

# Converting Colors

XYZ(54.7619, 26.7725, 85.1686)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(54.7619, 26.7725, 85.1686)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(54.8387, 26.8076,  
85.5032)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F814F1
RGB	248, 20, 241
RGB Percent	97%, 8%, 95%
CMY	0.0274, 0.9215, 0.0549
CMYK	0.00, 0.92, 0.03, 0.03
HSL	302°, 94%, 53%
HSV	302°, 92%, 97%
XYZ	54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032
YIQ	113.3660, 64.9470, 117.0670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

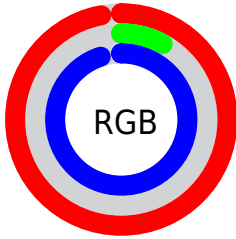
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 20, 241
Decimal	16258289
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.80, 93.85, -55.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 109.065, 329.375
Yxy	26.8076, 0.3281, 0.1604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294448369 (0xFFFF814F1)
YUV	113.3660, 62.9236, 118.0740
Hunter-Lab	51.7761, 98.4505, -61.6685

# Details

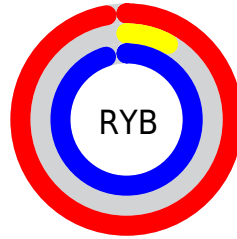
The XYZ color **54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **34.0550, 67.3639, 12.2462**, and the grayscale version is **15.6148, 16.4279, 17.8900**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.6526, 39.2051, 98.7675**, and **29.1452, 14.0255, 46.5185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.4974, 26.2709, 84.9371**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.6350, 28.2168, 86.3313**.

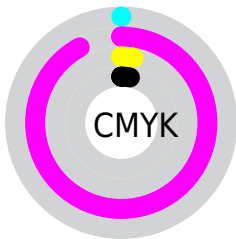
# Distribution



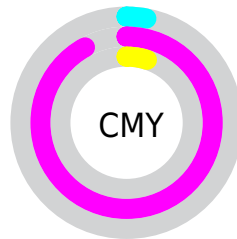
- Red (97%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 54.8387, 26.8076,  
85.5032


 54.8387, 26.8076,  
85.5032


395.4466,  
286.7243, 533.4796


 39.5059, 17.4288,  
63.7047


 96.4543, 54.5750,  
142.9564


 27.3360, 10.5407,  
45.9669


 123.4678, 73.7323,  
179.4482


 17.9636, 5.7589,  
31.8712


 155.1056, 96.9179,  
221.6748

 11.0234, 2.6990,  
20.9991

 191.7331,  
124.5163, 270.0549

 6.1500, 0.9767,  
12.9321

 233.7156,  
156.9117, 325.0068

 2.9780, 0.0000,  
7.2517

281.4184,

 1.1422, 0.0000,

194.4886, 386.9492

3.5392

335.2070,  
237.6313, 456.3006

■ 0.0599, 0.0000,  
1.3761

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1230

■ 54.8387, 26.8076,  
85.5032

■ 54.8387, 26.8076,  
85.5032

■ 54.4974, 26.2709,  
84.9371

■ 55.6350, 28.2168,  
86.3313

■ 56.9846, 30.7328,  
87.3460

■ 58.9735, 34.5266,  
88.5761

■ 61.6720, 39.7390,  
90.0452

65.1415, 46.4924,  
91.7736

69.4364, 54.8960,  
93.7794

74.6064, 65.0490,  
96.0794

80.6973, 77.0429,  
98.6887

87.7515, 90.9627,  
101.6214

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.3858, 26.8076, 152.9736



54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032



61.0707, 26.8076, 30.0039

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032



25.7628, 26.8076, 0.0000



8.9358, 26.8076, 82.6718

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032



34.0550, 67.3639, 12.2462

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.3829, 26.8076, 28.3889



54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032



14.7837, 26.8076, 0.4426

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032



41.0533, 26.8076, 0.5257



9.0768, 26.8076, 5.3820



14.4466, 26.8076, 150.5503



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032



58.4879, 26.8076, 10.8685



9.0768, 26.8076, 5.3820



8.0422, 26.8076, 61.2965

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.8398, 26.8089, 85.5037



75.9965, 62.4546, 100.8172



17.5667, 7.4707, 89.3242



15.7858, 12.4252, 21.3621



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.8398, 26.8089, 85.5037



58.0546, 27.9859, 90.4746



43.0062, 22.0754, 23.1890



17.9687, 17.5148, 21.6907



29.4493, 14.1954, 45.9359



2.7346, 1.3176, 4.2916



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.8398, 26.8089, 85.5037



58.0546, 27.9859, 90.4746



38.4308, 69.1142, 35.2889



17.9687, 17.5148, 21.6907



29.4493, 14.1954, 45.9359



2.7346, 1.3176, 4.2916



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

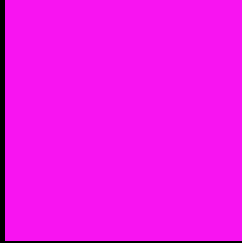
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.8387, 26.8076,

85.5032.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032

### Protanopia

30.7058, 27.2360, 98.2464

### Deuteranopia

28.0523, 27.2192, 76.4484



## Tritanopia

40.1854, 26.6487, 15.5961

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032



## Protanomaly

32.6752, 20.9262, 92.7595



## Deuteranomaly

31.3276, 20.9511, 78.7368



## Tritanomaly

43.0768, 24.6113, 32.6170

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032



## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829



## Achromatomaly

24.0414, 15.8114, 35.0425

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 20, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 20, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 20, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 20, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 20, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 20, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 20, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 20, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 20, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 20,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.8387, 26.8076, 85.5032 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 20, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248, 20,  
241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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