

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.6507, 81.1895, 15.9227)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.6507, 81.1895, 15.9227)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.7176, 81.2240,  
15.9258)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2FF33
RGB	178, 255, 51
RGB Percent	70%, 100%, 20%
CMY	0.3020, 0.0000, 0.8000
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.80, 0.00
HSL	83°, 100%, 60%
HSV	83°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258
YIQ	208.7210, 19.5920, -79.7680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

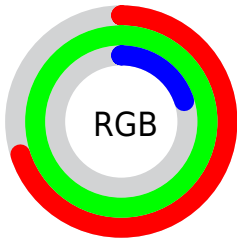
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">51, 255, 128</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11730739</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.23, -50.57, 81.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 95.685, 121.906</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">81.2240, 0.3603, 0.5348</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289920819 (0xFFB2FF33)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">208.7210, -77.7565, -26.9423</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">90.1244, -49.3441, 52.6100</a>

# Details

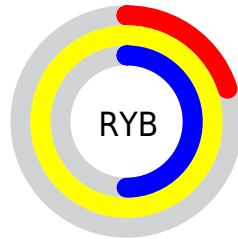
The XYZ color **54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF33**. The color can be described as light washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **28.1379, 14.1785, 95.8614**, and the grayscale version is **60.9046, 64.0763, 69.7791**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.1144, 90.9349, 29.8656**, and **27.6653, 44.2397, 7.0810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.1692, 79.9583, 13.6327**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.7290, 82.6927, 19.8494**.

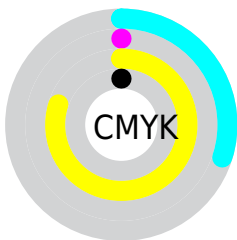
# Distribution



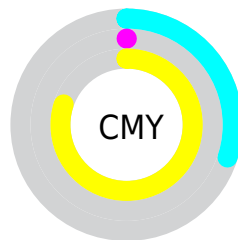
- Red (70%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.7176, 81.2240,  
15.9258


 54.7176, 81.2240,  
15.9258


394.9944,  
499.0483, 240.7342


 39.4086, 60.7261,  
9.3179


 96.2778, 135.0852,  
37.2343


 27.2599, 44.0042,  
4.8495


 123.2597,  
169.2174, 52.7720

 17.9061, 30.6738,  
2.1020


 154.8634,  
208.6631, 72.1234

 10.9819, 20.3506,  
0.6170

 191.4541,  
253.8067, 95.7070

 6.1219, 12.6501,  
0.0000

 233.3971,  
305.0326, 123.9413

 2.9607, 7.1881,  
0.0000

281.0580,

 1.1330, 3.5800,

362.7252, 157.2449

0.0000

334.8020,  
427.2690, 196.0364

■ 0.0525, 1.4415,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.2470,  
0.0000

■ 54.7176, 81.2240,  
15.9258

■ 54.7176, 81.2240,  
15.9258

■ 52.1692, 79.9583,  
13.6327

■ 57.7290, 82.6927,  
19.8494

■ 50.0082, 78.8652,  
12.5871

■ 61.2503, 84.3836,  
25.6323

■ 50.0075, 78.8648,  
12.5868

■ 65.3215, 86.3132,  
33.4705

■ 69.9778, 88.4956,  
43.5343

■ 75.2510, 90.9442,  
55.9761

■ 81.1702, 93.6706,  
70.9349

■ 87.7624, 96.6862,  
88.5391

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.6320, 81.2240, 10.2473



54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258



42.4199, 81.2240, 38.5971

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258



56.9217, 81.2240, 270.9313



135.0757, 81.2240, 83.9915

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258



28.1379, 14.1785, 95.8614

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.1472, 81.2240, 169.2224



54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258



78.7915, 81.2240, 305.9971

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258



43.4885, 81.2240, 181.5898



105.1277, 81.2240, 261.4997



124.9567, 81.2240, 34.2617



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258



39.0745, 81.2240, 70.6333



105.1277, 81.2240, 261.4997



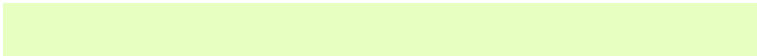
134.4278, 81.2240, 109.0110

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.7177, 81.2240, 15.9269



78.7210, 92.5449, 64.6352



49.2738, 36.3713, 7.5564



16.4021, 19.6022, 12.7096



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.7177, 81.2240, 15.9269



50.8373, 79.2862, 12.9173



39.5167, 73.3876, 15.2156



18.8580, 20.7282, 19.1514



26.3011, 41.2968, 6.5849



2.6822, 4.0835, 0.6468



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.1379, 14.1785, 95.8614



23.7090, 10.3017, 95.3466



51.1661, 26.0500, 96.9391



17.6509, 17.7118, 22.7384



12.1183, 5.1577, 49.7914

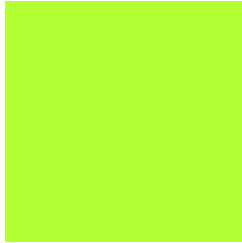


1.2965, 0.5623, 4.8535



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

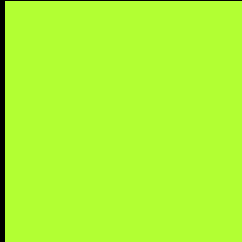
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258.



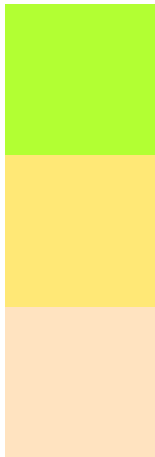
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.7176, 81.2240,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258

### Protanopia

73.3666, 80.2812, 28.7685

### Deuteranopia

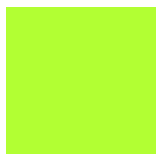
78.2235, 80.0039, 61.1887



## Tritanopia

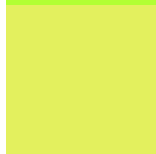
73.2360, 80.6257, 106.3101

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258



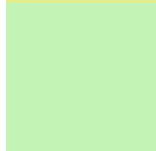
## Protanomaly

64.8590, 79.4592, 22.5084



## Deuteranomaly

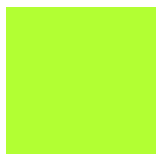
66.7705, 78.8224, 36.8944



## Tritanomaly

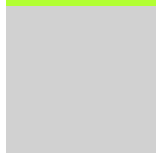
63.1969, 79.6397, 55.7572

# Monochromacy



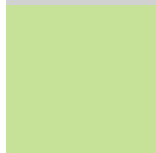
## Original Color

54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258



## Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343



## Achromatomaly

56.1526, 68.6655, 40.0000

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 255, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 255, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 255, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 255, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 255, 51) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 255, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 255, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 255, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 255, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 255,  
51) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.7176, 81.2240, 15.9258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 255, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
255, 51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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