.2066**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5214, 98.6965, 108.7817**, and **27.3052, 30.3780, 32.0282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.7685, 57.1574, 58.7497**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.2121, 63.3471, 69.5074**.

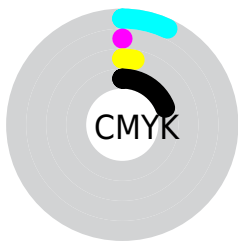
# Distribution



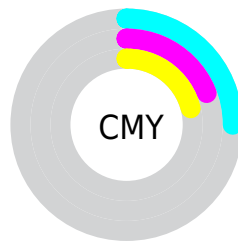
- Red (75%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.5937, 60.0492,  
63.9716

■ 54.5937, 60.0492,  
63.9716

394.5315,  
424.7791, 457.2917

■ 39.3091, 43.4583,  
46.1816

■ 96.0972, 104.9010,  
112.1691

■ 27.1821, 30.2449,  
32.0395

123.0468,  
133.9308, 143.4137

■ 17.8473, 20.0245,  
21.1266

154.6154,  
167.8755, 179.9803

■ 10.9394, 12.4129,  
13.0244

191.1684,  
207.1198, 222.2874

■ 6.0931, 7.0255,  
7.3144

233.0712,  
252.0478, 270.7536

■ 2.9430, 3.4781,  
3.5781

280.6890,

■ 1.1237, 1.3861,

303.0442, 325.7973

1.3969

334.3873,  
360.4931, 387.8372

■ 0.0448, 0.2065,  
0.1393

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.5937, 60.0492,  
63.9716

■ 54.5937, 60.0492,  
63.9716

■ 48.7685, 57.1574,  
58.7497

■ 61.2121, 63.3471,  
69.5074

■ 43.6999, 54.6481,  
53.8321

■ 68.6482, 67.0588,  
75.3587

■ 39.3562, 52.5065,  
49.2140

■ 76.9317, 71.2010,  
81.5323

■ 35.7010, 50.7141,  
44.8893

■ 78.4244, 71.8361,  
87.6747

■ 32.6950, 49.2507,  
40.8516

■ 79.6436, 72.3238,  
94.0948

■ 30.2945, 48.0939,  
37.0940

■ 80.9192, 72.8340,  
100.8119

■ 28.4503, 47.2184,  
33.6095

■ 81.6040, 73.1080,  
104.4180

■ 27.1049, 46.5947,  
30.3901

■ 26.1806, 46.1829,  
27.4272

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.1642, 60.0492, 60.6643



54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716



54.6802, 60.0492, 67.7865

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716



57.9080, 60.0492, 72.5895



58.7808, 60.0492, 60.0036

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716



54.7770, 55.0435, 61.1664

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.5386, 60.0492, 63.0377



54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716



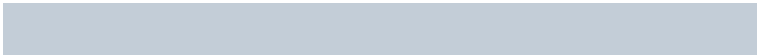
59.0293, 60.0492, 70.3410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716



56.5799, 60.0492, 72.8635



59.6303, 60.0492, 66.8158



57.5729, 60.0492, 58.4336



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716



55.0992, 60.0492, 70.1030



59.6303, 60.0492, 66.8158



59.0974, 60.0492, 60.8805

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.5954, 60.0517, 63.9729



92.8717, 98.9148, 107.0921



55.1840, 60.4740, 58.6342



19.9012, 21.1832, 22.9412



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

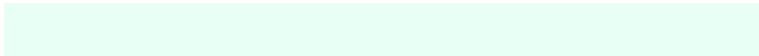


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.5954, 60.0517, 63.9729



85.6614, 95.3268, 100.9266



55.0139, 59.7364, 67.6653



11.9497, 13.3236, 14.0917



16.4050, 29.0549, 17.0445



0.9559, 1.6400, 1.1564



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.7770, 55.0435, 61.1664



86.0227, 85.3662, 95.3452



54.3737, 55.3233, 57.6827



12.0019, 11.8855, 13.2859



17.2358, 8.7672, 6.1480



1.0025, 0.5057, 0.5478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

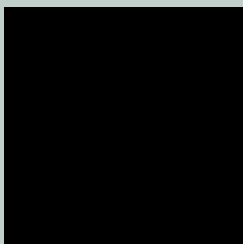
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

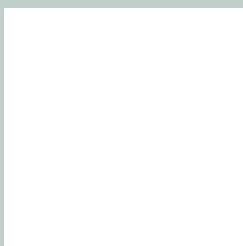
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.5937, 60.0492,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716

### Protanopia

57.3260, 59.7282, 61.9334

### Deuteranopia

61.1772, 59.9323, 64.8436



## **Tritanopia**

57.0168, 59.9551, 76.2775

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716

## Protanomaly

56.2588, 59.8658, 62.6229

## Deuteranomaly

58.6987, 60.0346, 64.3712

## Tritanomaly

56.0897, 59.9361, 71.5634

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716

## Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184

## Achromatomaly

55.5422, 59.4558, 64.4258

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(192, 207, 201) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 207, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 207, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 207, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 207, 201) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 207, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 207, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 207, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 207, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 207,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.5937, 60.0492, 63.9716 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 207, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
207, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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