

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.5509, 79.2536, 71.3718)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.5509, 79.2536, 71.3718)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.7303, 79.5262,  
71.4970)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AFECF
RGB	122, 254, 207
RGB Percent	48%, 100%, 81%
CMY	0.5216, 0.0039, 0.1882
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	159°, 99%, 74%
HSV	159°, 52%, 100%
XYZ	54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970
YIQ	209.1740, -63.5850, -42.6010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

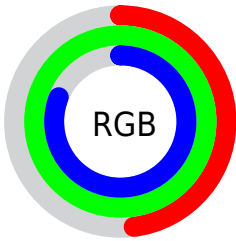
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">122, 202, 254</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8060623</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.47, -47.27, 11.46</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 48.636, 166.371</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">79.5262, 0.2660, 0.3865</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286250703 (0xFF7AFECF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">209.1740, -1.0718, -76.4516</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.1775, -46.5109, 14.8892</a>

# Details

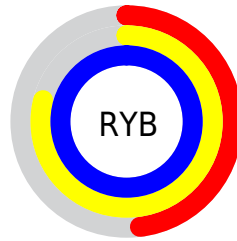
The XYZ color **54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.9966, 37.8564, 41.9473**, and the grayscale version is **60.7562, 63.9203, 69.6092**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.1014, 88.6851, 107.8728**, and **27.4034, 43.1023, 37.0123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.5189, 77.4814, 65.6932**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.9491, 82.0872, 77.6821**.

# Distribution



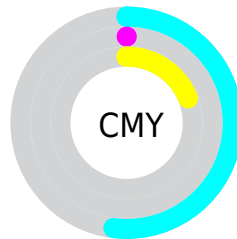
- Red (48%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.7303, 79.5262,  
71.4970


 54.7303, 79.5262,  
71.4970


395.0418,  
493.3347, 484.7193


 39.4188, 59.3285,  
52.2636


 96.2963, 132.6994,  
123.0422

 27.2679, 42.8777,  
36.8315


 123.2816,  
166.4437, 156.1910

 17.9121, 29.7891,  
24.7823


 154.8888,  
205.4724, 194.8154

 10.9862, 19.6786,  
15.6974

191.4833,  
250.1698, 239.3338

 6.1248, 12.1616,  
9.1582

233.4305,  
300.9203, 290.1649

 2.9625, 6.8538,  
4.7463


281.0958,


 1.1340, 3.3709,


358.1084, 347.7272

2.0431


334.8444,  
422.1184, 412.4391


 0.0532, 1.3283,  
0.5816

 0.0000, 0.1629,  
0.0000

 54.7303, 79.5262,  
71.4970


 54.7303, 79.5262,  
71.4970

 50.5189, 77.4814,  
65.6932


 59.9491, 82.0872,  
77.6821


 47.2325, 75.9041,  
60.2562

 66.2366, 85.1896,  
84.2515


 44.7859, 74.7527,  
55.1781

 73.6567, 88.8684,  
91.2152

 43.0739, 73.9730,  
50.4483

 82.2663, 93.1527,  
98.5810

 42.1044, 73.5509,  
46.8915

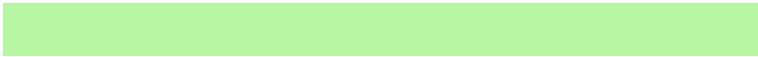
 92.1184, 98.0697,  
106.3563

94.7332, 99.3665,  
108.7944

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.6310, 79.5262, 47.5503



54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970



54.9684, 79.5262, 107.2651

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970



82.4981, 79.5262, 169.8682



93.2332, 79.5262, 46.0201

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970



54.9966, 37.8564, 41.9473

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.8082, 79.5262, 68.7594



54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970



94.1627, 79.5262, 142.6715

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970



70.1149, 79.5262, 171.1948



101.1659, 79.5262, 103.6715



81.3372, 79.5262, 35.7922



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970



57.9922, 79.5262, 133.6443



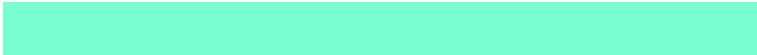
101.1659, 79.5262, 103.6715



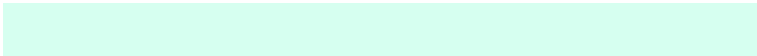
96.4236, 79.5262, 52.1238

# Sweetspot

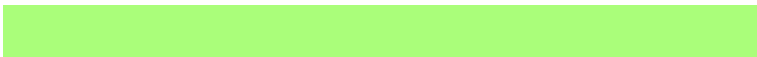
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.7325, 79.5294, 71.4988



79.3484, 92.1656, 96.4139



55.6213, 80.8828, 31.0938



16.6014, 19.5370, 20.3092



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

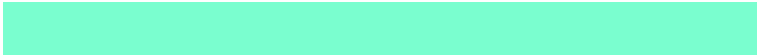


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.7325, 79.5294, 71.4988



50.9536, 78.1657, 66.2550



56.0286, 71.5179, 104.6210



18.2642, 20.3652, 21.6940



22.2700, 38.8046, 25.1046



2.2204, 3.7991, 2.7187



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.9966, 37.8564, 41.9473



51.2714, 32.0973, 33.7148



53.7080, 41.1174, 23.5192



18.2765, 18.0939, 20.0734



22.5952, 11.5274, 6.5189

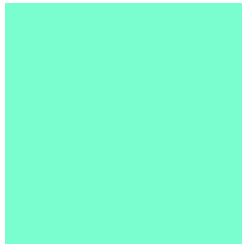


2.2498, 1.1423, 0.8968



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

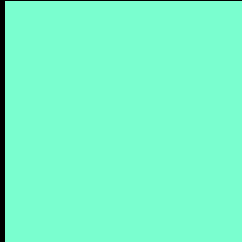
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

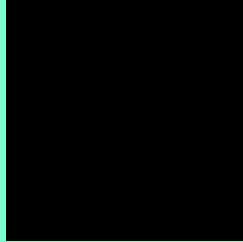
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970.



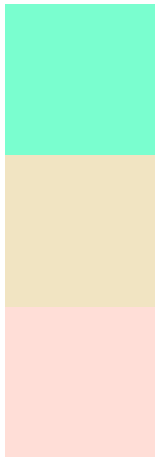
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.7303, 79.5262,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970

### Protanopia

73.7566, 78.0826, 62.2230

### Deuteranopia

79.6270, 78.4088, 75.2276



## Tritanopia

66.9609, 79.1293, 106.3520

# Trichromacy



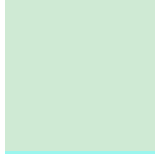
## Original Color

54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970



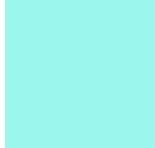
## Protanomaly

63.8817, 76.6977, 65.4700



## Deuteranomaly

67.0386, 76.8645, 73.5904



## Tritanomaly

61.9060, 79.0531, 92.8849

# Monochromacy



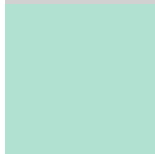
## Original Color

54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970



## Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



## Achromatomaly

56.4418, 67.7516, 69.7771

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 254, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 254, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 254, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 254, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 254, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 254, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 254, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 254, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 254, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 254,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.7303, 79.5262, 71.4970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 254, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
254, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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