

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.5568, 45.3817,  
46.4415)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EC9EAF
RGB	236, 158, 175
RGB Percent	93%, 62%, 69%
CMY	0.0745, 0.3804, 0.3137
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.26, 0.07
HSL	347°, 67%, 77%
HSV	347°, 33%, 93%
XYZ	54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415
YIQ	183.2600, 41.0310, 21.8230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

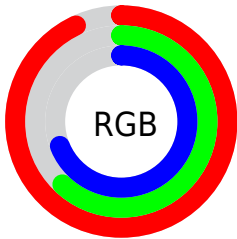
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 158, 175
Decimal	15507119
CIE Lab	73.14, 31.30, 3.14
CIE LCh	73, 31.457, 5.737
Yxy	45.3817, 0.3727, 0.3100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293697199 (0xFFEC9EAF)
YUV	183.2600, -4.0722, 46.2530
Hunter-Lab	67.3659, 26.6691, 6.2821

# Details

The XYZ color **54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **56.8842, 72.3756, 77.9933**, and the grayscale version is **45.1594, 47.5112, 51.7397**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.3172, 74.5617, 85.0743**, and **27.3196, 21.3218, 21.4145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.2204, 37.4143, 36.3218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.9165, 54.9984, 58.1258**.

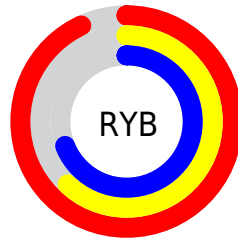
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (62%)

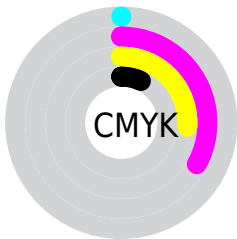
Blue (69%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (69%)

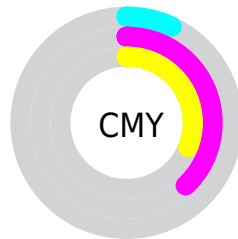


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.5568, 45.3817,  
46.4415


 54.5568, 45.3817,  
46.4415


394.3935,  
368.3173, 388.9098

 39.2794, 31.7582,  
32.2432


 96.0434, 83.2929,  
86.2206

 27.1589, 21.1769,  
21.2810


 122.9834,  
108.3494, 112.6384

 17.8298, 13.2533,  
13.1363

154.5415,  
137.9856, 143.9665

 10.9268, 7.6032,  
7.3906

191.0833,  
172.5860, 180.6234

 6.0846, 3.8421,  
3.6254

232.9741,  
212.5350, 223.0277

 2.9377, 1.5857,  
1.4222

280.5791,

 1.1209, 0.3479,

258.2169, 271.5978

0.1589

334.2638,  
310.0162, 326.7523

■ 0.0425, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.5568, 45.3817,  
46.4415

■ 54.5568, 45.3817,  
46.4415

■ 49.2204, 37.4143,  
36.3218

■ 60.9165, 54.9984,  
58.1258

■ 44.8492, 30.9969,  
27.6966

■ 68.3459, 66.3434,  
71.4352

■ 41.3848, 26.0298,  
20.4943

■ 76.8934, 79.4985,  
86.4304

■ 38.7608, 22.3984,  
14.6362

■ 86.6028, 94.5381,  
103.1678

■ 36.9015, 19.9710,  
10.0356

■ 88.4022, 96.5729,  
108.5889

■ 35.7163, 18.5887,  
6.5943

■ 35.1992, 18.0757,  
4.8151

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5310, 45.3817, 62.9583



54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415



52.3172, 45.3817, 33.7260

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415



37.2375, 45.3817, 28.6505



38.9255, 45.3817, 82.5556

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415



56.8842, 72.3756, 77.9933

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.0936, 45.3817, 69.3367



54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415



34.1787, 45.3817, 37.9647

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415



42.0835, 45.3817, 24.9551



33.4284, 45.3817, 52.5085



44.2017, 45.3817, 86.1664



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415



49.3773, 45.3817, 28.3401



33.4284, 45.3817, 52.5085



37.4404, 45.3817, 78.9689

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.5581, 45.3838, 46.4424



84.4014, 83.5772, 90.3236



56.2224, 45.3867, 85.1545



17.7687, 17.4332, 18.8096



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.5581, 45.3838, 46.4424



60.3913, 47.1465, 46.5911



56.8452, 52.4636, 39.4808



15.1998, 15.1078, 16.3375



19.4415, 9.9793, 2.8604



1.5616, 0.7976, 0.4089



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.5581, 45.3838, 46.4424



60.3913, 47.1465, 46.5911



53.5940, 62.0296, 88.5055



15.1998, 15.1078, 16.3375



19.4415, 9.9793, 2.8604

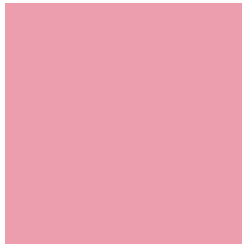


1.5616, 0.7976, 0.4089



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

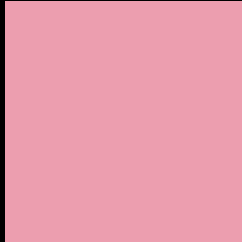
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.5568, 45.3817,

46.4415.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415

### Protanopia

44.1458, 45.6518, 53.4987

### Deuteranopia

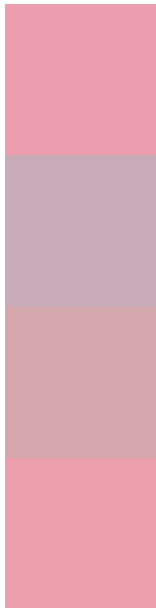
46.4019, 45.5300, 45.3723



## Tritanopia

54.3409, 45.5694, 44.4598

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415

## Protanomaly

47.1975, 44.9622, 50.9907

## Deuteranomaly

48.9860, 45.1685, 45.6717

## Tritanomaly

54.4366, 45.6077, 44.9638

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

47.7314, 46.1239, 49.5671

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 158, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 158, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 158, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 158, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 158, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 158, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 158, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 158, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 158, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 158,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.5568, 45.3817, 46.4415 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 158, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
158, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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