

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.0621, 50.5714, 10.2277)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.0621, 50.5714, 10.2277)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(55.0105, 50.4682,  
10.2101)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAAD35
RGB	250, 173, 53
RGB Percent	98%, 68%, 21%
CMY	0.0196, 0.3215, 0.7921
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.79, 0.02
HSL	37°, 95%, 59%
HSV	37°, 79%, 98%
XYZ	55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101
YIQ	182.3430, 84.4120, -20.9960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

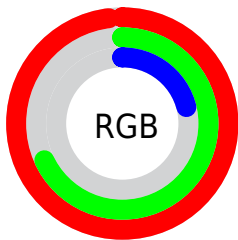
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	179, 250, 53
Decimal	16428341
CIELab	76.36, 18.60, 68.37
CIELCh	76, 70.855, 74.783
Yxy	50.4682, 0.4755, 0.4362
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294618421 (0xFFFAAD35)
YUV	182.3430, -63.7661, 59.3352
Hunter-Lab	71.0410, 13.8996, 41.2074

# Details

The XYZ color **55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **26.7057, 23.6233, 93.5939**, and the grayscale version is **44.9567, 47.2980, 51.5075**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.7437, 77.8509, 25.7134**, and **27.5764, 24.3661, 3.2497** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.7729, 46.6861, 7.3287**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.6870, 54.6493, 14.7164**.

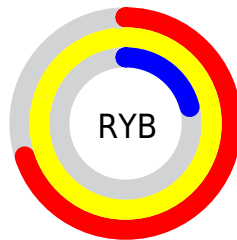
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (68%)

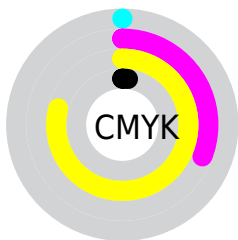
Blue (21%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (98%)

Blue (21%)

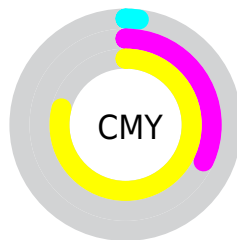


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (79%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (32%)


Yellow (79%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55.0105, 50.4682,  
10.2101


 55.0105, 50.4682,  
10.2101


396.0875,  
388.4941, 202.7041

 39.6440, 35.7856,  
5.4311


 96.7046, 90.8682,  
26.8039


 27.4441, 24.2686,  
2.4392


 123.7629,  
117.3543, 39.4558


 18.0453, 15.5330,  
0.8077


 155.4491,  
148.5438, 55.5689

 11.0824, 9.1943,  
0.0000

 192.1287,  
184.8209, 75.5620

 6.1900, 4.8681,  
0.0000

 234.1670,  
226.5701, 99.8535

 3.0027, 2.1701,  
0.0000

 281.9293,

 1.1552, 0.7036,

274.1757, 128.8620

0.0000

335.7810,  
328.0223, 163.0060

■ 0.0705, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.0105, 50.4682,  
10.2101

■ 55.0105, 50.4682,  
10.2101

■ 52.7729, 46.6861,  
7.3287

■ 57.6870, 54.6493,  
14.7164


■ 50.9081, 43.2656,  
5.7542


■ 60.8427, 59.2438,  
21.0614


■ 50.6996, 42.8750,  
5.6035


■ 64.5161, 64.2735,  
29.4290


■ 68.7401, 69.7559,  
39.9798

 73.5446, 75.7070,  
52.8581

 78.9570, 82.1419,  
68.1956

 85.0027, 89.0746,  
86.1143

 91.7055, 96.5185,  
106.7278

 93.2340, 99.0638,  
108.8150

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.5422, 50.4682, 17.7824



55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101



41.7252, 50.4682, 10.1633

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101



27.2202, 50.4682, 75.8743



68.3683, 50.4682, 125.1938

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101



26.7057, 23.6233, 93.5939

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.8054, 50.4682, 160.7724



55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101



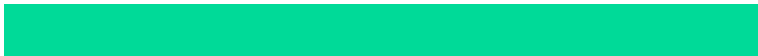
31.9884, 50.4682, 124.5147

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101



27.2546, 50.4682, 37.8583



41.5547, 50.4682, 160.4784



77.1723, 50.4682, 76.5418



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101



34.7900, 50.4682, 14.0391



41.5547, 50.4682, 160.4784



64.1143, 50.4682, 139.9014

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.0116, 50.4708, 10.2111



79.5538, 82.3433, 62.6222



44.8486, 24.5309, 24.1300



16.6055, 17.1189, 12.2195



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.0116, 50.4708, 10.2111



53.9375, 46.5414, 6.5129



67.5574, 85.5003, 16.3112



18.1247, 18.9852, 18.1716



27.0369, 23.0305, 3.0203



2.6072, 2.3392, 0.3141



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7057, 23.6233, 93.5939



23.5149, 17.9088, 96.8251



21.2537, 10.8536, 91.4165



16.8394, 17.7557, 21.9249



11.5849, 8.5254, 49.0085



1.1727, 0.9890, 4.5723



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101

### Protanopia

45.8001, 50.5395, 11.2121

### Deuteranopia

51.6427, 50.4837, 10.1544



## Tritanopia

61.9772, 50.5104, 46.5273

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101

## Protanomaly

48.6986, 50.1600, 10.8565

## Deuteranomaly

52.9599, 50.5695, 10.2184

## Tritanomaly

58.3560, 50.1318, 27.7198

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101

## Achromatopsia

44.4628, 46.7784, 50.9417

## Achromatomaly

46.2254, 47.2549, 29.6064

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 173, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 173, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 173, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 173, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 173, 53) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 173, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 173, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 173, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 173, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 173,  
53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.0105, 50.4682, 10.2101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 173, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
173, 53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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