

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.6230, 49.6792, 32.7933)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.6230, 49.6792, 32.7933)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.8265, 49.8748,  
32.7237)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDAD8F
RGB	237, 173, 143
RGB Percent	93%, 68%, 56%
CMY	0.0706, 0.3215, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.40, 0.07
HSL	19°, 72%, 75%
HSV	19°, 40%, 93%
XYZ	54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237
YIQ	188.7160, 47.7740, 4.2380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

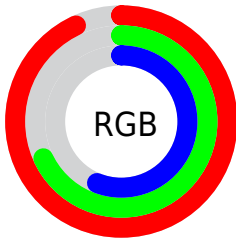
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	237, 187, 143
Decimal	15576463
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.99, 19.70, 24.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 31.547, 51.359
Yxy	49.8748, 0.3990, 0.3629
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293766543 (0xFFEDAD8F)
YUV	188.7160, -22.5380, 42.3451
Hunter-Lab	70.6221, 14.9874, 21.9626

# Details

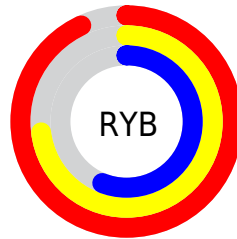
The XYZ color **54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **48.9256, 56.5775, 88.4625**, and the grayscale version is **48.3141, 50.8302, 55.3541**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.3374, 81.3298, 64.3400**, and **27.2386, 23.7894, 13.2814** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.3081, 43.4141, 23.2761**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1004, 57.2394, 44.2953**.

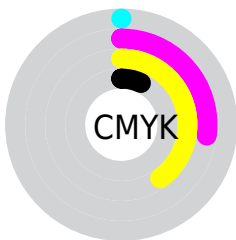
# Distribution



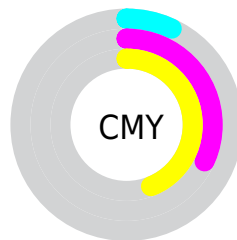
- Red (93%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.8265, 49.8748,  
32.7237

 54.8265, 49.8748,  
32.7237


395.4010,  
386.1761, 328.9966

 39.4961, 35.3139,  
21.6455


 96.4365, 89.9893,  
65.0549

 27.3284, 23.9048,  
13.4008


 123.4469,  
116.3118, 87.1451

 17.9578, 15.2630,  
7.5712

155.0812,  
147.3236, 113.7429

 11.0192, 9.0042,  
3.7380

191.7050,  
183.4091, 145.2670

 6.1472, 4.7439,  
1.4827

233.6835,  
224.9527, 182.1358

 2.9763, 2.0978,  
0.2050

281.3821,

 1.1412, 0.6634,

272.3388, 224.7680

0.0000

335.1662,  
325.9518, 273.5821

■ 0.0592, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.8265, 49.8748,  
32.7237

■ 54.8265, 49.8748,  
32.7237

■ 50.3081, 43.4141,  
23.2761

■ 60.1004, 57.2394,  
44.2953

■ 46.5041, 37.8138,  
15.8181

■ 66.1606, 65.5345,  
58.1079

■ 43.3748, 33.0376,  
10.2049

■ 73.0406, 74.7947,  
74.2734

■ 40.8746, 29.0434,  
6.2698

■ 80.7708, 85.0506,  
92.8953

■ 38.9511, 25.7845,  
3.8157

■ 88.3154, 95.9054,  
108.4646

■ 37.5274, 23.2023,  
2.5236

■ 88.7350, 96.7445,  
108.6045

■ 37.4855, 23.1255,  
2.4880

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.7419, 49.8748, 43.3376



54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237



49.1248, 49.8748, 28.1558

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237



37.0752, 49.8748, 49.5809



51.6460, 49.8748, 90.4188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237



48.9256, 56.5775, 88.4625

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.7249, 49.8748, 93.0539



54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237



37.6286, 49.8748, 66.9827

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237



39.1048, 49.8748, 36.4801



40.6845, 49.8748, 83.7507



56.8025, 49.8748, 77.1565



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237



45.2107, 49.8748, 28.3284



40.6845, 49.8748, 83.7507



49.6681, 49.8748, 92.6721

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.8278, 49.8772, 32.7247



84.2194, 85.6047, 82.8903



56.0387, 42.1663, 64.3667



17.7930, 18.0096, 17.1906



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.8278, 49.8772, 32.7247



60.1360, 52.3222, 28.9754



65.4151, 71.0518, 36.2538



15.4579, 15.8389, 15.7612



20.5704, 12.8350, 1.3932



1.6992, 1.1757, 0.1374

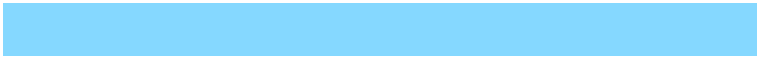


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.9256, 56.5775, 88.4625



52.1976, 61.2496, 103.6790



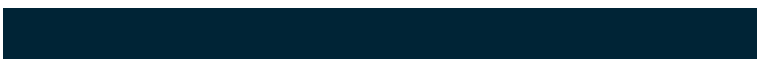
39.2255, 37.1772, 85.2291



15.0888, 16.2640, 19.2662



15.4606, 17.5683, 46.3191



1.3001, 1.5517, 3.6659



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

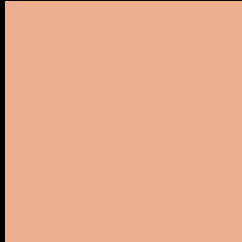
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

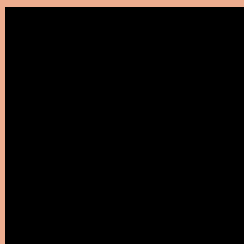
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.8265, 49.8748,

32.7237.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237

### Protanopia

46.8285, 49.8848, 36.0148

### Deuteranopia

51.0225, 49.9677, 32.5467



## Tritanopia

58.6187, 50.0422, 50.2856

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237

## Protanomaly

49.4350, 49.7086, 34.5930

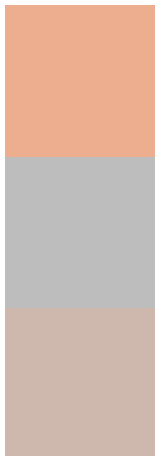
## Deuteranomaly

52.2832, 49.7282, 32.4341

## Tritanomaly

57.2850, 50.0647, 43.2034

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

49.8335, 49.9673, 46.0479

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 173, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 173, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 173, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 173, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 173, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 173, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 173, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 173, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 173, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 173,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.8265, 49.8748, 32.7237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 173, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
173, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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