

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.0966, 38.6698, 34.1167)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.0966, 38.6698, 34.1167)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.2411, 38.1942,  
34.2192)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7D98
RGB	255, 125, 152
RGB Percent	100%, 49%, 60%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5098, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	348°, 100%, 75%
HSV	348°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192
YIQ	166.9480, 68.8130, 35.9570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

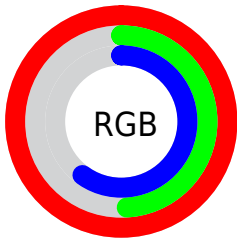
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 125, 152
Decimal	16743832
CIE Lab	68.16, 51.96, 9.13
CIE LCh	68, 52.754, 9.969
Yxy	38.1942, 0.4283, 0.3016
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294933912 (0xFFFF7D98)
YUV	166.9480, -7.3694, 77.2216
Hunter-Lab	61.8015, 48.5110, 10.4324

# Details

The XYZ color **54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **58.2230, 81.4823, 86.0625**, and the grayscale version is **36.7177, 38.6299, 42.0680**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.9045, 58.7640, 66.1034**, and **26.8503, 16.9154, 14.1617** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.9010, 31.9405, 25.2918**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.6937, 46.2215, 44.9089**.

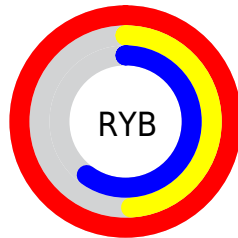
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (49%)

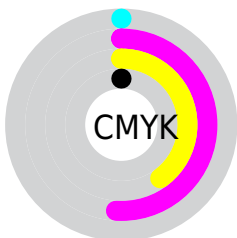
Blue (60%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (60%)

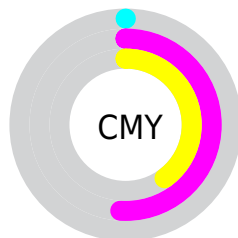


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)


Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 54.2411, 38.1942,  
34.2192


 54.2411, 38.1942,  
34.2192


393.2121,  
338.4523, 335.9073


 39.0259, 26.1334,  
22.7833


 95.5830, 72.4057,  
67.4122

 26.9607, 16.9235,  
14.2298


 122.4404, 95.3252,  
90.0064

 17.6801, 10.1800,  
8.1401


 153.9092,  
122.6332, 117.1571

 10.8189, 5.5184,  
4.0957

190.3547,  
154.7138, 149.2828

 6.0116, 2.5545,  
1.6780

232.1425,  
191.9517, 186.8022

 2.8928, 0.9039,  
0.3456

279.6377,

 1.0973, 0.0000,

234.7312, 230.1337

0.0000

333.2058,  
283.4365, 279.6959

■ 0.0229, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.2411, 38.1942,  
34.2192

■ 54.2411, 38.1942,  
34.2192

■ 49.9010, 31.9405,  
25.2918

■ 59.6937, 46.2215,  
44.9089

■ 46.5912, 27.3193,  
18.0277

■ 66.3268, 56.1376,  
57.4479

■ 44.2228, 24.1777,  
12.3211

■ 74.2066, 68.0549,  
71.9200

■ 42.6897, 22.3303,  
8.0520

■ 83.3934, 82.0752,  
88.4030

■ 41.8814, 21.5166,  
5.3080

■ 93.9436, 98.2935,  
106.9707

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.3069, 38.1942, 59.1381



54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192



49.8429, 38.1942, 18.7259

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192



27.0499, 38.1942, 15.6117



31.1434, 38.1942, 100.4109

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192



58.2230, 81.4823, 86.0625

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.4674, 38.1942, 78.0560



54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192



23.3636, 38.1942, 27.9052

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



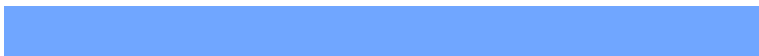
54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192



33.6293, 38.1942, 11.0014



22.8318, 38.1942, 49.9430



39.1136, 38.1942, 104.1625



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192



44.8194, 38.1942, 13.3821



22.8318, 38.1942, 49.9430



28.9392, 38.1942, 94.5099

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.2421, 38.1962, 34.2199



79.5372, 76.1764, 81.5261



57.0111, 38.1932, 98.9749



16.6103, 15.6732, 16.7070



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.2421, 38.1962, 34.2199



49.8924, 31.9283, 25.2735



57.8341, 48.5247, 25.7226



18.1636, 18.0488, 19.4789



21.9269, 11.2601, 2.9998



2.1723, 1.1113, 0.4889



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.2421, 38.1962, 34.2199



49.8924, 31.9283, 25.2735



51.6237, 61.8109, 103.8175



18.1636, 18.0488, 19.4789



21.9269, 11.2601, 2.9998



2.1723, 1.1113, 0.4889



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

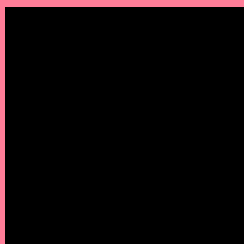
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.2411, 38.1942,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192

### Protanopia

37.3104, 38.5831, 46.0382

### Deuteranopia

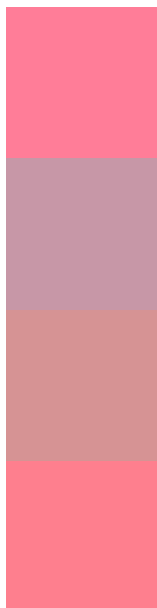
38.9943, 38.1641, 32.5053



## Tritanopia

53.1076, 38.3153, 28.2634

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192

## Protanomaly

41.5948, 37.0654, 41.5213

## Deuteranomaly

43.5106, 37.3017, 32.9237

## Tritanomaly

53.3449, 38.2026, 30.1534

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

41.3030, 37.2072, 39.1872

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 125, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 125, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 125, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 125, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 125, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 125, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 125, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 125, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 125, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 125,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.2411, 38.1942, 34.2192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 125, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
125, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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